NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS

VOL. CXXXVIII. No. 22731. Registered at the C.P.O. SHANGHAI, WEDNESDAY, MAY 25, 1938 (Postage: China and Japan 1 cent; abroad 15 cents) TEN CENTS

THE NAVY LEAGUE
SHANGHAI BRANCH

Annual General Meeting

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Annual General Meeting of the Shanghai Branch of the Navy League will be held TO-DAY, May 25, 1938, at 5.30 p.m. at the Union Jack Club, Myburgh Road.

Members of the Navy League will be given an opportunity to inspect the Union Jack Club after the Meeting.

By Order of the Committee,
E. S. WILKINSON,
Hon. Secretary.

Shanghai, May 11, 1938. 14618

CLOSING OF TENDERS

Tenders will close at 3 p.m. today for the sale of

10 Route Joseph Frelupt
Residence and grounds
Mow 13.359
J. A. THOMPSON & CO.
299 Szechuen Road,
Telephone 10943.

14867

NOTICE

Owing to the unfavourable rate of exchange, we are reluctantly compelled to sell, from date until further notice, the BRITISH ADMIRALTY CHARTS in pound sterling at catalogue prices, plus 10% for postage and expenses.

HIRSBRUNNER & CO.
WALTER DUNN & CO.

Shanghai, May 25, 1938. 14890

Mr. YAO SHAO TSE
姚肇滋

has been requested to remove from 302 Route de Zikawei the machinery and implements stored under our Deed of Trust dated October 11, 1937.

HUPEDEN & CO.
133 Yuen Ming Yuen Road

14888

SHOEMAKERS

American Suede Calf-leather white and coloured

Ideal for summer wear; from fresh stocks

HUPEDEN & CO.
133 Yuen Ming Yuen Road

14889

NOTICE

Miss Lillian Seevers formerly of the American Beauty Shop, 1160 Bubbling Well Road, will from May 23, 1938, be happy to serve friends and patrons at the Cathay Mansions Beauty Shop, Cardinal Mercier. -6744

AMERICAN DRESSES
20 NEW AMERICAN-MADE DRESSES ON DISPLAY THIS WEEK

Cotton dresses, $6, $8, $10.
Silk, $8, $10, $14.

Business hours 12 noon till 7 p.m.
Lane 159 Seymour Road, House 14
Telephone 35739

-6733

SWIMMING BATH CLUB

The Forty-sixth Annual General Meeting of Members of the Swimming Bath Club will be held in the Club House at 6.15 p.m. on Friday, May 27, 1938.

The Bath will be open for Members at 6 a.m. on that date.

For the Committee,
W. H. LYDALL,
Acting Hon. Secretary.

14843

SUMMER SPECIALS, 4

Ham Toastwich
Vegetable Salad, Pie or Cake
Chocolate Malted Milk

$1

JIMMY'S, 11 Rue Montauban

-6696

HALL & HOLTZ, LIMITED
(Incorporated in Hongkong)

DIRECTORS' REPORT
and
STATEMENT OF ACCOUNTS
for the
YEAR ENDED FEBRUARY 28, 1938

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the 46th Annual General Meeting of the Shareholders of the Company will be held at the Registered Office, 190 Bubbling Well Road, Shanghai, on Tuesday, May 31, 1938, at 12.15 noon, to receive and consider the Directors' Report, Profit and Loss Account and Balance Sheet, and to transact the ordinary business of the Company.

The Transfer Books of the Company will be closed from May 25 to May 31, 1938, both days inclusive.

By Order of the Board of Directors,
J. H. R. FAULKNER,
Secretary.

Shanghai, May 17, 1938. 14769

BRITISH WOMEN'S ASSOCIATION

Farewell Tea
to
Miss Sharp
June 1, 4 p.m.
All friends and past pupils welcome
Tea Tickets $1

Shanghai, May 25, 1938. 14863

COLD COMFORT
is best on torrid days.
Westinghouse Refrigerators
will supply it.

MUSTARD & CO., LTD.
126 Museum Road
Telephones 15406, 15838

14686

GRAYMAUVE
245-247 Route Cardinal Mercier
Telephone 72670

Big Selection of
EVENING and AFTERNOON DRESSES
In various washable materials
LINEN DAY DRESSES

-6741

REPAIRS, SERVICE, SALES
Prompt attention
Reasonable charges
CONTINENTAL SALES CO.
863 Avenue Foch Telephone 74500

14719

R. W. FRASER

regrets that owing to his wife's illness, their "At Home" on May 27 is cancelled.

-6704

HOMESIDE TIFFIN CLUB
190 Kiukiang Road
3rd Floor Telephone 13339

Full Tiffin $1.15
Full Dinner $1.50
Morning Coffee and Afternoon Tea

-5942

SEXUOLOGICAL CLINIC
Dir. Dr. J. KASSOFF, M.D.
Debility, Gland Disorders, Neurasthenia.
HAMILTON HOUSE, Suite 226
Hours: 11-1 and 4-6 p.m. Tel. 14379

14310

It Might Have Been

These may indeed be the saddest of words, but how many opportunities have been missed by the lack of a little forethought. Good employees miss suitable jobs, congenial souls fail to meet, the right goods are sold to the wrong people, and the right people buy the wrong things.

Much misapplied effort could be avoided by a timely advertisement on our classified page. There are thirty-three different classifications.

AUGAN'S TAILOR
PALMBEACH SUITS
Made to Order from $28
Cut and fitting guaranteed
300 Kiangse Road
(near Nanking Road)

-6715

PORTLAND CEMENT
Large Stock available at competitive prices. Also, other Building Supplies.
F. MADSEN & CO.
169 Yuen Ming Yuen Road. Tel. 17936

14607

COLUMBIA RADIO
British and Best
ELECTRIC AND MUSICAL INDUSTRIES (China), LTD.

878 Bubbling Well Road
Telephone 36865

14296

To-day's Events

MAY

25 K.D.S. gen mtg., Hdq., 5.15, Tea 4.30

Coming Events

MAY

26 B.U.S.C. open mtg., Park Hotel, 5.15
26 Community Church Concert, 8.45
26 Customs Club annual meeting, 6.30
27 B.W.A. Club Day, 556 Ave. Haig, 4
28 Fun Fair and Needlework Sale, Swiss Club, at 2.30
28 Light Horse Ball
28 Garden Fête at Farren's, 4-7

JUNE

2 Theosophical Society Open mtg., 75 Jessfield Road, public invited, 6
2 Z. Bitner's Gala Performance "Katja The Dancer," Lt. Op., Lyc., 8.30
3 S.S.P.C.A. Bridge/Mahjongg, A.W.C., 3
3 Rummage Sale, Limbless Fund, U.C. Hall
4 Halutzim Ball, S'hai Race Club, 9
4 Flag Day, Missions to Seamen
4 A.W.C. Garden Party, 4.30
4 "Katja The Dancer," Lt. Op., Lyc., 8.30
5 "Katja The Dancer," Lt. Op., Lyc., 8.30

Charge for items $1 per line, which includes all insertions till date of event.

THE PROFESSOR COMPLAINED,

"It's too bad. A man to whom I have given two courses on aids to memory has forgotten to pay me, and I can't remember his name." Things were even worse for the man who woke up in hospital and had forgotten to take out an Accident Policy.

C. E. SPARKE
INSURANCE OFFICE
Agents:
PHŒNIX ASSURANCE CO., LTD.
316 Kiangse Road Telephone 10828

CULTY'S MILK

PASTEURIZED GRADE A
SAFE AND PURE

1567 Av. Joffre: Tel. 70126

14293

HOME LEAVE

Vauxhall Cars delivered in London by:
RELIANCE MOTORS
Federal Inc., U.S.A.
755 Avenue Foch Tel. 70024

14126

Build on a good basis

London Old Tom
And Dry Gin
For a good foundation

At all compradores and
Lane, Crawford & Co. (Prov.), Ltd.
90 NANKING ROAD—Tel. 11934
866 BUBBLING WELL ROAD—Tel. 36218

13603

SUMMER SPECIALS, 3

Nut Jelly Toastwich
Vegetable Salad
Pie or Cake
Chocolate Malted Milk

90 cents

JIMMY'S, 133 Nanking Road

-6748

Pasteurized Grade "A"

MILK

PRODUCTS

Lucerne Diary Farm

381 Great Western Road
Telephone 20470

14289

PAYROLLS, TREASURE AND VALUABLES TRANSPORTING
(Special Van with armed guards)

COMMERCIAL INQUIRIES
ACCOUNTS and RENTALS COLLECTING
WATCHMEN FOR SHIPS and PROPERTIES

CLARKES
INQUIRY & PROTECTION AGENCY
88 Nanking Road Telephone 10092

14156

Indochine Francaise
EXPOSITION

du Commerce, de l'Industrie, de l'Artisanat et des Beaux-Arts
du 29 octobre au
20 novembre 1938
a HANOI (Tonkin)

Come and see the wonders of Indo-China during the Hanoi Exposition when you will enjoy special low rates:

"THE UNIQUE 'BAIE d'ALONG'"
"The Imperial City of Hue"
"The world-famous Ruins of Angkor"

14372

"FIVE MONTHS OF WAR"

A complete narrative history of the war from August last.

333 illustrations, including some of Sapajou's best cartoons.

Price $4.50

Postage:

Union Countries	$1.50
Hongkong	.70
China, Japan	.50

On Sale at the
North-China Daily News Office

After Exercise
Have a

LIMESODA—

It satisfies!

Obtainable Everywhere
and from

THE AQUARIUS COMPANY
44 Foochow Road Telephone 17589

EXECUTOR OR TRUSTEE
CONTINUITY OF SERVICE
EFFICIENT ADMINISTRATION

THE YANGTSZE INSURANCE ASSOCIATION, LTD.
Trustee Department 26 The Bund

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES
T.S.S. "ANTENOR" from Liverpool due Shanghai, May 27, 1938

T.S.S. "Antenor" which left Liverpool on 15th April, was on fire on April 25, in consequence of which certain cargo was damaged and a General Average has been declared.

A security for General Average contributions is to be furnished by consignees who are required to sign an Average Bond and to make a cash deposit of 7½% of the arrived market value of the goods.

Guarantees in lieu of cash deposits will not be accepted.

Messrs. Paulsen and Bayes-Davy, will be appointed to act as Surveyors in the interests of all concerned. After ascertaining the conditions of their cargo, consignees are required to return to us their Valuation Forms in duplicate together with the required cash deposits, prior to taking delivery of the goods.

BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE
Agents, Blue Funnel Line.

14677

TO-DAY IS THE LAST DAY

on which additions or corrections will be received for the forthcoming edition of the *Shanghai Directory*. If you are in doubt whether they have been forwarded, send in the name of your firm and staff, or your own name and address for the Residential Directory section.

Orders for the new edition of the Shanghai Directory should be sent in to the *Publisher, Shanghai Directory, North-China Daily News Office, 17 The Bund,* to ensure early delivery. Such orders will be executed in rotation.

SUMMER STOMACH COMPLAINTS

CHOLERA AND DIARRHŒA
Quickly Relieved By
DOAN'S DIARRHŒA MIXTURE
Obtainable From All Leading Dispensaries
Sole Proprietors: FOSTER-McCLELLAN CO.

14455

EWO GIN
Distilled in England
OBTAINABLE AT ALL COMPRADORE STORES

14343

PIANOS FOR HIRE
Moderate terms
SAM LAZARO BROS.
232 Nanking Road.

14421

THE SENAWANG RUBBER ESTATES CO. (1921), LTD.
(Incorporated under the Companies' Ordinances of Hongkong)

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Eighteenth Annual General Meeting of Shareholders in the above Company will be held at 93 Canton Road, Shanghai, on Monday, May 30, 1938 at 11.45 a.m. for the purpose of receiving the Directors' Report and Statement of Accounts for the year ended January 31, 1938, declaring a Final Dividend, electing a Director and Auditors and transacting any other ordinary business of the Company.

The Transfer Books of the Company will be closed from May 23 to May 30, 1938, both days inclusive.

By Order of the Board of Directors,
J. A. WATTIE & CO., LTD.,
Secretaries and General Managers,
Shanghai, May 16, 1938.

14743

THE TEBONG RUBBER ESTATE, LIMITED
(Incorporated under the Companies' Ordinances of Hongkong)

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Eighteenth Annual General Meeting of Shareholders in the above-mentioned Company will be held at 93 Canton Road, Shanghai on Tuesday, May 31, 1938 at 11.45 a.m. for the purpose of receiving the Directors' Report and Statement of Accounts for the year ended January 31, 1938, declaring a Final Dividend, electing a Director and Auditors and transacting any other ordinary business of the Company.

The Transfer Books of the Company will be closed from May 24 to May 31, 1938, both days inclusive.

By Order of the Board of Directors,
J. A. WATTIE & CO., LTD.,
Secretaries and General Managers,
Shanghai, May 16, 1938.

14744

ECONOMY

Whichever model you select, your motoring dollars go farther.

BECAUSE IT IS A FORD
SEE IT — DRIVE IT

BILLS MOTORS
Federal Inc., U.S.A.
615 Avenue Foch
Telephone 74400 (6 lines)

SUMMER pyjamas for ladies or men, $2.50, for children $1.70; summer morning gowns, $2.10. Baroukh's, 190 Nanking Road. -6737

TO LET: 4-room apartment, and 2 bathrooms with all modern conveniences, situated in French Concession, facing south. Furniture and fixtures to be taken over. Telephone 70159. -6764

£1,000 available for investment in sound local enterprise with good prospects. Address full particulars to Box 3104, N.C.D.N. -6665

WANTED to purchase, Marconi model 299 (1936) all-wave radio. Box 3064, N.C.D.N. -6685

Classified Advertisements continued On Page 12

NORGE for REFRIGERATION

ELECTRIC AND MUSICAL INDUSTRIES (China), LTD.
878 BUBBLING WELL ROAD
Telephone 36865

14887

Leaving China?

Whether going on home leave or retiring, your personal or your business interests in China and especially in Shanghai, will continue.

Letters will be uncertain; news in home papers will be scanty. The cheapest and most effective link will be the weekly copy of the "North-China Herald" containing all the China news of the "North-China Daily News" and costing, including postage *(via Siberia)*, $2.50 a month.

Send your name and address to the Circulation Department, North-China Herald, 17 The Bund. Tel. 11055

THE CHARTERED BANK OF INDIA, AUSTRALIA & CHINA
(Incorporated in England by Royal Charter, 1853)

CAPITAL £3,000,000
RESERVE £3,000,000

Shanghai Branch: 18 The Bund
Head Office: 38 Bishopsgate London
Manchester Office: 71 Mosley Street

Agencies and Branches:

Alor Star (Malay States)	Iloilo	Saigon
Amritsar	Ipoh	Seremban
Batavia	Klang	Shanghai
Bombay	Karachi	Singapore
Bangkok	Kobe	Sitiawan
Calcutta	Kuala Lumpur (Malay States)	Sourabaya
Canton	Kuching (Sarawak)	Taipin
Cawnpore	Madras	Tientsin
Cebu	Manila	Tongkah (Bhuket)
Colombo	Medar	Tsingtao
Delhi	New York	Yokohama
Haiphong	Peiping (Peking)	Zamboanga (Philippine Islands)
Hamburg	Penang	
Hankow	Rangoon	
Harbin		
Hongkong		

Every description of Banking and Exchange Business transacted. Correspondents in all parts of the world.
The Bank undertakes to act as Executor and Trustee in approved cases

R. D. MURRAY, *Manager*

華僑銀行有限公司
OVERSEA-CHINESE BANKING CORPORATION, LTD.
(Incorporated in the Straits Settlements)
120 Kiukiang Road

CAPITAL:
AUTHORISED Sts. Currency $40,000,000
PAID-UP Sts. Currency $10,000,000

Successors To
The Ho Hong Bank, Ltd.
The Chinese Commercial Bank, Ltd.
The Oversea-Chinese Bank, Ltd.

Head Office—SINGAPORE
Branches and Correspondents
At Principal Cities of the World

Every description of Banking and Foreign Exchange Business transacted.

C. L. TAN, *Manager*

YOKOHAMA SPECIE BANK LIMITED
(Established 1880)

CAPITAL (fully paid-up) Y.100,000,000
RESERVE FUND Y.135,900,000

Head Offices: YOKOHAMA, JAPAN
Shanghai Branch: 24 THE BUND

Branches:

Alexandria	Karachi	Rio de Janeiro
Bangkok	Kobe	Samarang
Batavia	London	San Francisco
Berlin	Los Angeles	Seattle
Bombay	Manila	Shanghai
Calcutta	Moji	Singapore
Canton	Mukden	Sourabaya
Dairen	Nagasaki	Sydney
Hamburg	Nagoya	Tientsin
Hankow	New York	Tokyo
Harbin	Osaka	Tokyo
Hongkong	Otaru	(Marunouchi)
Honolulu	Paris	Tsingtao
Hsinking	Peking	Yingkow
	Rangoon	

S. ASADA, *Manager*

Announcing the Swim Suit that is different!

"PETER PAN"
FIGURE FITTED SWIM SUIT

1. Figure Fitted—that is, made by Corsetry experts to give true-to-type fit and control.
2. Perfect for Water, Beach and Gym.
3. Made from an entirely new material and incorporating triple "Lactron" Thread.

Obtainable only from
WHITEAWAY, LAIDLAW & CO., LTD.

SHANGHAI DOCKYARDS, LD.

Shipbuilders and Repairers, Engineers, Boilermakers, etc.

LAND WORK

All Work Carried Out Under British Supervision

Re-conditioning Mills, Factories, Works:

If your plant and machinery have suffered as a result of the recent hostilities in the Shanghai area, or through other causes, and you are desirous of re-conditioning your Mills or Factories, we are in the unique position of being able to carry out re-conditioning work of any description and would be pleased to submit estimates for your requirements.

Foundry Work:

Our Foundry, one of the largest in the Far East, is suitable for all classes of Cast Iron and Non-Ferrous castings. We are in a position to supply iron castings up to 20 tons weight and bronze castings up to 4 tons weight. We would appreciate your enquiries for castings and assure you of entirely satisfactory results. Pattern-making is also a specialty.

General Engineering:

SHANGHAI DOCKYARDS LTD. invites enquiries for all classes of Engine and Boiler design and construction, Electrical Work, Coppersmith and Sheet Metal Work, Stampings, etc. Forgings of all descriptions up to 8 tons in weight.

Electrical & Oxy-Acetylene Welding:

We own many Portable Electric Welding Plants which may be brought to working sites by road or river.

Stocks:

We carry large stocks of Iron and Steel Building Materials for all classes of Land and Marine Work, New Construction and Repairs.

Engineering Equipment (Second-hand):

We have for disposal a large variety of second-hand Machine Tools, Boilers, Pumps, Steam and Diesel Engines, Electrical Machinery, Heavy Sheerlegs, Mud dredgers, Launches, Hand Tools, etc., etc., at very reasonable prices, and we invite those interested to inspect the machinery at our Works. Make arrangements by telephoning No. 50030.

SHANGHAI DOCKYARDS, LTD.
Owners of Yangtszepoo, International and Tungkadoo Dry Docks
Head Office: 640 YANGTSZEPOO ROAD

Telephone 50080 day and night.

14607

THE CHINA
ARCHITECTS & BUILDERS COMPENDIUM
Cloth bound, quarto, 199 pages, illustrated $3.00

The Land Regulations
Compulsory Land Surrender
Water and Telephone Service
Electricity and Gas Supply
Estimating Building Costs
Data in Lifts, Deep Wells, Sewage Disposal, etc.
Land Values and Registration
Rates, Taxes, Fees, etc.
Shanghai Building Rules
Fire Insurance Rules and Rates
Foreign and Local Weights and Measures
Data on Local Materials

On Sale at the
NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS OFFICE, SHANGHAI
And All Booksellers

MERCANTILE BANK OF INDIA, LTD.
(Incorporated in England)

Head Office: London Shanghai Office: 4 The Bund

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL	£1,800,000
PAID-UP CAPITAL	1,050,000
RESERVE FUND	1,075,000

Branches throughout India, Ceylon, Malaya, Hongkong and Mauritius. Agencies in all principal countries of the world.

Interest allowed in Local Currency Current Account @ 2% p.a.

Current and Fixed Deposit Accounts opened in sterling as well as in local currency. Banking and exchange business of every description transacted. Trusteeships and executorships undertaken.

BANQUE BELGE POUR L'ETRANGER
(EXTREME-ORIENT) S.A.
(Affiliated to the Societe Generale de Belgique)

CAPITAL: Frs. 30,000,000

Head Office: BRUSSELS

Branches:
SHANGHAI, TIENTSIN, HANKOW, HONGKONG

Correspondents in all parts of the world.

THE P. & O. BANKING CORPORATION, LTD.
(Incorporated in England)
with which is affiliated
THE ALLAHABAD BANK, LTD.

AUTHORISED CAPITAL	£3,000,000
SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL	2,594,160
PAID-UP CAPITAL	2,594,160
RESERVE	180,000
Shanghai Branch	28 The Bund

Head Office:
117-122 Leadenhall Street London, E.C., West End Branch—London 16 Cockspur Street, S. W. I.

Branches:

Bombay	Coimbatore	Madras
Calcutta	Colombo	Pollachi
Calicut	Hongkong	Shanghai
		Singapore

The Bank issues Letters of Credit and Travellers' Cheques are sold payable throughout the world at current exchange rates and free of commission. Current Deposit Accounts and Saving Bank Accounts opened on terms which may be ascertained on application. The Bank acts as Executor and Trustee under wills and settlements and also undertakes the recovery of British Income Tax.

W. S. RYDE, *Manager*

LETTERS TO THE EDITOR

What's in a Name?:
Case of the Houttuynia

To the Editor of the
"NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS"

SIR,—In "A Country Diary," dated May 21, but appearing in your issue of May 23, the author, in referring to a delightful white wild flower he secured in the country that morning, rather boggled at its scientific name, *Houttuynia cordata* Thunb., and decided to give it the name "white-bract," for reasons stated. While I am quite aware that such a name as *Houttuynia* at first sight seems a bit of a teaser, must be admitted that it is no worse than *Poinsettia, Bougainvillia, Gardenia, Bignonia, Dahlia, Forsythia* and many others, which have become the common or popular names of various cultivated plants in our gardens and greenhouses. All of these are named after well-known botanists or the original discoverers of the plants. The same is the case with the genus *Houttuynia*, and it seems a pity, when a plant or group of plants has thus been named to perpetuate the name of some scientific worker, that some other popular name should be substituted, especially when there is plenty of precedent for not doing so. If the general public can accept and use such names as mentioned above, there would seem to be no reason why the name *Houttuynia* should not also be adopted for general use.

ARTHUR DE C. SOWERBY.

Shanghai, May 24.

Conditions in Japan:
Chinese Retort to Just-Us

To the Editor of the
"NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS"

SIR,—I have just been through reading the adventures in China and Japan of JUST-US and am so glad to hear that the "Japanese in their own country are civil, obliging and honest". I only wish that they were equally good in China, but from the news items appearing in various foreign newspapers including your esteemed journal their behaviour here would seem to be at great variance with what they have been given credit for.

Could the difference in behaviour be attributed to malign influence of climate and conditions in China, in which case it would be much preferrable if the Japanese would stay away from China and do not trouble with trying to up-lift or save the Chinese.

It matters but little how the Japanese behave in Japan because there is an escape, the Chinese can stay away but it matters a great deal how the Japanese misbehave in China for then the poor Chinese have no means of escape.

We hope JUST-US will enjoy his vacation in Japan as usual but we hope he will not be enticed by the ideal conditions in Japan and forget to come back and do business with us. We are afraid however he will find that he will have to pay a little more for his taxi rides in Japan as the "China incident" is believed to have cause the gasoline price to rise somewhat but then we are sure he will know where to place the blame. —on the Chinese for resisting Japanese invasion of China.

A. QUE.

Shanghai, May 23.

The Spanish War:
Foreign Help for the Rebels

To the Editor of the
"NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS"

SIR,—It took more than a week for IMPARTIALITY—A SPANIARD (I doubt that impartiality once again!) to produce clippings that intend to serve in lieu of proof that the Soviet help to the Spanish Government exceeded that of Germany and Italy. This bold statement of IMPARTIALITY hardly needs to be refuted. Should the Soviet Union have decided to help actively Republican Spain the tide of war would change after the fall of Teruel!

The following statements in turn clearly illustrate the alien invasion in Republican Spain: On April 21, the Spanish Embassy in London issued the following declaration:

> On April 16, the German General Staff has decided that all Nationalist operations on North-Eastern front were to be concentrated in the German Staff hands. On the night of April 16, five high rank German staff officers flew from Berlin to Burgos to take the command. All operations in the North front to-day are under supervision of Generals Wolf and Witterstein of 14th Army Corps.
>
> On April 14 and 15, from Munchen there flew additional 63 German officers. The destination of 52 was Seville from which immediate advance on Almeria was to take place. General Prager of the Reserve Corps and Colonel Gimmer of the 7th Army Corps in command.

Agency "Espagna" issued the following statement from Barcelona, which was told by Republican Division Commander Colonel Lister:

> On Arragon front where I have participated in battle, we were attacked by four divisions, "Black Arrows," "March 23," "Blue Arrows," Littorio," all of which had a great number of light and heavy tanks, heavy guns and aviation. "Littorio" consisted of Italians. "Blue" and "Black Arrows" of German and Italians; all staff officers being Italians. The aim of the four was to cut our intercommunication lines and supply bases and bombing the rear.

These facts are just few of a great many. All the world knows of alien intervention. But will the combined front of Germans, Italians, Moors and a few divisions of Carlists withstand the heroic struggle for democratic freedom, of Spaniards, Catalans and Basques?

In true faith they shall! South or the Pyrenees Fascism shall meet its doom!

NO PASARAN.

Shanghai, May 24.

Bus Behaviour:
Inspectors and the Ladies

To the Editor of the
"NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS"

SIR,—I am very sorry for DAILY TRAMCAR. As I travel on the top of a bus myself I do not suffer so much from spitting—my condolences are for the people in the street below —I often wonder what they say.

But since we are on the subject of public conveyances may I point out a tiny nuisance to the Bus Co.? Why must I be tapped on the shoulder, or arm, or knee when a Chinese inspector wishes to look at my ticket? The foreign inspectors never do it. "Ticket, madam," is what they say—couldn't the Chinese inspectors learn that simple phrase?

DAYDREAMER.

Shanghai, May 24.

Foreign Woman's Experience

To the Editor of the
"NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS"

SIR,—Not being a daily passenger on the trams, I, perhaps, cannot speak with the authority of one who is, but I make occasional trips in both Concession and Settlement, usually third-class.

In several years of residence here, it is a rare exception when a seat has not been offered me, by Chinese men as a rule, but sometimes even by young Chinese girls.

BELDAME.

Shanghai, May 24.

Sports and Lessons:
When the Public School is Private

To the Editor of the
"NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS"

SIR,—LAND OF HOPE AND GLORY failed to understand my suggestion anent sports and drill, which is: in this international community it is out of place to air private grievances in the press.

One need not be British to know the difference between English public and private schools, but it is a far cry from the public school in England, where other nationals are welcomed, to the two British schools in Shanghai, from which other nationals are barred.

NOT BRITISH.

Shanghai, May 24.

Information Wanted:
How to Dwarf Pine Trees

To the Editor of the
"NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS"

SIR,—I shall be obliged if any of your readers would be kind enough to tell me the method of stunting or dwarfing pine trees.

J. S.

Shanghai, May 24.

SHORT WAVE RADIO

Today's Broadcasts

Daventry, England.—Trans. 1, from *13.00 to 15.15 o'clock*, 16.86 metres, 19.76m.; 19.82m.; 25.53m.; 31.55m. Trans. 2, *15.45 to 21.55*, 13.93m.; 13.97m.; 16.86m.; 19.82m.; 25.53m. Trans. 3, *22.00 to 1.00*, 13.93m.; 13.97m.; 16.86m.; 19.82m.; 25.53m.

Via Hongkong.—31.49m.

Berlin, Germany.—*13.05 to 24.00*, 31.28m.; 17.74m.; 16.89m.; 31.45m.; 19.63m.

Rome, Italy.—*19.00 to 21.30 and 23.00 to 00.20*, 25.4m.

Australia—Lyndhurst, Mon.-Sat. *10.35 to 21.30*, Sun., *14.00 to 20.30*, 31.34m
Sydney, Sun., *14.00 to 16.00; 18.00 to 22.00;* Mon., *22.00 to 24.00;* 31.28m.
Melbourne, Mon.-Sat., *17.00 to 20.00*, 31.50m.
Perth, Mon.-Sat., *17.00 to 19.00*, 31.28m.

Paris, France,—*15.00 to 18.00*, 25.24m. *18.00 to 24.00*, 13.86m.; *00.15 to 7.00*, 25.34m.; *7.15 to 14.00*, 26.60m.

Hilversum, Holland.—Irreg., but generally; Daily, *08.00 to 10.00, 21-25 to 23-30;* Sun., *20.25 to 23-30, 03.00 to 04.00*, 16.88m.; 19.71m.; 31.28m.

Manila, P.I.—*6.30 to 9.00 and 19.00 to 23.00*. 25.38.m; 31.35m. Sunday, *18.00 to 24.00*.

Tokyo, Japan.—*13.00 to 14.30, 21.00 to 22.30*, 25.42m.; 19.79m.

Lisbon, Portugal.—*6.00 to 8.00*, 30.13m.

13.00 "The Gang Smasher" (D), Varied (D)
13.25 "Green Fields and Pavements" (D)
13.30 News, varied (T)
13.35 Part 1 of the Royal Command Concert, Royal Albert Hall (D)
14.00 News (D), Varied (P)
14.25 "Cards on the Table" (D)
14.50 News (D)
16.30 "At Home and Abroad," 31.34m. (A)
17.00 Melbourne prog., 31.50m.; Perth prog., 31.28m. (A)
17.15 International news, 31.24m. (A)
17.30 News, 31.34m. (A)
18.00 "As you like it," variety, 31.34m. (A)
18.40 "Emma and 'Erbert," 31.34m. (A)
18.45 "Music Hall" (D)
19.00 Concert (R), News (P), National Military Band, 31.34m. (A), Varied, till 21.30 (R), till 23.00 (M)
19.30 Solos and duets, 31.34m. (A)
19.45 Wesley Day Celebrations; service (D)
20.00 Concert (P), News (B), Modern music by Roy Agnew, 31.34m. (A), Royal Command Concert (Part 1), Royal Albert Hall, London (E)
20.30 News, 31.34m. (A), in French (F)
20.50 English Theatre Music (D)
21.00 News in German (B), Varied (T)
21.20 News (D), Concert (P)
22.00 Jack Hills and his music (E)
22.20 BBC Empire Orchestra (D)
23.15 "Take Your Choice" (D)
24.00 News (D), (R)
00.20 Bram Martin and his Dance Orchestra (D)
00.40 "World Affairs" (D)
06.03 Special news, 31.48m. (USA), Varied (L)
06.20 Varied (M)
06.40 "World Affairs" (D)

Sixty Years Ago

FROM THE "NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS," OF MAY 25, 1878

London, May 22. In reply to a question in the House of Commons, the Chancellor of the Exchequer said that the Government had not yet formally approved of the Chefoo Convention. An early decision is probable but several clauses require the assent of other Treaty Powers. The Indian Government had been consulted as to the clauses bearing upon the opium trade.

Riotous refugees entered the Palace of Tchegaran, Constantinople, and cheered the ex-Sultan Murad V. The rioters refused to disperse and were then fired upon by the military.

The Government having been questioned in Parliament as to the cession of territory to the British subjects in Borneo, the Chancellor of the Exchequer replied that the decision in the matter was deferred until the arrival of the promoters.

The Attorney-General, in answer to a question, stated that the Government had received no information as to vessels being bought in America by the Russians and destined to be used as privateers.—Reuter.

Mr. Arthur John Brandon, of Church Crookham, Hants, an expert grower of British tobacco for more than 25 years, left £400,848 net, on which estate duty of £128,840 has been paid. Mr. Brandon, former owner of the Putney Brewery, died on December 9 aged 81. He began a tobacco farm at Church Crookham in 1911 and brew 4,200 lbs. in 1936. He was the father of Miss Dorothy Brandon, the dramatist, to whom he left 3-15ths of the residue of his property, less £13,000.

THE OLD-FASHIONED TRICK OF THE LION TAMER IS NO LONGER THRILLING —
— WE KNOW ONE BETTER THAN THAT!
WAR MENACE
DAILY NEWS
SAPAJOU

BY SAPAJOU

Muzzels: Old and New

How and When to Eat

By a HARLEY STREET PHYSICIAN in "The Listener"

When you wake in the morning, it seems an easy and natural habit to drink freely while doing your daily dozen or a few simple exercises. In fact, the habit of drinking a tumbler or two of hot water at this time has proved so beneficial that it is now a widely adopted practice. I am not criticising the drinking of tea, especially if it is on the weak side. The great thing, as most doctors agree, is that people should drink more, and between meals is obviously the best time to do it. It is also well to remember that a meal eaten slowly and with relish, with no serious dilution, will often prevent that 'blown-up' feeling and subsequent flatulence so often complained of by those who drink a lot with their meals.

And now what about this question of diet and digestion? The food we should eat is obviously, to a large degree, a matter of individual preference or necessity. What I think really matters is whether we relish what we eat. If we don't, surely the thing is not to eat it, or to wait until our appetite returns so that we shall relish it. I get sick of hearing some women say that they are going to provide such and such a dish to tempt their husband's appetite. Why should it want tempting? If it is not there, wait until it returns. Or, if the poor man is ill, send for a doctor, who, if he is wise, will probably starve him, wash him out, and order exercise or massage; and Nature will see to the appetite returning.

As Nature Intended

I remember once some patients of mine being deeply concerned about the health of their old father, a robust farmer of over 90 years of age. 'He doesn't eat as much as would keep a sparrow alive' (I don't know why it's always a sparrow!) 'and when he does, it's always the same thing, a crust of bread and some milk,' they said. Well, I knew the old gentleman. He was just living as Nature intended, walking about his fields, occasionally driving his cows home to milk, or changing sheep from one pasture to another, and then he would go home, take his boots off, sit back in an armchair and have half-an-hour's snooze. When he woke, he would look round and say: 'I must have summat to eat.' His 'summat' was always a crust of wholemeal bread, washed down with a cupful of milk.

To complete the story, I told his children that though he wasn't stout and of ruddy complexion, he was wiry and healthy, and if they wanted to kill him, the best way to do it was to give him ham and eggs and coffee for his breakfast, beef and potatoes for dinner, and cheese and apple pie for his supper, a menu which I know is favoured by some Yorkshire farmers. So we come back to this: if people have a strong inclination for a simple, if perhaps monotonous diet, which has for years kept them in vigorous health, it would surely be the height of folly to suggest any other type of diet, however perfectly balanced and rich in vitamins. Some people are definitely carnivorous, and many of these are undeniably hardy and strong. On the other hand, a large section of our countrymen, either from inclination or on principle, now favour a vegetarian diet and exhibit a uniform type of health, freedom from disease, and extraordinary endurance, which is often the envy of those who are not willing to practise what seems to them rather a poor and rigorous way of living.

Light Early Morning Meal

We have learnt a great deal from our continental friends who favour a light meal in the early morning. It is surprising how many people are now satisfied with toast and butter, marmalade, tea or coffee. Many also take a salad or fruit lunch at mid-day, as they say a heavier meal makes them too sleepy for their work in the afternoon, and adopt the sensible American habit of dinner in the early evening, when they have the leisure to digest it. A large section of the British public find it more convenient to have their main meal in the middle of the day. As one who has been interested in allotments for some years, I find it most gratifying to note that vegetables, often grown on the family allotment, are forming a greater and greater part of this meal. Perhaps also a vegetable soup is taken at supper, after the manner of the French peasantry, who seem to include every scrap of greenery they can pick up in the market or grow in their little gardens; and note that all this is crammed with valuable and natural salts and vitamins, which not only prevent constipation but all those troublesome aches and pains, pimples and rashes, which follow in its train.

Many people go to doctors suffering from ill-health or just tiredness which can often be attributed to eating too much and too often. At any rate, when they have reduced the number of meals and eaten more slowly, a change for the better has taken place that they themselves describe as "simply marvellous." If you think of your body as a human locomotive, with boiler, engine and wheels or other moving parts, you will realise at once that not only must the right type of fuel be used, but that the fire-box must not be crammed too tight. It is not only economical but also wise to eat moderately and slowly.

Like a Railway System

Now one other point. We have all experienced the pleasure of relishing a very simple picnic meal, perhaps bread and cheese with some fruit, after a long walk which has given us a healthy appetite. We eat it slowly because we have the leisure, and the rest out-of-doors after the meal completes the feeling of absolute satisfaction that such an experience gives. I am convinced that it is not so much what we eat—by this, I mean the choiceness of the food or its variety—but the conditions under which we eat it, our frame of mind, and, by thorough mastication, carrying out the first part of the digestion as Nature intended we should. The "quick snack," the "lightning lunch," and other slogans so common across the Atlantic for luring the worried business man may save time at the moment, but oh, what a waste of time later on. If only we could remember that our mouth is not just a funnel for pouring food into the gentry.

stomach, but is a beautifully designed piece of mechanism for beginning its digestion, perhaps the most important thing in securing healthy food absorption will have been achieved.

If we look upon our alimentary or digestive tract as a railway system, we shall realize at once the importance of the various processes which occur at what we may call the stations down the line. While the mastication of the food in the mouth is taking place, various messages are being telegraphed through to the stomach to prepare it for the meal which will shortly be arriving. If this meal is properly ground up and mixed with saliva, the work at the stomach station is enormously simplified. Similarly, if the stomach juices do their work well, as they will do if the food has been properly masticated in the mouth, there is no unnecessary delay, and messages are transmitted to the duodenum, the next station on the line, where the pancreatic digestion in the same way becomes an easy and natural matter. I need not enumerate the other stations, but they will all work to time and with efficiency if the food train has been satisfactorily loaded at the beginning of its journey, and the goods properly attended to at the previous stations.

Cause of Digestive Disorders

Snacks, morning coffee, the taking of sweets and cakes, may seem to have a temporary stimulating effect, but I believe they are largely responsible not only for lack of healthy appetite for the next meal, but for many types of digestive disorders for the cure of which so many patent remedies are advertised.

Now to conclude with a reference to the cleaning of our eating machine. Just in the same way that cats and dogs eat roughage like coarse grass, in order to produce relaxation, so the human being should easily discover what is the most suitable form of intestinal stimulant to keep the pace of his food train up to schedule time. In the case of most people, the habit cycle acts with regularity, but in others it may be the early morning drink, some roughage, like nuts, bran, raw vegetable or fruit; and in some cases the psychological effect of auto-suggestion or perhaps even a smoke.

Aid Urged for Rubber Producing Industry

More Aggressive Action by I.R.R.C. Demanded

London, May 24.

"We have frequently pointed out the steadily-deteriorating position of the rubber-producing industry and have emphasized the need of more aggressive action by the International Rubber Regulation Committee," says the "Financial News" in an article today.

"The present situation," the journal adds, "shows our apprehension to be well founded. Legitimate doubt exists whether the American recovery during the last half year can be very spectacular."

"If the aim is reduced stocks, the paper continues, the quota for the remainder of the year ought to be 50 per cent. or less.

Some observers have proposed a 40 per cent. quota, but it is improbable that the Committee will reduce the quota below 50 per cent. This would reduce stocks to some extent, thus paving the way for an ultimate restoration of prosperity.—Reuter.

You Can Circumvent Mosquitoes!

QUIT is a pleasantly perfumed, highly effective lotion which fully protects you from mosquito bites, or promptly eases the bite if they get to you first.

$1, $1.75, $2.75, $4.50 and vest pocket size 20 cts.

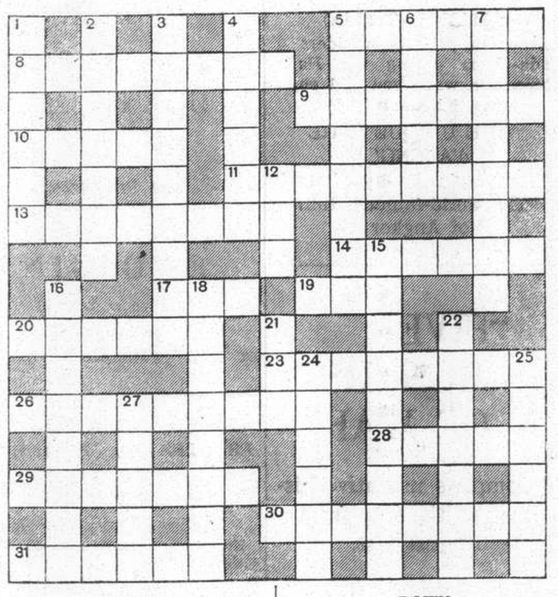
FLASH is a modern insecticide, cheap and effective that completely exterminates mosquitoes and other insect pests by vaporising with a sprayer.

$2 per U.S. ¼ gallon

WATSON'S

LONDON CROSS WORD No. 1524

(By Arrangement with the "Daily Telegraph.")



ACROSS

5 A king who swallowed a seed
8 Scarcely scarcely descriptive
9 A brief pecuniary advantage?
10 It is a feature of evening leisure
11 A raven, a rodent, and I, make up the account
13 It divides even closely united nations
14 Would the stage coach improve it?
17 Spring sends it up
19 This puts an end to 16 down
20 Gaudy result of silent shuffling
23 A great soldier (two words)
26 Quack result of part of Africa going back after fish
28 Does it mean much to you and me, this blooming thing?
29 A gold fish in a fit—give it up?
30 "Item—a fug" (anag.)
31 It flows always between two directions

DOWN

1 Might one so acknowledge the passing of it in a Moorish cafe?
2 What Geo. Dunn came to
3 A word or two on hoarding may be indicated
4 Will this machine work with the spirit used in it?
5 He heads the meeting but is mostly liable to be above their heads
6 It travels from East to West
7 Taking thing that is five in it
12 This is not straight from a car
15 The make-up of the bounder in table tennis
16 The V in the front of the vulture? (Think of something you want)
18 A dog
21 This ring is scorching
22 Ney was a this the sound of it
24 Add in article backwards, just for spite
25 Ask for part of it and get the rest, for your car
27 Direction to take to 7 down?

SOLUTION OF LONDON PUZZLE No. 1523

	G	S		B	A	D	G	E		C	L			
T	O	B	A	G	O		A		N	O	U	G	A	T
	B		C		W	A	I	S	T		R		S	
O	L	D	H	A	M		M		I	N	V	E	S	T
	I		E		A		L	O	T		E		I	
I	N	S	T	A	N	C	E		L	O	D	G	E	S
S		A		B		R		E		U		E		
A	T	T	A	C	H	E		A	D	D	I	S	O	N
A		Y			A		A		Y		T		S	
C	A	R	T	E	L		L	O	N	E	S	O	M	E
	R		I		L	O	G		A		U		I	
P	O	M	P	O	M	E		N	O	T	A	R	Y	
	U		P		A	S	B	O	T		L		A	
A	N	G	L	E	R		R		E	N	E	R	G	Y
	E		F		K	E	A	T	S		R		E	

MARKET PRICES

The following prices are the maximum for best cut or grade obtainable in Central and Western Markets on May 24 1938. Prices are quoted per lb. in Shanghai dollar-cents unless otherwise stated.

BUTCHER'S MEAT

Beef	35-60	Pork	35-45
Veal	60-1.30	Mutton	50-65

FISH

Mackerel	25-30	Frog legs	30
Lobster	70	Shrimps	50
Prawns ea.	8	Carp	40
Conger Eel	20	Mandarin	50
White bait	25	Salmon	40
Yellow fish	10-12	Cod	25-30
Soles	20-25	Pomfret	20-25
Cuttle Fish	14	Samli	40

POULTRY, GAME AND EGGS

Pigeon	30	Fowl	70
Duck ea.	70-1.30	Spring Chicken	80
Rabbits lb.	60	Snipe	25
Duck eggs	40-48	Turkey	50
Teal	30	Woodcock ea.	50
Egg doz.	40-65	Quail	40
Wild Pigeon	20		

VEGETABLES

Asparagus	70	Horse radish	12
B'boo shoots	20	Leeks, bunch	10
Beans, French	25	Cauliflower	40
Beetroot	20	Rhubarb	40
Big marrow	15	Young Carrots	6
Cucumber	15	Lettuce	50
Celery bunch	8	Onions Amer.	20
Cabbage	10	Green Peas	12
Carrots bunch	10	Onions, spr.	8
Broad beans	12	Parsnips	8
Chilies	25	Potatoes	8
Egg-plant	15	Potatoes, Sweet	8
Green Artichokes each	12	Potatoes, new	15
		Red Cabbages ea	30
Endive, each	20	Spinach	8
Garlic	15	Tomatoes	30
Ginger	15	Turnips	8
Green Pepper	30	Fresh beans	30

FRUIT

Mango	20	Cherry	20
Plums	10	Bananas	10
Grape Fruit ea.	25	U. S. Oranges	1.20
Lemon ea.	20	Chestnuts	20
Pumelo	28	Chinese pears	20
Oranges	15-20	Strawberries	20

GRAIN AND FLOUR

Aus. Flour 49lb. U.S.	6.75 8.00	Chi. Flour 50lb. Rice	4.25 220lb. $15.80

MILK

Grade 'A' T.T.	33-38	cents	per pint.
Grade 'A'	25-40	cents	per pint.
Grade 'B'	20-25	cents	per pint.

FODDER

Bran	114lb 2.80	Barley	114lb. 5.80

FUEL

Best Anthracite (metric tons)	42
No. 1 House Coal	32
No. 1 Kitchen Coal	30
Firewood 15 medium Bundles	$1.00
Charcoal (per 35 lb. Basket)	1.70

AUCTIONS

L. MOORE & CO. LTD.

Established in Shanghai 1874 — *Incorporated in Hongkong*

FIRE LOSS ASSESSORS AND AUCTIONEERS

STORAGE TERMS ON APPLICATION — *Branch Office:* TOPLIS & HARDING

88 MUSEUM ROAD, SHANGHAI

In Main Salesroom—Now On View

To-day, Wednesday, May 25, 1938, at 9.30 a.m.

Upholstered double spring couches and arm chairs, day beds, carpets, child's bicycle, table fans, 4-tube radio set, hall stands, writing desks, desk chairs, bookcases, copying press, sideboards, cellarettes, dining tables, dining chairs, silver ware cabinet, wardrobes, dressing tables, chests of drawers, night tables, centre tables, chairs, stools, teapoys, screens, bedsteads, kitchen tables, cupboards, safe, ice chests, heating stoves, **singer treadle sewing machine**, perambulators, rocking horses, books, glass showcases, filing cabinets, etc., etc.

Due to existing conditions we have to request all purchasers to pay cash in full on the fall of the hammer.

Noël, Murray & Co., Ltd.

(Incorporated under the Hongkong Ordinances)

Auctioneers, Appraisers and Adjusters

SALESROOMS, 160 CANTON ROAD

Will sell by Public Auction under instructions from the concerned

IN OUR SALESROOM (160 Canton Road)

On Friday, May 27, 1938, commencing at 2.30 p.m.

Superior Household Furniture and Sundries

Also at 2.30 p.m. Sharp. 4 Pairs Prismatic Binoculars

ON VIEW THURSDAY

HUGH MARTIN, *MANAGING DIRECTOR*

LOONG-FEI AUCTION TO-DAY, Wednesday, May 25, 1938, at 5 p.m.

AT 233 MOHAWK ROAD

Lot No.
1 BAY PONY
2 DUN RIDING PONY P/351, 13-1, "Y" Class
3 DUN GELDING N/67, 13-2, "Y" Class, S.R.C. 1938 auction Sub-griffin.
4 TOWER EVE Bay 13-0, J/158, S.R.C. 1937 Sub-griffin, winner and placed.
5 KING HARON Bay Gelding 13-3, H.K./112, "Z" Class, Has played one season's polo in Hongkong, including two tournaments.
6 ODER-FELS Grey 13-1, N/73, S.R.C. 1938 auction Sub-griffin, started.
7 SAALE-FELS Grey 13-0, N/69, S.R.C. 1938 auction Sub-griffin, started.
8 SPOTTED SAND Grey 13-1, J/277, S.R.C. 1938 griffin, started, Guaranteed sound. Owner reducing stable.
9 CAPTAIN BLOOD Grey 13-0, N/106, S.R.C. 1938, griffin, Has been placed, Guaranteed sound, Owner reducing stable.
10 TYRANT KNIGHT Chestnut 13-2, V/381, "Y" Class, Guaranteed sound, Owner reducing stable.
11 SMART MORN Grey 13-2, P/137, "Y" Class, winner and placed many times, Believed sound.
12 BENGAL LANCER Grey 13-2, G/176, S.R.C. 1936 griffin, winner of races, First class jumper.
13 GREY DAWN Grey 13-1, N/97, S.R.C. 1938 griffin, started, Very fast for short distance.
14 BLACK ROCK Black 13-1, N/99, S.R.C. 1938 griffin, started, Very fast for a short distance.
15 PAGEANT MORN Grey 13-2, P/129, "Y" Class, Winner of many races.

ALSO TO BE SOLD

THREE POLO SADDLES AND A QUANTITY OF POLO GEAR.

The sale is conducted under the Rules Exhibited on the Rostrum.

14866

SAFE and SMART
Supermarks Machineless Oil Permanent Wave

SAFE, because Supermarks oils revitalise your hair and impart lustre and beauty.
SMART, because our stylists bring out the true artistry of your own beauty

MARKS BEAUTY PARLOUR
is the only place where you can have it.
1155 Bubbling Well Road
Telephone 33922

BRUCE S JENKINS
Federal Inc., U.S.A.
Facilities for Writing All Lines of Insurance
113 Kiukiang Rd., Room 200
Let us take care of your insurance requirements
Telephone 17272-12867
Insurance Advisors

THE NORTH-CHINA HERALD
(Established in 1850)

Is the weekly edition of the "North-China Daily News" for readers abroad. It is nearly all news and is the best medium for keeping in touch with events in China when out of reach of the daily.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES, including Postage
To Europe or America: $28 per annum ($2.50 per month)
A Sample Copy will be sent on request

NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS & HERALD, LTD.
Telegraphic Address: HERALD SHANGHAI

THE FAR EASTERN REVIEW
Yokohama Specie Bank Building, 24 The Bund
(FOUNDED IN 1904)

Read how China joined hands with the Reds in the Current Issue of *The Far Eastern Review*.

The Second Kuomintang—Communist Partnership

Is China the Underdog?

Tokyo Prepares for the XIIth Olympiad

Subscription Rate $10 per year; single copies $1

May be obtained from the following bookstores:

Kelly & Walsh, Ltd., 66 Nanking Road.
F. Ziang Kee Book Co., Ltd., 635 Szechuen Road.
Chinese-American Publishing Co., 160 Nanking Road.
Metropole Hotel, News Stand.
Cathay Hotel Book Stall. Cathay Hotel.
Palace Hotel Book Stall, Palace Hotel.

Choice for New Government

Wang Keh-min, Returns From Japan Apparently In the Driver's Seat

FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT

Peiping, May 14.

Mr. Wang Keh-min, who has come to be regarded as the head of the Provisional Government, has been on a visit to Tokyo and returned—with what promises is not known but with increased prestige and probably the certainty that he will head an amalgamated and recognized government in Peiping.

His visit, undertaken in company with a high official of the Japanese army's special mission, has provoked much speculation but officially very little is available about the event but it is nevertheless fairly easy to indicate some of the topics of conversation.

Mr. Wang's position is very different today to what it was when the Provisional Government was formed last December. Then he was a "back bencher" and little or nothing was seen or heard of him. Dr. Tang Erh-ho played the leading role, took chief place in the press photographed groups and received the press. Today Mr. Wang is the only member of the Government in the limelight. A man of undoubted talents he has not been inactive and is reported by Chinese to have strengthened his position enormously in recent months.

Mr. Wang no Longer "Difficult"

He is said to have his own ideas as to how things should be done and is not to be backward in expressing his views. He appears to be fully aware that the Japanese had difficulty in persuading men of sufficient tonnage to come out as members of a Government, a difficulty which still remains. And as anything in the nature of a Cabinet split or the resignation of Ministers would have an obviously bad effect for the Japanese the situation thus created is one of which the Chinese, with centuries of tortuous politics behind them, know how to take full advantage, tactfully and diplomatically. It is some months now since we heard on all sides that Mr. Wang was proving "a little difficult."

Then came the attempt to assassinate him last March. As he drove through the streets his car was riddled by a number of revolver bullets but he escaped unhurt though his Japanese friend and adviser was seriously injured. This attempt on his life automatically increased his political stature and made him stand out further from his political colleagues for even his enemies selected him as the man important enough for assassination.

Thus it is not surprising that Tokyo should wish to see the man running their government in Peiping. He flew first to Shanghai, discussed amalgamation with members of the Reformed Government (which incidentally the official Government interpreter here will, in interviews, refer to as the "Renovated Government"), and then passed on to Tokyo to converse with practically all members of the Konoye Cabinet.

Definitely Head of Regime

This has established him definitely as the head of the régime and undoubtedly when the Peiping and Nanking governments are amalgamated Mr. Wang will head it unless some purely figurehead personality can be prized out of retirement. Even then he would undoubtedly be the power behind the president.

Mr. Wang's emergence to such prominence practically assures Peiping being chosen as the seat of the amalgamated government, the new Japanese-sponsored capital to which will be sent the ambassador Japan is expected to accredit to the new combined régime proposed by the Japanese army. Mr. Wang can hardly be expected to move to Nanking to assume office there and in any event the name Nanking is not one the Japanese are fond of using. The excesses of the Japanese army in the first weeks of occupation of Nanking take a good deal of forgetting.

Mr. Wang, when interviewed by the writer and other correspondents on his return, was studiously uninformative. He stressed the big changes in Tokyo after an absence of 31 years, his first and chief impression being that the Japanese race has increased in height and girth, to judge by the play of his hands when he said the Japanese were now bigger people. He added that he saw members of the Reformed Government in Shanghai and that these conversations resulted in plans for amalgamation of the two régimes being advanced several steps.

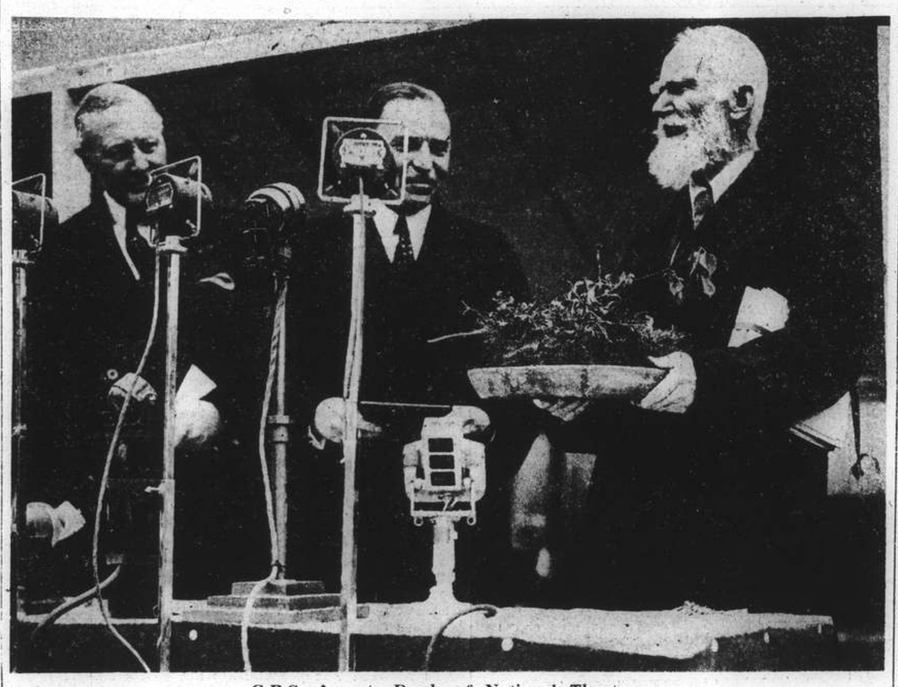
Tax Problems Discussed

They discussed also Customs, salt and consolidated tax problems in Shanghai and definite steps were agreed upon without any written documents being signed. It was premature, he said, to announce the date of amalgamation and obviously this must remain uncertain until such time as railway communication with Nanking is possible.

Marshal Wu Pei-fu is still in residence here and still disinclined to emerge and in addition there are several others, including Mr. Hsu Shih-chang, who still has technically an unexpired term of the Presidency to serve, and Mr. Chin Yun-peng, Premier under President Tuan Chi-jui and who is now on a visit to Japan trying to get the Sino-Japanese Exchange Bank of China re-opened.

But whoever might be persuaded to emerge, the power, it seems clear, will lie chiefly with Mr. Wang Keh-min, at the age of 59 an official of varied and useful experience and the protégé of the Japanese army and Government. His activities have covered many fields—a counsellor of legation, member of the board of finance and the board of foreign affairs in Imperial days, secretary to a viceroy, a commissioner for foreign affairs in Republican times, a former President of the Bank of China, a former Minister of Finance and an ex-director general of the salt administration. He travelled in Europe before the Great War and lived five years in Japan.

The Australian Memorial at Villers Bretonneux, in France, which the King will unveil during his State visit there, is made of Portland stone, cut in the quarries of Dorset and shipped to France. This is not the only Australian memorial. There is another at Fromelles, commemorating 1,300 missing. This is for the French-Flanders area. On the great Menin Gate Memorial at Ypres another 6,000 Australian missing are also remembered. This is for the Belgian area.



G.B.S. Accepts Deeds of National Theatre

Mr. George Bernard Shaw with the sod and bunch of twigs which he received as "Livery of Seisin," a custom of Shakespearean days before the introduction of formal deeds, accepted recently the deeds of the National Theatre on the site at South Kensington from Sir Robert Vansittart (centre).

Manchoukuoan Boundaries

Rough Early Demarcation Leads to Serious Disputes Now That Japanese are in Control

FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT

Mukden, May 11.

The boundary between Manchoukuo and Russia has been the subject of many treaties. Though its demarcation may leave much to be desired, definite statements of its location are on record. The boundary between Manchoukuo and Mongolia, however, offers an entirely different problem. A glance into an atlas published during the first decade of this century shows us that Mongolia then extended nearly to Harbin. This was modified during the closing years of the Ching Dynasty by an adjustment of the areas administered from various centres.

The fall of the Ching Dynasty put such matters in the background, but later, as Chang Tso-lin rose to power, it was natural that a weak Central Government should agree that more territories be placed under the control of the War Lord. Thus Jehol was added to the districts controlled from Mukden, late in 1928. Mongolia is essentially a country of indefinite boundaries. These nomad peoples were vitally interested in wells and good grazing ground, but rather indifferent to the exact shape of the outer edge of their pasture land, in fact there was always the possibility of the tribe moving away altogether and seeking pastures new.

What we now know as Jehol was formed from the old metropolitan Province of Chihli. Its outlines had never been international boundaries, hence are specified in no treaties, but there would seem little sound ground for argument as to which province was exercising jurisdiction over any particular spot. And yet, when the Japanese Army was busy setting up Manchoukuo, they suddenly discovered that the boundaries as indicated on the large scale maps prepared for the General Staff at Tokyo, did not meet with their approval. Considerable areas which were not shown as part of Jehol, lay just outside of the Great Wall. The Army occupied whatever areas pleased them, giving out the native statement that the Great Wall was a natural boundary for Manchoukuo.

Original Purpose

This may be explained by recalling that the original purpose of the Great Wall of China was to prevent invasion of China by any of the fierce tribes of the North. The Japanese reasoning seems to have been that this wall, by which China had sought to seperate their land from the territory controlled by the Tartars gives the proper indication of the limit of the Tartar lands and, inferentially, the correct demarcation of the areas subject to the new dynasty which is supposed to have been evolved from the Manchou branch of the Tartar race.

Now that the dwellers on the other side of the fence have been organized into a pro-Japanese régime or rather two of them, it will be interesting to watch the progress of negotiations when the Japanese high advisers of these new régimes tackle the problem of delimiting their boundaries.

A pretence of adjusting these Jehol borders was made later when it was announced that the inhabitants of certain areas had petitioned the Manchoukuo Government asking that their district be included in the new State. Since it had long ago been seized, the gesture attracted little interest, being a mere effort to include in the state archives some pseudo-legal basis for the location of new boundary marks.

Outer Mongolia had acquired a boundary about the beginning of the century when the vast and thinly populated Province of Heilungkiang was extended to include a large slice of what was formerly labelled Mongolia. As Chinese immigration and political influence penetrated the Mongolian districts from the Manchurian side, areas that had been grazing grounds of the Mongols were gradually absorbed into the provincial administration and the Mongols moved further to the West.

The lines with which cartographers have indicated Mongolia and Manchoukuo delimit, with little claim for accuracy, the administrative areas as they existed in the early years of the eighteenth century. Emperor Yung Cheng of the Ching (Manchu) dynasty had fixed these boundaries but so indefinite was the line that many disputes arose. Because of the kinship between the outer and inner Mongols these disputes were not very serious.

For about a century adjacent tribes had used common ground for grazing, traded freely and ignored the official boundary. About 1924 Outer Mongolia, under Soviet influence, arbitrarily delimited the boundry, cut off all intercourse with China and posted strong frontier guards. For 700 km. the frontiers of this mysterious closed state marched with the boundaries of the new Manchoukuo Empire.

It is a matter of record that several counties once part of Mongolia, lying west of the boundary of Jehol, were occupied by the Japanese Army and annexed to Manchoukuo. It therefore need occasion little surprise when the border skirmishes further north apparently take place well outside of the border as indicated by most of the maps.

Now there are new maps from Japan, which indicate boundaries satisfactory to Japanese Army officials on the spot.

Conference Breaks Down

Manchoukuo and Japan, after many sharp border skirmishes with Mongolia agreed to an international conference to be held at the railway town of Manchouli where the passengers from the Trans-Siberian Railway change for the North Manchurian Lines. This conference broke down with nothing accomplished after six months of sessions. It was reconvened late in 1936. Then followed long adjournments and many postponements. The public has lost track of this conference which seemed to have become a species of semi-permanent commission. Presumably it is now enjoying a recess.

In the first conference agreement as to the agenda had been difficult, the Mongolian instructions were limited and they refused to discuss other subjects. Manchoukuo had sought without success to effect an exchange of representatives to be stationed at the two capitals. The Soviet Government at Ulanbator has marked a version to what it considered potential espionage and declined to consider the matter.

Then it was suggested that commissioners should be stationed at towns near the border. Mongolia suggested that their man stay in Kan Chu Erh (Ganjur) northeast of Lake Buir, and that the representatives from Manchoukuo be quartered in an out-of-the-way village named Tamusuksume. This roused little enthusiasm at Changchun and the Manchoukuo Foreign Office who had been unable to interest the Urga Régime in a Manchoukuo representation at the capital of that closed country sought instead an office at San-beisa an important town, also known as Kerulen on the river of that name. As it is understood that Outer Mongolia maintains an important military establishment there, their refusal could hardly have been unexpected.

Two Sets of Names

Reports of the skirmishes in this district during the past few years have been very difficult to follow because of the erratic spelling of the place names. The original names were Mongolian, and in some cases these are written more or less accurately in Roman letters. Since China ruled Mongolia the names were written with Chinese characters. This gave rise to two sets of names. First, one giving as closely as possible the Mongol sound in Chinese characters, and secondly, a Chinese translation of the meaning.

The rivers and lakes in this district, which is described by the Russians as "Barga," and known to the Chinese as "Hulun-buir" from the names of the two principal lakes (Hulun being the former name for Dailanor), provide a considerable revenue to fisheries. The northern lake is broad and shallow with sandy bottom, and forms excellent feeding grounds. The southern lake is deep, and has rocky sides.

The River Halkha which rises in the Hsingan Mountains is apparently a breeding ground for the best game fish. An early writer (1220 A.D.) states that: "The Halha River turning towards the southwest forms the big lake named Buir-hu." This shows that the Southern or left branch of the delta, and not the cut off, Charolcha, if the latter existed then, was the main bed of the "H." River.

An Imperial Rescript, dated 1797, bestowed upon the Outer Mongolians the right to cross the river and visit Halhin-Sumo (or Miao) for their religious devotions, showing that the temple was not in their territory. The rivers of the Manchoukuo plains are in the habit of changing their main-bed frequently, and a comparison of maps shows that the Ha-erh-ha River has often done so. In 1924 it is recorded that the river instead of turning Southwest to feed Lake Buir shifted to run northwest directly into the Arshun River.

Great Region for Sport

Foreign residents who have visited the river, notably a group of sportsmen who report that, on one short reach of the river, four rods produced a catch of nearly 600 lb. of salmon trout and other choice game fish in exactly three days, can well understand the desire of the Outer Mongols to control the Charolcha cut-off. A simple fish-weir would prevent fish reaching the northern lake, Dailainor, and a prosperous fishing industry would be ruined.

An extremely conservative estimate placed the quantity of fish taken in the two large lakes at 5,000 tons in 1930. Border disturbances later rendered fishing in Lake Buir hazardous. The Official Year Book of Manchoukuo places the whole value of inland fisheries at 3,130,000 yuan, assigning 100,000 yuan to the Argun River and the Amur River, and 400 thousand to Lake Hulun (Dailainor). It thus becomes obvious why the defence forces should take an active interest in this tiny island, northeast of the Lake Buir, and its ancient Lama Temple, or to be more accurate, in the strategic cut-off which can control the growing fishing industry.

Japanese Maps

To ensure the safety of this industry the map-makers for Manchoukuo have shown a new boundary, entirely enclosing Lake Buir. Upon what particular record, of the vague and elastic lines in the past, this claim was based, has not been announced The writer was interested to note, on the opposite walls of a small room in the headquarters of the Kwantung Army, two maps, both of which had been prepared by the Geographical Section of the Japanese War Office. The newer one a topographical map of Manchoukuo on a scale of one million to one (say 1/16th of an inch to the mile) showed the disputed lake safely surrounded by the border of Manchoukuo. The older one on a slightly smaller scale showed the border cutting through the lake, from a point opposite an old highway, in a north-easterly direction to the right bank of the Halhar River, clearly assigning two thirds of the lake and complete control of the river to Mongolia.

The Foreign Office of Manchoukuo has already made long and thorough research into the records of this 700 km. border line through thinly populated country, and it is not improbable that the intimate relations now existing between the Japanese Army and the Provisional Government at Peiping will make available to the authorities of Manchoukuo a considerable volume of Chinese records concerning the origins of the old administrative boundaries which now form international border lines.

British Marriage Proposals

Sir Farquhar Buzzard on Their Being Regulated; Women Rise in Revolt

BY O. M. GREEN

(Editor, "North-China Daily News" 1911-1936)

London, May 1.

A few days ago, Sir Farquhar Buzzard (whose name—is it irreverent to say so?—always reminds me of "that domineering Physician" Sir Faraday Bond, in "The Wrong Box") delivered a lecture on the importance of regulating marriage. The inclinations of Nature must be sternly subordinated to eugenics and the State must pair off couples in the best interests of the future generation.

All the leaders of women's organizations immediately rose in revolt. The probability that Sir Farquhar was deliberately speaking with his tongue in his cheek did not occur to them.

But now a Marriage Guidance Committee has been formed and will hold its inaugural meeting on May 19. Its purpose is to attain the same objects as those suggested by Sir Farquhar, but without the red tape and official inquisition. Here is what it proposes to do:

To give specific preparation for marriage by lectures and private consultations, and general preparation by instructional courses;

To build up gradually a body of people qualified by training and study to deal with various aspects of problems in marital relationships; and

To make available to the public information relative to adjustments in marriage, fertility, heredity and mental hygiene, and the services of medical and psychological consultants.

All doctors and clinics will be pressed into service, and it is hoped to found a research department to ascertain where marriages have been going wrong since the beginning of the world.

Expenses of Divorce

Meanwhile, Mr. A. P. Herbert's famous act to enable people to dissolve their marriages as easily as possible and contract others has developed a fatal flaw. A main part of his scheme was to make divorce cheap, in the sacred cause of morality and the stability of the home. But divorce remains obstinately expensive. No one with an income of over £4 a week (and that only by the Judge's favour, usually the limit is £2) can rank as a "poor person" within the meaning of the Act. If you are not a "poor person" expenses mount up immediately. A divorce for desertion may easily run to £100, for insanity much more. A correspondent of the "Daily Telegraph" shows how the costs in this type of case mount up:

"Asylum doctor's fees, about £12; independent medical witness, about £15; add to these Court fees, filing fees, Commissioners' fees, official solicitors' fees, presumably for respondent £26 5s; medical officer called for defence, £10 5s. and £1 5s. 6d. per day attendance and first-class travelling expenses, and £3 3s. for testifying."

The total estimate was about £150 probably higher than an hotel bill case of divorce by mutual consent, everywhere the respondent may have been a lunatic for 20 years or more.

Mr. Herbert had better get in touch with Sir Farquhar Buzzard and try again. It may be that State-regulated marriages would prove so perfect as to cut out all need of divorce.

Making Britain Fascist

Of the lighter sides of political life nothing has been more stimulating to the imagination than the gossip about the "Cliveden Set." Everyone who goes up the Thames from Maidenhead knows Cliveden House, the huge brown mansion of Lord and Lady Astor, high on the Buckinghamshire hills above the famous Cliveden woods. Here it is supposed, Lady Astor, who is quite a power in politics, with Lord Astor moving vaguely and uneasily in the background, gathers about her congenial friends, Lord Londonderry, Lord Lothian, Mr. Geoffrey Dawson, editor of "The Times," and others to concoct schemes for handing over colonies to Germany and making us all Fascists.

Who started this intriguing story is not clear. Lord Lothian who recently denied it with some heat says it was the invention of a Communist paper, deliberately concocted to create class prejudice. Yet one would rather like to think it true. It could do no possible harm. No amount of Lady Astors could stop the permanent officials from following their own ideas in foreign policy. And the name has a sort of grand-manner 18th century flavour, like the Cave and the Cabal. The Thames, too, is the classical home of such intrigues. Not many miles above Cliveden is Medmenham, the headquarters of Wilkes and the Hell-fire Club. But of course Lady Astor is well known for her teetotal principles.

The sixty feet high South African War Memorial which stood on Coombe Hill, Wendover, the highest point in the Chilterns, was struck by lightning recently and crashed. It was a blazing grenade. It cost more than £1,000 to erect and £100 was recently spent by the Council in re-gilding the grenade.

CROSS-EYES STRAIGHTENED

WITHOUT OPERATION

and without drugs or danger.

Hundreds of cases have been straightened by optometric technique.

This story, told us by a Parent, is typical of many similar case histories:—

"We were told our child 'would outgrow it'—while waiting, the eye turned-in worse than ever and the sight of the crossed eye was lost. When the child was grown, we were told an operation was necessary, but after the operation the eye turned **out** instead of **in.**"

We specialize in cross-eyes—and in correcting eye defects of children

OPTOMETRISTS

250 NANKING ROAD

Largest, Most Modern, Best Equipped

VISIT

DALAT — Annam (French Indo-China)

The finest and most astonishing mountain resort of the Far-East

Golf, Tennis, Bathing and Rowing on the lake.

Plenty of excursions, Hunting, Big game.

"LANGBIAN-PALACE" and "HOTEL DU PARC"

Luxurious 1st class. 120 rooms, all with bath and w.c.

Very moderate charges

Full particulars: FERAUDY-DALAT

STRAINED MUSCLES

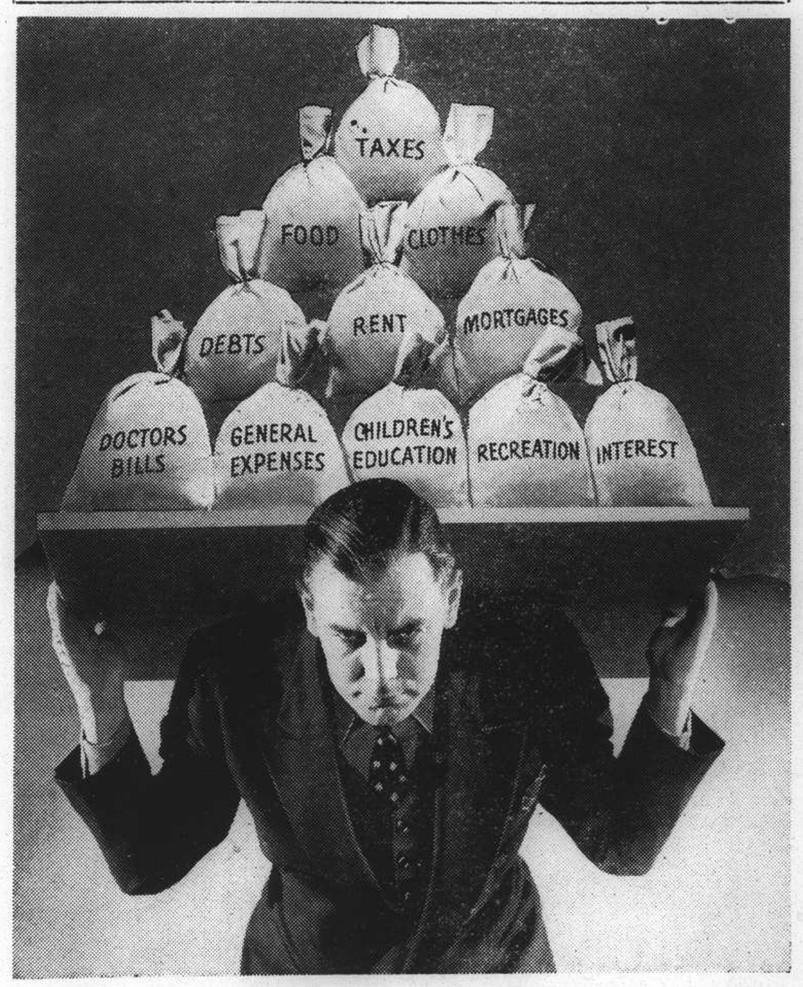
are quickly relieved with reliable Absorbine Jr. As you rub it in you can feel a glowing warmth come into your muscles—the essential oils penetrating where the pain is. For forty years Absorbine Jr. has been a favorite of coaches and trainers in keeping muscles fit. Always keep a bottle handy.

ABSORBINE JR.

For years has relieved sore muscles, sprains, bruises, cuts, insect bites and skin irritations.

Sales Agents: Muller, Maclean & Co., Inc.

CONFEDERATION LIFE FOR STRENGTH, SERVICE AND SECURITY



Who will carry the load if you drop it?

She or We?

LET the Confederation Life Association assume the load. Through our special plans, we can guarantee that your wishes for your family's welfare will be carried out.

BEFORE YOU INSURE — CONSULT

CONFEDERATION LIFE ASSOCIATION

HEAD OFFICE TORONTO

51 CANTON ROAD, SHANGHAI

ONE OF THE WORLD'S GREAT LIFE INSURANCE INSTITUTIONS

Stepping HIGH, WIDE, AND HANDSOME IN THE GOOD OLD SUMMER-TIME

'FUNGOL'

PROTECTS YOU FROM HONGKONG FOOT

BAYER

50 YEARS »Bayer«

Your Eyes

Glasses to suit all pockets.

Let us quote you.

LAZARUS, OPTICIANS

126 Nanking Road

Telephone 16626

COOK'S

TRAVELLERS CHEQUES

IN

REGISTERED MARKS

FOR TRAVEL IN GERMANY
OR FOR USE ON BOARD
GERMAN STEAMERS

THOS. COOK & SON (Bankers) LTD.
Shanghai Telephone 12261

KAILAN MINING ADMINISTRATION
has frequent sailings from
SHANGHAI to CHINWANGTAO
DIRECT

Reservations for passenger accommodation may be made at the

KAILAN MINING ADMINISTRATION
SHIPPING OFFICE, 3rd Floor
Hongkong and Shanghai Bank Building, 12 The Bund, entrance Foochow Road, Telephone 11070
or through the principal Travel Bureaux.

COMMERCIAL UNION
Assurance Company, Limited

Telephone 13407 (4 lines) 17 Canton Road, Shanghai

MINIMUM RATES
consistent with
ABSOLUTE SECURITY
and
LIBERAL
LOSS SETTLEMENTS

Manager for China: E. LESTER ARNOLD

NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS
Single copies 10 cents

Shanghai delivery	per annum	$24
China, Korea and Japan	,,	$32
Hongkong and Macao	,,	$50
Postal Union Countries	,,	$85

NORTH-CHINA HERALD
EVERY WEDNESDAY
Weekly Edition of the "North-China Daily News"
Single copies 40 cents

Shanghai delivery	per annum	$18
China, Korea and Japan	,,	$18
Hongkong and Macao	,,	$21
Postal Union Countries	,,	$28

Announcements in this column $3 per insertion.

DEATH

THORBURN.—On Monday, May 23, 1938, at her residence, Lane 593, House 8, Avenue Joffre, Mrs. ANNIE THORBURN, aged 63 years, the dearly-beloved wife of Mr. J. W. Thorburn. Removed to the parlours of the International Funeral Directors, 207 Kiaochow Road. Funeral services will be held today, Wednesday, May 25, at the Bubbling Well Cemetery, at 5 p.m. (Hongkong papers please copy.)

14885

S. V. C.
85th
Anniversary
ALBUM

The Cosmopolitan Press, having received permission from the S.M.C., has commenced publication of an album to commemorate the 85th Jubilee of the Shanghai Volunteer Corps.

The publication will contain a history of the S.V.C., with photos of commanding officers, groups of volunteers, parades, etc.

The Cosmopolitan Press requests all members of the S.V.C., and ex-volunteers to put at their disposal, for insertion in the Album, photos, articles, sketches or other material which might be of assistance. Any material relating to last century would be of special interest.

All photos and other materials will be duly returned to their owners.

The Album will be 9 ins. by 12 ins., bound in crocodile leather, with gold edges and an artistically made emblem of the S.V.C. The Album will have about 250 pages, and will be printed on art paper in two colours.

Material should be sent to:

The Cosmopolitan Press, 131 Museum Road marked "S.V.C. Album."

14881

Help Kidneys
Don't Take Drastic Drugs

Your kidneys have nine million tiny tubes or filters which are endangered by neglect or drastic, irritating drugs. Beware! If Kidney trouble or Bladder weakness makes you suffer from Getting Up Nights, Leg Pains, Nervousness, Dizziness, Stiffness, Rheumatism, Lumbago, Circles Under Eyes, Swollen Ankles, Neuralgia, Burning, Itching, Smarting, Acidity or Loss of Vigour, don't delay. Try the Doctor's new discovery called Cystex (Siss-tex). Soothes, tones, cleans, and heals sick kidneys. Starts work in 15 minutes. Brings new health, youth and vitality in 48 hours. Cystex costs little and is guaranteed to end your troubles in 8 days or money back. At all chemists. No. 2

Phone 34220 Day and Night Service

International Funeral Directors

207 Kiaochow Road

Artistic Memorials R. O. Scott A. W. Horton

If You Suffer from
ANY PAINS — OR — SKIN DISEASE
THE "HEALA" RAY
INVISIBLE INFRA-RED — REACHES THE SPOT — INVISIBLE INFRA-RED
Recommended by Doctors
HEALTH-RAYS CLINIC
HEALTH-RAYS, LIMITED
(Incorporated under the Companies Ordinances, Hongkong)
770 Bubbling Well Road (Corner Carter Road) Telephone 33827
Please send for explanatory booklet

Can be easily compared to the best lean short-flame Welsh coal.

ITS VERY HIGH CALORIFIC POWER IS TAKEN ADVANTAGE OF TO INCREASE THE EFFICIENCY OF COALS WITH WHICH IT MAY BE MIXED.

Its ash is infusible at the temperature of boiler furnaces. It does not leave clinkers and does not choke up the grates. Its low percentage of sulphur renders it particularly suitable.

For Metallurgical Purposes

Sole Agents:
HONGAY SALES, LTD.
668 Szechuen Road Telephone 13042

COAL
Telephones 10952, 18418
S. A. RACINE & CIE.
For coal apply
Head Offices 2 PEKING ROAD

T. MACDONALD & CO.
FUNERAL UNDERTAKERS
Telephone 30466
All Kinds of Monuments in Stock
1076 SINZA ROAD
T. MACDONALD & CO.

HAI-ALAI
TO-DAY at 7 p.m.

Phillips LIVE YEAST

Indigestion and Stomach Troubles Ended Permanently

The remarkable results of Phillips Live Yeast in stomach and digestive troubles of all sorts are due to the fact that Live Yeast is essentially a regulator of the digestion. It not only stimulates the flow of the gastric juices, but actually breaks up the most indigestible elements in the food, so that they are rapidly assimilated instead of remaining to cause acidity and ulceration. If you have pain or discomfort after eating, or wind or that unpleasant "overfull" feeling, Phillips Live Yeast will soon end your troubles. If your digestion has been seriously weakened by neglect, make a practice of taking Phillips Pure Live Yeast regularly, for about three weeks in every month.

Agents for China:
Dodwell & Co., Ltd.
Shanghai

3

To give Baby contented sleep

The priceless treasure of baby's life is in your hands. His health depends upon suitable feeding. Bear Brand Swiss Milk is absolutely pure and easily digested. You will find full particulars regarding feeding of babies in every tin.

HIRSBRUNNER & CO.
659 Szechuen Road Telephone 15138

IMPARTIAL NOT NEUTRAL

A BREATHING SPACE

Europe is breathing rather more easily because of the relaxation of the tension which prevailed last week concerning the Czechoslovakian crisis. But the danger has not yet been dissipated, and the next two Sundays, on which further polling in connection with the Czechoslovakian election is to take place, may still provide that spark to set the whole of Europe afire. Nevertheless the situation has much improved, and if the parties involved in the dispute can be prevailed upon to exercise the same caution as they have been during the past few days a satisfactory conclusion may yet be reached. Now that Herr Henlein and Dr. Milan Hodza, the Czech Prime Minister, have met in a conversation which is unofficially reported to have been satisfactory, it is probable that further meetings will be held and eventually a settlement arrived at. That is to be devoutly hoped, for so long as a just settlement is lacking, just so long will Czechoslovakia remain a menace to European peace. It is not the only threat for until Germany either achieves or abandons further development of the policy of *anschluss* the risks of war will remain. It is just as well that these things should be squarely looked at, for to base too high hopes on present developments for a final settlement of German claims in Central Europe would be to indulge in unwarrantable optimism. On the other hand it is as well to be thankful for small mercies and to remember that every day gained for peace may result in pushing the prospect of war further and further into the background: the quicker the many outstanding problems are solved the sooner will come that general appeasement the search for which is one of the main points of Mr. Neville Chamberlain's foreign policy. For that reason this breathing space is to be welcomed, though there will still remain some anxiety lest foolish behaviour on one side or the other precipitates all the many dangers which are to be feared.

One of the most gratifying features of the whole busines is the all round restraint which is being exercised, and the general correctness of the attitudes adopted by the different governments. Reading between the lines of the various reports which have come to hand —and there are so many that no one paper could possibly deal with them all—there appears, for instance, on the part of Herr Hitler a readness to discuss matters in a friendly way with Great Britain as shown by the sudden visit of his personal representative to London. Signor Mussolini appears to be standing aloof, but there is nothing in this to justify the belief, which some quarters seem to hold, that the Czechoslovakian crisis has done anything to weaken the Rome-Berlin axis. Soviet Russia has refrained up to the present from making her attitude on the whole matter known. It is probably just as well that she refrains from taking part in the discussions. Her commitments towards Czechoslovakia are thoroughly well known, and there is always the danger that, if M. Litvinov were to intervene with any pronouncement, considerable and unnecessary irritation might interfere with the peaceful adjustment of the dispute. The manner in which Great Britain and France have collaborated in this matter, has proved to the whole world the solidity of the entente. The two great democracies have acted as one, and between them there has been the fullest understanding and co-operation. They have acted firmly, but with moderation, and the manner in which they have prevailed upon the Czechoslovakian Government to do its utmost to meet the demands of the Sudeten Germans is the best possible proof of their sincerity. Whether Great Britain will ultimately be asked to act as peacemaker remains to be seen, but Mr. Chamberlain seems to have inspired such all round confidence in himself that such an eventuality is by no means improbable. Should he be requested to do so and he succeeded, he would have set the seal to a foreign policy, which, no matter how far it has diverged from that of his predecessor, has about it the ingredients of success.

There must be much speculation as to the manner in which the minorities question in Czechoslovakia will be settled. Some compromise will have to be effected between the extreme demands of Herr Henlein, and the concessions which Dr. Hodza is prepared to make. It may eventually prove to be the case that ultimate settlement may take the form of the inauguration of some sort of scheme analogous to the system of capitulations, which, while granting much of that which the Sudeten Germans demand, would still preserve to Czechoslovakia that sovereignty of which it is so rightly jealous. There are signs that Dr. Hodza will seek to settle disputes with all the minorities. It will be very wise of him if he does, for whether or not those minorities are justified in all the complaints which they make, there is ample evidence to show that considerable discontent prevails, the causes of which should be removed. In view of the fact that Herr Hitler has given a definite assurance that Germany will not march against Czechoslovakia it is desirable that the present partial mobilization of the Czechs should be stopped. That would have a most beneficial effect not only upon German opinion, but on that of the whole world. The Sudeten Germans appear quite capable of maintaining the peace owing to their discipline, and the continued mobilization is merely an irritating gesture which makes no contribution to the proper settlement of the crisis. The only grave danger at the present moment lies in the possibility of some frontier incident precipitating matters. Those which have already occurred appear on the face of the reports to have been sporadic outbursts of irresponsibility and should thus be regarded. This journal does not agree with the "Nachtausgabe's" view that they were inspired by Czech high command, for if it had done so it would have proved itself entirely unfitted for the functions it is expected to fulfil. For the rest it should again be emphasized that matters have taken a definite turn for the better but not sufficiently to justify the belief that there is now no danger.

A Modified Victory

Making due allowance for Chinese enthusiasms and the claims made by the Japanese, concerning the developments in the neighbourhood of Hsuchowfu, it seems to be quite plain that the alleged surrounding of large Chinese forces did not in fact eventuate. The Chinese claim that the forces east of the Tsinpu Railway, which the Japanese said were surrounded, and whose annihilation or surrender were only a question of time, have succeeded in effecting a junction with their comrades west of the line, and are continuing to offer a stubborn resistance to the Japanese advance. At no time were the Chinese encircled in the sense that a ring had been drawn round them. The Japanese have been manœuvring in columns which did not succeed in linking up, with the result that the Chinese following a scheme in which they have become expert, suddenly dissolved into small parties harassing the Japanese lines of communications, and eventually filtering through the countryside to rejoin those forces which had been withdrawn in an orderly manner. That the Chinese losses have been large is probably true but nothing in the nature of annihilation has been achieved. This fact should have considerable bearing on the alleged Japanese intention to drive straight on to Hankow as quickly as possible. The probabilities are that with the greater portion of his men intact the Generalissimo will proceed with his announced intention of making a stand before the temporary capital, for it is evidently no part of his plan to allow the Japanese to sweep over the country too cheaply. The work of attrition is still depended upon to win this war for China, and while some people may think there is only a faint hope of its succeeding, there is a considerable body of opinion which feels that, even if ultimate victory is not secured, the Japanese by the time hostilities end will have paid a very high price for their military diversion.

Essential Supplies

The Marquess of Zetland, Secretary of State for India and Burma, gave a most reassuring statement on the subject of Great Britain's supplies in the event of war, in the House of Lords on Monday. Sir John Simon, Chancellor of the Exchequer, in opening his budget recently admitted that the Government had been purchasing supplies of wheat, sugar and whale oil without consulting Parliament, for the very good reason that had it been known that the British Government was in the market, prices would have gone against it. Lord Zetland has stated that similar reserves of other essential raw materials had also been secured, though he would not specify exactly what had been done. The experiences of the last war have not been forgotten nor have they been neglected, and plans have been laid that, should rapid and drastic action become necessary, the Government will be found ready. That is only to be expected. For example the re-enforcement of the various regulations devised as a result of and during the Great War, which have since been rescinded, and still all in being, necessitate but a stroke of the pen to bring them into force again, and when Lord Zetland says that it is merely a matter of pushing the button to set things in motion he is only describing a state of affairs which is as it should be. The reticence of the Government concerning these matters is wholly to be commended. A great deal of business in connection with the defence of a country and the provision of the necessary reserves against the outbreak of war are matters which call for much secrecy, for the less a potential enemy knows about a nation's resources the less able is it to make specific plans with any degree of certainty. Lord Mottistone's professed anxiety over the supply of aeroplanes is quite understandable, though even here there are indications to be found that the reinforcement of the British air force, while it has not proceeded with the rapidity the Government's critics would like to see, has nevertheless, progessed further than the man in the street realizes.

Exit the Bugler

It has not spread to the British army yet although nobody knows to what extent mechanization will go, but it is reported that in some of the military camps in the United States the bugler has been abolished. Instead of the husky-lunged bugler performing in person the annoying duty of dragging soldiers out of bed and telling them when they may eat, gramophone records with loud-speaker attachments throughout the camp do the job much better through the mere medium of pulling a switch and keeping it on until obedience has been obtained. It is a pity because while it is a good idea and shows what science applied to ordinary affairs is able to do it does spoil a grand tradition. The bugler, in romantic fiction, is always the hero who, harassed by the foe and his lifeblood seeping out, refuses to sound the retreat and thereby wins the battle. In fact, he is also a hero because nobody who has to get up out of a warm bed on a cold winter morning when the sun is beginning to show itself, can imagine anybody of anything except heroic calibre who could get up even earlier merely to perform this brutal ceremony of saluting the morn. In more pacific days in China when military service had not reached the terrible trials witnessed today, one of the great complaints of foreigners travelling in the interior was against the performances of buglers who in practically every place visited used to climb the highest point of vantage and start an hour or so's bugling just about that time in the early morning when the discomforts of the bed had begun to wear off and a little sleep was possible. As already remarked, there is no evidence to hand that the mechanical bugler has been introduced into the British army, but in many ships in the navy loud speakers have been in use for years to transmit commands from unseen mouths.

A Country Diary

May 24.—I have just been witnessing one of those little miracles of Nature which have to be seen to be believed. About two weeks ago I called on my friend Arthur Sowerby to look at his weed-garden: he showed me some rocks covered with a stonecrop which he had brought from Mokanshan, and as I thought I had already found this plant both in Weihaiwei and in the Hungjao country, we tore off a handfull of the herbage so that I could take it home for indentification and experiment. Arrived home, I stuck the bare rootless stalks in a little mud placed on various stones in my Japanese garden ...and forgot all about them for the time being. Within 24 hours these limp twigs began throwing out tiny rootlets and stood straight up like a little company of soldiers! And now, within 14 days of having been placed on rocks, a number of these hardy warriors have burst out into a head of star-like yellow-blossoms... and all the rest are following suit just as fast as they can. I have looked up various books of reference but have been unable, so far, to find out exactly what variety this grand little plant can be. Mr. Garven in his "Wild Flowers of North China" calls it Yellow Stonecrop and refers to it in his scientific Index as "Sedum sp.", from which I gather that even the local authorities do not know precisely what to call it! The Chinese call it *"Ching Tien,"* meaning Bright Weather or Heaven, just as you like to take it. The scientific name of Sedum comes, of course, from "sedeo—I sit"—which exactly describes the habit of the plant: old English writers have called it "Wall-pepper," "Golden Stars" and "Live-forever"....all of which seem pretty apt names: my gardener says "this b'long weeds" and walks away disgusted. I still insist on calling it a miracle.

IN PARENTHESIS

Maybe

THE modern girl is smoking less nowadays, says a writer. Possibly this is because she doesn't like to look effeminate.

* * *

Men to Avoid

"THE modern girl is keen on athletic sports," says a writer.

But they should keep clear of the married ones.

* * *

New Type

A PHYSIOLOGIST says that the strong, silent man has given way to the man who can laugh. In other words, the he-man has been replaced by the he-he-he man.

* * *

Speaking From Experience

"THE trouble with some wives," says a magistrate, "is that they don't rate their husbands high enough."

But they rate them sound enough.

* * *

Well, Dunne!

MR. Justice Dunne, of the New York State Supreme Court, was presiding at a damage suit, when came this dialogue between the lawyer and the witness:—

"'Did you see the plaintiff knocked down?'

"Who, me?"

"Yes, you."

"No, not me."

"Did you see the defendant at all?"

"Who, me?"

"Yes, you."

"No."

"Then why are you here?"

"Who, me?"

"Yes, you."

"To see justice done."

"Who, me?" demanded Justice Dunne, gazing sharply down from the bench.

* * *

Sally's Kittens

"WELL, it's watered milk and foreign meat for you in future."

"I was not brought up to watered milk."

"Everybody has to make sacrifices to pay for rearmament. And no more kittens."

"That is a matter beyond my control."

"You mean beyond your self-control."

"You're very funny this morning."

"We have to laugh at out troubles. That's the British spirit. Bear your burdens cheerfully and pay with a smile."

"May I ask what sacrifices you are making yourself?"

"It's enough sacrifice to find the extra sixpence on income tax."

"By giving defenceless cats watered milk?"

"Don't pretend you're *defenceless*. I dare say your nose will find its way into the breakfast jug. And we don't forget the half chicken you dragged off the table last week and gave to the kittens."

"They're old enough to eat solids now."

"Teaching them how to steal."

"I wasn't."

"I saw them sitting in a row watching your technique. How do you suppose I am going to find homes for four little thieves trained by an expert?"

"There are plenty of readers who will have them."

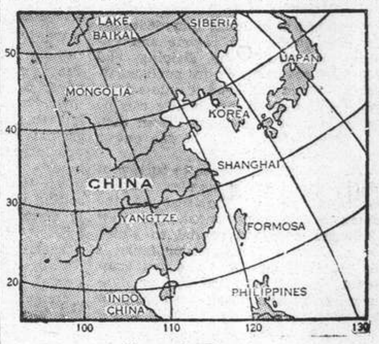
—N. Gubbins in the "Sunday Express."

THE WEATHER

Temperature near Shanghai for 24 hours ending 7 p.m.:— Holy Trinity Cathedral

Yesterday Min. 68.0 Max. 86.5
Same date, 1937 Min. 64.5 Max. 72.0
Rainfall nil.

Temperature at Siccawei:—
Yesterday Min. 65.7 Max. 82.9
Same date, 1937 Min. 63.9 Max. 81.0



Siccawei's Report

State on the morning of the 23rd:—Pressure rather normal and steady over China: low and unsteady over Korea and Japan, owing to the depression passing east-north-eastward. Northerly to easterly winds along the China Coast. Cloudy and misty weather in north and east China.

State on the morning of the 24th:—Overcast and misty weather. South-easterly breezes. Normal and steady pressure.

Probabilities, 4.30 p.m. yesterday:—Cloudy, rather fine and warm weather with fresh south-easterly to south-westerly winds around Shantung: with morning fog and south-easterly to southerly winds over our regions. Cloudy with rain or mist and north-easterly to southerly winds over the Eastern Sea and Formosa. Low area over Hunan.—Siccawei Observatory.

ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

To the Limbless Soldiers and Sailors Fund:—
Miss E. Craig $10.00
Mooreco $10.00

IN MEMORY OF MR. D. E. SASSOON

To The Jewish Ladies Benevolent Society:—
Mr. and Mrs. S. E. Toeg $10.00
Mr. and Mrs. A. Hillaly ..... $ 5.00
R. Julian $10.00
S. M. Joseph $10.00
R. H. Elias $10.00
Messrs. F. S. and E. L. Elias $20.00

To The Shanghai Jewish School:—
Sir Elly Kadoorie & Sons $30.00
R. E. Kadoorie $10.00

To The Shanghai Hebrew Shelter House:—
H. Gensburger ..... $ 5.00

The Refugee Camps Water Supply Fund:—
The Meathrels ..... $ 5.00
Chinese staff and a few members of the Union Jack Club $36.00
Staff of Pohoomull Bros $27.60
K. A. Hiskins $100.00
H. O. $20.00
K. H. $10.00

IN MEMORY OF MR. N. F. XAVIER

To the American Civilian Relief Fund:—
George and Margaret Beaty
Mr. and Mrs. W. A. Adams
Mr. and Mrs. J. D. Watt
Mr. and Mrs. W. J. Gande
Mr. and Mrs. T. O. Schmid
C. F. Wolsiffer
Mr. and Mrs. E. A. Nelson
Mr. and Mrs. P. M. Anderson
Mr. and Mrs. G. V. Monk
Mr. and Mrs. C. S. Franklin
Mr. and Mrs. H. Conant
Mr. and Mrs. A. F. Kimball
C. M. Wentworth
H. Gensburger
Mrs. F. Mendel
Mr. and Mrs. E. C. Stocker
Mr. and Mrs. E. Himrod
E. S. Hine
Mr. and Mrs. R. E. O'Boiger
Mr. and Mrs. D. J. C. Stewart
Mr. and Mrs. H. E. Page
Mr. and Mrs. R. T. McDonnell
Mr. and Mrs. J. B. Stensfield
Mr. and Mrs. J. O. Pote-Hunt
Mr. and Mrs. U. S. Harkson
E. Hazzard
Mr. and Mrs. G. Helme Sutcliffe
Mr. and Mrs. B. S. Jenkins
Columbia Country Club
Mr. and Mrs. N. E. Lurton
Mr. and Mrs. E. A. Meyerink
Maurice and Bess Cardwell
N. F. Allman

IN MEMORY OF DR. W. H. DOWNS

Maurice and Bess Cardwell

Sudeten Leader Meets Czech Premier

Germans Satisfied with Conciliatory Stand By Dr. Hodza at First Talk on Minorities; Paris Asks Prague to Demobilize Militia

Prague, May 24.

HOPEFUL reports are being circulated in connection with the first conversations between Dr. Milan Hodza, Premier of Czechoslovakia, and Herr Konrad Henlein, Leader of the Sudeten German Party. As a result, tension in Europe has been considerably eased. The talks, which began yesterday evening, are considered in official quarters to have been a distinct success. Conducted in the friendliest tone, they are being continued tomorrow, and it is believed that the exchange of opinion between the two leaders will have an excellent effect on the development of the minorities problem.

It is pointed out, however, that it is naturally impossible for the details of the nationalities statute to be discussed between Dr. Hodza and Herr Henlein, since this is their first interview on the question, which has hitherto been the province of the Party Leader's deputy, Dr. Karl Frank. The primary purpose of these informal talks, according to a communique issued by the Sudeten German Party, is to clarify and tranquillize the political situation.

Sudeten German circles declare that the talk "was not unfavourable," and that Dr. Hodza showed himself "conciliatory and right."

Following the interview the Government, in a radio announcement, thanked the public for the calmness shown during the elections and appealed to political parties to refrain from demonstrations which might cause clashes.

The Government also announced that the maintenance of public order had now been entrusted solely to the police, gendarmerie and military.

This measure is expected to lead to an improvement of the position in Sudeten regions, where there has been a grievance that members of patriotic organizations are entrusted with the maintenance of order.—Reuter.

New French Demarche

Paris, May 23.

France thinks it would be highly advisable for the Czech Government to demobilize the reserves, reportedly numbering over 140,000, who were called to the colours on Saturday, M. Georges Bonnet, French Foreign Minister, told this to M. Stephan Osusky, Czech Minister here, in an interview held this afternoon, reliable quarters report this evening.

M. Bonnet is said to have pointed out that the municipal elections' first ballot is now over, and furthermore, both Paris and London would view such a gesture toward Germany as serving to clear considerably such tension as remains.

The French statesman is understood to have stressed the fact that Germany's rulers on Saturday also had the intention to mobilize a number of reserve troops equal to that summoned in Czechoslovakia. Herr Joachim von Ribbentrop, Reich's Foreign Minister, it is added, told the British Ambassador in Berlin, Sir Nevile Henderson, that Germany might consider the Czech measure as provocative.

M. Osusky is now declared to be leaving for Prague tomorrow to confer with his Government on the subject discussed at his meeting with M. Bonnet.

Meanwhile, the British Ambassador here Sir Eric Phipps, called upon M. Bonnet to inform him that all available information confirmed previous news that there were no concentrations of German troops near Czech borders.—Havas.

Mobilization Move By Berlin Denied

Munich Report Sent to London Says Officers Recalled from Leave

London, May 24.

In a message given prominence here today, the Munich correspondent of the "Daily Telegraph" says that many German officers have been recalled from leave. Sunday and Monday trains, he adds, are packed with soldiers rejoining their regiments.—Reuter.

Berlin Denies Mobilization

Berlin, May 24.

The Czechs have only invented the assertion that Germany is mobilizing in order to give the Czechs a pretext for mobilization, declares a communique issued here late last night.

Despite this manœuvre and "permanent provocations," the statement says, "Germany has preserved her calmness, unmistakeably showing thereby the German will to peace, although Germany will be compelled to watch very seriously for any further incidents."

Third Incident Alleged

A third alleged infringement of German territory by Czechs is reported by the German official news agency today.

Some Czech soldiers, the agency says, covered with straw the frontier bridges at Ulrichsburh and Hohen Furth, north of Linz, the population of which is half Czech and half German, poured petrol over the structures and tried to set them on fire.

While doing so, it is alleged, the Czech soldiers stepped on the German side of the bridge, thereby entering German territory. When German frontier guards appeared, the agency adds, the Czech soldiers withdrew into Czech territory.—Reuter.

Denial Issued in Prague

Prague, May 24.

A denial was issued here today that the Baerenstein aeroplane incident constituted an infringement of the German frontier.

German reports yesterday stated that a Czech military plane circled over Baerenstein. The machine, on re-entering Czech territory later, is said to have crashed into a house and burst into flames.—Reuter.

Berlin Press Calmer

Berlin, May 23.

The few papers which appear here on Monday commented widely this morning on the results of the Czech municipal elections, stating that the results fully justify the Sudeten claims.

A moderate tone prevailed in the press while attacks against Britain ceased completely.

"The votes won by the Henleinists are a reply to Western Europe and to all democratic countries," the "Essener Nazional Zeitung" stated. "The ballots are a proof of the unshakeable will of the Germans in Czechoslovakia to fight until victory is achieved. In future, the Sudetens should be allowed to take the administration of their districts into their own hands."

The "Voelkischer Beobachter," official organ of the National-Socialist Party, declared that the elections "legitimized" Herr Henlein as the sole spokesman of Sudeten Germanism.

The press generally stressed the representations made in Prague by Britain and France, and laid the blame for the present situation on the Czech Government.—Havas.

Cheb Incident Victims

Prague, May 24.

The two Sudeten German motorcyclists killed early on Saturday morning by a Czech frontier guard, will be buried today. Among the wreaths sent by sympathizers is notably one from Reichsfuehrer Adolf Hitler.

The two men were shot and fatally injured when they allegedly sped across the Czech border coming from German territory, and disregarded the guard's signal and order to stop.

That incident was the most serious to occur in Czechoslovakia, especially since it came just before the elections.—Havas.

"German Troops Leave"

London, May 24.

The "News Chronicle" correspondent at Prague reported today that German troops had withdrawn from the Czechoslovakia frontier to a point 25 miles distant.—United Press.

Japanese Deny Shooting Amoy Prisoners

Representations Made to British Foreign Office

Tokyo, May 24.

The Foreign Office today sent a memorandum to the British Embassy protesting against a statement made by Mr. R. A. Butler, Under-Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, in the House of Commons on May 18.

The statement charged the Japanese Landing Party at Amoy with killing a number of Chinese soldiers who had surrendered to the Japanese naval forces carrying out the attack. The memorandum declares that a careful investigation shows that the charge is "utterly groundless."

Mr. Koki Hirota, the Foreign Minister, has instructed Mr. Shigeru Yoshida, Japanese Ambassador in London, to make similar representations at Downing Street.

The Military Attaché to the British Embassy, Major-General F.S.G. Piggott, is leaving for Shanghai on Friday week to inspect conditions.—Reuter.

London Knows Nothing

London, May 24.

There is no information in official quarters with reference to the report that the Japanese Government has protested to the British Government against the statement made in the House of Commons on May 18, by Mr. R. A. Butler, Under-Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, regarding the alleged shooting of a number of Chinese soldiers in Amoy by the Japanese Landing Party there.

Political circles pointed out that Mr. Butler would never have made such a statement in such form in the House of Commons except on the most trustworthy information.

It was reported earlier from Tokyo today that the Foreign Office had sent a protest to the British Embassy against the statement. Representations were also to have been made at No. 10 Downing Street by the Japanese Ambassador in London, Mr. Yoshida.—Reuter.

Britain Informed on Duce-Fuehrer Talks

Commons Informed of Italian Gesture

SPECIAL TO THE "N.C.D.N."

London, May 24.

Mr. R. A. Butler, Under-Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, announced in the House of Commons today that Count Galeazzo Ciano, the Italian Foreign Minister, had been good enough to give the British Ambassador, Lord Perth, information regarding the recent conversations between Herr Hitler and Signor Mussolini.—Reuter.

Changchun Protest to Moscow

Changchun, May 24.

A vigorous protest was lodged today by the Manchoukuo Government with the Soviet authorities against the alleged crossing of the Manchurian frontier by Russian cavalrymen on Sunday south of Suifenho. The Soviet unit, officials here said, was repulsed by Manchoukuo guards after it had advanced several hundred metres into Manchoukuo territory.—Domei.

German Troop Move Reports Discounted

Undue Optimism Not Yet Warranted

London, May 24.

Europe is now more at ease than for many days past as a result of some relaxation of the tension over Czechoslovakia.

Both British and foreign circles in London feel that, while there is no ground for undue optimism, at any rate a respite in the crisis has been secured, but that until the Czech elections are over a certain amount of anxiety is bound to exist.

The fact that Herr Konrad Henlein, the Leader of the Sudeten German Party, had his first meeting last night with the Czech Premier, Dr. Milan Hodza, is welcomed in London.

Enquiries in London and local investigations over the week-end reveal that recent rumours of extensive troop movements towards the Czechoslovak frontier are not substantiated, and it is pointed out in authoritative circles that Germany, Poland and Hungary have denied that any unusual movements of troops have taken place in the direction of Czechoslovakia.

Rome Discounts War

It is learned that Lord Perth, the British Ambassador in Rome, discussed the situation with Count Ciano, the Italian Foreign Minister, in the Italian capital yesterday, and he is believed to have gained the impression that, in the Italian view, the situation is not likely to lead to hostilities.

Despite the momentary easing of the situation, it is recognized that any fresh incident might have grave effects. It is felt here that the Czechoslovak Government is fully aware of this danger and is doing all in its power to avoid it.

A Rome message states that a more optimistic view of the situation is taken in the Italian press, which reports a relaxation of the tension all round. Authoritative quarters state that the Italian attitude of one of "watching," but it is believed that Signor Mussolini is working for a peaceful settlement.

Britain's Mediation

Both press and political circles in Britain recognize with gratitude the practical policy of determination mixed with sweet reasonableness adopted by Britain. Although regarded as inevitable by all circles that the initiative in mediation should fall on Britain as the least committed party, the statement of Mr. Neville Chamberlain, the Prime Minister, in the House of Commons that the British Government enjoyed the full co-operation of the French Government has evoked much pleasure.

According to a Berlin message, despite several disturbing incidents a lessening of the strain is being maintained, but Mr. Chamberlain's statement is viewed with a certain amount of scepticism.

While every admonition to Prague is welcomed, it is felt in Berlin that the results of Britain's admonitions to the Czechoslovak Government have hitherto not been visible. Three alleged violations of the frontier by the Czech military are held as proof that these admonitions have so far been ineffective.

One spokesman said today: "Britain gives platonic advice to Czechs, but the Czechs feel that they are backed by her. It would have been an easy matter to have asked the Czechs to withdraw their troops from the frontier, and if the Czechs had been earnest they could have done so immediately with the aid of a few lorries."—Reuter.

U.S. Impressed Over British Stand

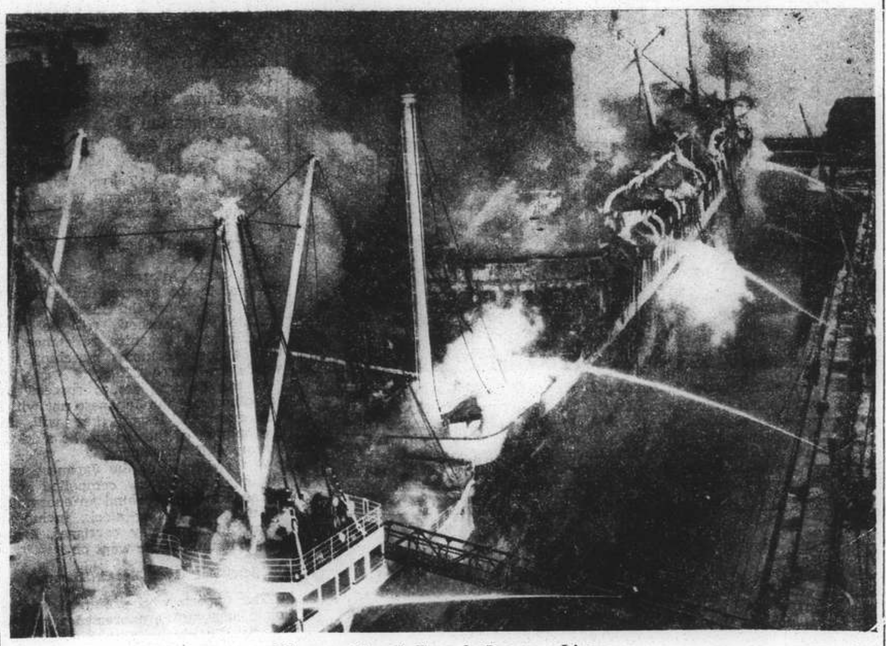
Peace-Maker's Role and Firmness Appreciated

Washington, May 24.

The European situation was the subject of a conference yesterday afternoon between President Roosevelt and Mr. Cordell Hull, Secretary of State.

The assurance given by Mr. Neville Chamberlain, the British Prime Minister, in the House of Commons yesterday that the Czechoslovak situation had seemed eased somewhat is welcomed here, where officials have been following developments anxiously throughout the week-end.

The predominant part which London is playing in restraining both parties has made a very favourable impression, particularly in those circles where Mr. Chamberlain's policy has hitherto not been very warmly received, while the firm line Britain is now taking has evoked general respect.—Reuter.



Fire on Board French Luxury Liner

Fire broke out on board the French Trans-Atlantic liner Lafayette after she had entered drydock at Le Havre, France, for repairs. The outbreak coincided with a strike among the stewards which interfered with the French service across the Atlantic. Picture shows firefighting operations in progress.

Election Trends Show Czechs Favour Sudeten Compromise

All Parties Advocating Fullest Concessions for German Minority, Gain Strongly at Polls

Prague, May 24.

RESULTS of Sunday's elections indicate the Czech people's sincere wishes to reach an understanding with the Sudeten Germans it is generally considered here. Proof of this is in the fact that the two extreme Right-wing groups, the National League and National Union, have lost 27 per cent. of the votes they obtained in Prague in 1931. These partes were hostile to any concessions watsoever to the Sudetens.

The three strongest parties, the Social Nationalists, Social Democrats and Communists, gained eleven per cent. and all three groups, it is remarked, had been and are advocating an agreement with the Sudetens, though at the same time, they recommend the enforcement of democratic propaganda in the German minority.

The Agrarians and Artisans are smaller parties; they made the largest gains in the first ballot of the Czech elections. Their programmes include maximum concessions to the Sudeten Party.

General impressions among observers is that an overwhelming Czechoslovkian majority favour wide concessions to the Germans residing in their country.

Detailed Results Given

Detailed results of the municipal elections held in 250 boroughs Monday revealed that the Socialist-Nationalist Party, a moderate leftist group, obtained 142,000 votes, a gain of 35,000 over the previous elections, the largest number of votes secured by one party.

The Communists polled 89,500 ballots, a gain of 21,000, while the Czech Social-Democratic Party obtained 77,000, a gain of 10,000.

The German Sudeten Party polled 15,351 votes, a jump of 10,000. As an example, quoting the results of the 22 municipalities where the Germans obtained a majority, the Sudetens secured 359 seats, the Czech parties 193, and the German Democrats 51, out of a total of 513 Municipal Councillor seats.

As the proportional system is strictly observed, the results show that the Sudetens will represent only seventy per cent. of the population in these municipalities, thirty per cent. being against them.

In the most important boroughs, at Usti the Sudetens obtained 29 seats, the German Social Democrats four and the Czech parties nine; at Decin, the Sudetens gained 28, the German Social-Democrats three, and the Czech groups ten; and finally at Dureov, the Sudetens polled sixteen seats, the German Democrats two, and the Czech groups eighteen.—Havas.

British Observers Plan

London, May 24.

It is the Government's intention today to sound out Berlin on the idea of sending British observers into the Sudeten German districts of Czechoslovakia, political quarters here now declare. Similar approaches will be made to Prague if Germany favours this plan which there is good reason to believe, the Reich's diplomats will welcome though doubt is expressed over the final decision of the Fuehrer, Herr Adolf Hitler.

It is added here that the British Cabinet also contemplates suggesting to Prague that the Czech elections be hurried and concluded next Sunday.—Havas.

Britain All Prepared for Emergency, House of Lords Assured

Reserves of Essential Raw Materials Secured; Motion for Ministry of Supply Rejected

SPECIAL TO THE "N.C.D.N."

London, May 24.

The House of Lords, by 54 votes to 12, has rejected a motion by Lord Mottistone for the establishment of a Ministry of Supply for the three defence services.

In introducing his motion, Lord Mottistone, Secretary of State for War between 1912 and 1914, recalled the effectiveness of the Ministry of Munitions during the War.

In July 1918, he said, "we were producing over 2,000 aeroplanes a month. By applying the appropriate remedy today as then, we could have, if necessary, 40,000 planes."

In reply the Marquess of Zetland, Secretary of State for India and Burma, said that orders for all aeroplanes required to fulfil the Government's accelerated programme had now been given.

"We do a good many things," he declared, "that we do not publish. It must not be assumed that because we are not always crying from the housetops what we have done, we are not doing things of which the public are in ignorance."

Lord Zetland quoted, as an example, purchases of wheat, sugar and whale oil.

He added that they had secured similar reserves of other essential raw materials, but that he did not propose to specify what had been done.

The whole experience of the last war, he declared, was at the Government's disposal, and was not being neglected.

"We have laid our plans," Lord Zetland asserted, "and should the moment come for taking rapid and drastic action, we shall be found ready. The machinery is in existence, and I hope that little more than pressing the button will be required to set it in motion."

Evacuating Civilians

It is understood that the British Government intends to establish a departmental committee to examine the whole question of evacuation of the civilian population, either in whole or in part, from cities and towns threatened by air raids in case of war.—Reuter.

Spanish Nationalist Chief Asks Help

Plea for German, Italian Arms; Republicans Gain

Hendaye, May 23.

Gen. Francisco Franco, Spanish Nationalist Leader, was reported today to have urgently appealed to Germany and Italy for additional men, guns and planes while the Republicans claimed important gains in a surprise offensive on a 55-mile front in northern Catalonia.

The Republican Headquarters announced that 20,000 troops under Gen. Vicente Rojo captured the San Cornelio mountain range east of Tremp in the first major offensive since Teruel and designed to recapture electric plants held by the Nationalits. A United Press correspondent on the spot reported fierce fighting on several important hills which changed hands a number of times.

Nationalists denied having suffered any important losses and claimed to have shot down eleven, possibly seventeen Republican planes in a huge air battle. Nationalists also claimed capture of six tanks.—United Press.

Rumanian Tribute to Anglo-French Moves

Most Difficult Moment For Many Years Past

SPECIAL TO THE "N.C.D.N."

Bucharest, May 24.

A tribute to the "timely and well-thought intervention of France and, especially, Great Britain" in regard to the Czechoslovak question is paid in a statement issued here today by authorised circles.

As a result, the statement adds, "perhaps the most difficult moment for many years is now becoming past history."—Reuter.

Hankow Relieved

Hankow, May 24.

Chinese circles are closely watching developments in Central Europe. Much relief is felt here over reports that there has been a slight easing of the tension in Europe, as it is generally considered that a general European war in its early stages would have unfavourable consequences in China.

All the European Powers at present supplying arms and ammunition to China, it is felt, would be unable to continue doing so if they were involved in a major war.—Reuter.

Admiral Hasegawa Dines With Emperor

Tokyo, May 24.

Vice-Admiral Kiyoshi Hasegawa, Commander-in-Chief of the Yokosuka Naval Base and Commander-in-Chief of the Japanese China Sea Fleet for the major part of the current hostilities, was Emperor Hirohito's guest at luncheon yesterday. Other guests included Rear-Admirals Rokuzo Sugiyama and Denshichi Ohkochi, former Chief of Staff of the China Sea Fleet and Commander of the Naval Landing Party in Shanghai respectively.—Domei.

Col. Beck in Berlin

Berlin, May 23.

Col. Joseph Beck, Polish Foreign Minister, passed through Berlin today en route to Stockholm. He did not leave his special car attached to the train while in Berlin. M. Jozef Lipski, Polish Ambassador here, went to the station to confer with the chief. It is remarked that the Colonel did not confer at all with any German officials.—Havas.

£10,000,000 Worth of Chinese Silver Coins

London, May 24.

A total of £10,000,000 worth of Chinese silver coins of fifty different dates and denominations, numbering about forty million, are now being packed together in the vaults of one of the London banks for shipment to the United States, according to the "Manchester Guardian."

The coins, the journal states, which have been lying for hundreds of years in the treasuries of mandarins and provincial governors, were sent from China in baskets woven from rushes, for replacement by gold.—Reuter.

Commons Queries On Customs Issue

No Acquiescence in Any Interference With Service

London, May 24.

The control of the Chinese Maritime Customs at Shanghai and the position of Chinese cotton mills with British interests were the subjects of questions in the House of Commons yesterday.

In reply to Mr. A. C. Moreing, Conservative member for Preston, Mr. R. A. Butler, Under-Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, said that the recent appointment of a Superintendent of Customs at Shanghai was made by the provisional administration at Nanking.

His Majesty's Government, he added, did not recognize that administration, and could not, therefore, control the appointment.

Mr. Moreing asked whether "we are going to recognize the appointment of a controller of services of the greatest importance to British trade made by an administration that we do not recognize ourselves."

Mr. Butler: "His Majesty's Government has already made clear that, in the recent Customs Agreement concluded in Tokyo, it did not acquiesce in any interference with the Customs Service and its international personnel."

Mr. Alan Chorlton, Conservative member for Bury, then asked what steps were being taken in connection with certain Chinese cotton mills with British interests and obligations to British concerns which had been taken over by the Japanese.

Mr. Butler replied that he had had no information that any such mills had actually been taken over by the Japanese, but the British policy in such cases was to give all protection possible to the genuine British interests involved.

Replying to supplementary questions, Mr. Butler declared that he was glad to consider any information members might have on the subject.—Reuter.

Poland to Recognize Manchoukuo

Negotiations in Tokyo Reported Successful

Tokyo, May 24.

Poland will extend de jure recognition to Manchoukuo before mid-June, Domei learned today from authoritative sources.

Culminating a series of conferences over a period of weeks, diplomatic representatives of Japan, Manchoukuo and Poland here have arrived at a formula providing for the exchange of accredited envoys between Warsaw and Changchun.

Participating in the conferences, which were concluded last week, were Mr. Kensuke Horinouchi, Vice-Minister for Foreign Affairs Mr. Yuan Chen-tuo, Manchoukuo Ambassador, and M. Thaddee de Romer, Polish Minister.

The first step to be taken by Warsaw and Changchun will be an exchange of consular officials. Shortly afterwards, a treaty of amity will be negotiated.

Manchoukuo now enjoys recognition of Japan, El Salvador, Germany, Italy and Gen. Francisco Franco's administration in Spain.—Domei.

Poland Denies "Evening Standard" Report

London, May 24.

The Polish Embassy in London categorically denies the sensational announcement made by the "Evening Standard" regarding an alleged conversation between the Polish Foreign Minister Col. Joseph Beck, and the German Ambassador in Warsaw, Baron Hans von Moltke.—Trans-Ocean.

Fierce Fighting at Kaifeng

Japanese Claim Capture of Lanfeng After Two Days' Battle; Quantities of Arms Taken

Hankow, May 24.

BITTER fighting is raging east of Kaifeng, capital of Honan, where the situation is admitted to be critical for the Chinese. Chinese troops are stated to be launching a desperate counter-offensive, employing mass tank attacks, in an effort to halt the Japanese advance.

Two Japanese columns are pressing upon Kaifeng, according to Chinese reports. One of these, advancing from Chihsien, south of Lanfeng, is stated to have reached Hsinlung station, east of Kaifeng, while the other, from Lanfeng, is said to have reached Lowang, another station east of the Honan capital.

Chinese forces, advancing westward from Kweiteh along the Lunghai Railway, reached Lanfeng late last night, Chinese sources state.

In north Anhwei, Chinese troops are said to be besieging Mengcheng.

The Chinese, military despatches from the front assert, reached the western suburbs of the city on May 21 and subsequently occupied the Japanese aerodrome outside the south-east gate.

Fierce fighting is also said to be taking place west of Hofei, where the Chinese and Japanese are battling for position on the strategic hill of Tashushan.—Reuter.

Triangle Pens In Chinese

Japanese lines surrounding Chinese south of Hsuchow on May 21 formed a leaning triangle with Soltien, south of Siaohsien, in Kiangsu province, as its apex and with a base running north to south from Minsientsi on the Tientsin-Pukow Railway to Kiakow in Anhwei province, a Japanese army spokesman said last night.

The sides of the triangle are approximately 30 kilometres long.

Meantime 10,000 Chinese troops east of the Tsinpu Railway were attacked by a Japanese column near Chulan, south-west of Hsuchow, on May 22. In retreating the spokesman claimed, the Chinese abandoned 600 killed, three 15-centimetre calibre howitzers, three mountain guns, three anti-aircraft machine guns, 33 trucks and large numbers of light and heavy machine guns and rifles.

In Hsuchow Japanese troops took three armoured cars, five rapid fire guns, 33 locomotives and 400 railway carriages, the spokesman said.

Other war booty taken in the battle for Hsuchow had not yet been counted, he added.

Heavy Chinese Casualties

Chinese casualties were estimated by staff officers in Peiping at 450. The Chinese were also said to have left behind two trench-mortars, two heavy machine-guns, five light machine-guns, 100,000 rounds of rifle ammunition, and 2,000 hand-grenades.

Bombed by military and naval planes during the day were Chengchow; Kaifeng; areas south of Lanfeng; Hwaiyin, 180 klms. north of Nanking; Hwaian, near by, and other towns west of the Tsinpu.

At Kaifeng, more than ten trains, tracks and station buildings, as well as troop concentrations, were bombed on Monday morning. Freight cars and Chinese troops near military barracks south-east of Kaifeng were bombed.

In the afternoon the Chengchow station was bombed and heavily damaged. Chinese troops south of Lanfeng also were attacked.

Japanese Near Kaifeng

Military developments on the Lunghai front yesterday neared another climax, as Japanese units drove their way to points within a striking distance of Kaifeng, the capital of Honan.

The developments reported during the day included;

Japanese entry into the ruined town that once was Lanfeng, the "gateway to Kaifeng";

Occupation of the Chenliukow ford across the Yellow River, north of Lanfeng, by Japanese units driving from the south;

Occupation of Lowang, a Lunghai Railway station 28 klms. east of Kaifeng and 12 klms. west of Lanfeng; and

All-destructive aerial bombing of railway stations and Chinese military positions at Kaifeng and Chengchow.

In a communiqué issued in Peiping yesterday morning, the headquarters

(Continued on page 6)

Weihaiwei Cut Off From Hinterland

Frequent Skirmishes with Chinese Guerillas; Supply Problem a Result

Weihaiwei, May 24.

Weihaiwei, occupied by the Japanese on March 7, is today a complete oasis, cut off from the hinterland by Chinese irregulars and guerillas who are in control of the country outside a ten-mile radius from the town.

These Chinese permit no supplies to enter Weihaiwei by land, and the Japanese allow none to go out.

Skirmishes between the Japanese and Chinese are of frequent occurrence. The scene of the more recent engagements is a point some ten miles to the south of Weihaiwei.

In an engagement last week, a Japanese cruiser and a submarine had to be called to the assistance of the Japanese garrison. They took up positions to the south of the bay and, with their gun-fire which was distinctly audible from here, offered artillery support for a small land force of 150 to 200 men sent to reinforce the Japanese garrison.

Aid of Warships Called

By nightfall when the fighting was over and the sound of gun-fire had died down, several village fires could be seen shooting their flames into the darkness.

The tactics of the guerillas seem to follow a uniform plan. They attack one day, at a point far distant from their previous attack, and fight for a whole day. At night they withdraw to their base and hostilities do not break out again until a few days later.

Casualties are not ascertainable, though obviously exaggerated reports are freely current here. The Chinese guerillas are said to have a considerable supply of arms and ammunition.

Many Villages Destroyed

Several villages within the former leased territory have been partially or wholly destroyed by the Japanese as punishment for sheltering guerillas. The Chinese country-folk are on the horns of a dilemma. If they give aid to the guerillas they have their villages burnt up by the Japanese; if they refuse aid to the guerillas they are treated as traitors to the Chinese and suffer an equally bad fate at the hands of their countrymen.

Farther inland much damage to property and some loss of life has resulted from Japanese air raids, bombs being dropped upon open towns and villages alleged to be helping the Chinese. In this area life is said to be proceeding normally and the guerillas are reported to be making no oppressive demands on the Chinese populace.

The port itself remains quiet. Curfew is still in force and no one goes out after dark. Chinese are subject to search at every police post on the streets. The result is that most of the better class of Chinese, especially the women, remain indoors as much as possible.—Reuter.

Denmark, Iceland Note Italian Conquest

Rome, May 24.

Denmark and Iceland today officially recognized the Italian Empire.—Havas.

Search for British Officer's Body in Japanese Mountain Regions Fruitless

Lieutenant Peacocke's Disappearance Remains Mystery; Skiing Holiday Began Misadventure

Tokyo, May 24.

The Language Officer to the British Embassy returned today from Kusatsu after assisting in a fruitless search for the body of Lieutenant T. A. Peacocke, the young British Army officer who disappeared in the large, snow-clad, mountainous area around Shiga Heights at the beginning of February this year.

The Language Officer reports that the area in which Lieutenant Peacocke disappeared is very precipitious, and is still snow-covered. Deep chasms abound in the mountainous country through which Lieutenant Peacocke was passing on his way to Shiga Heights on a skiing trip.

Bamboo thickets which are beginning to shoot up at this time of the year, are decreasing the chances of solving the mystery of the young officer's disappearance, except accidentally.

Lieutenant Peacocke, who was attached to a heavy battery in Singapore, arrived in Tokyo on leave about the middle of last January.

Holiday Area Recommended

He called on the British Military Attache, Major-General F. S. G. Piggott, and said he would like to enjoy some winter sports.

General Piggott recommended him to visit Shiga Heights, a well-known skiing resort in Nagana Prefecture some six hours by rail from Tokyo.

Lieutenant Peacocke said he would like to stay at Nikko for a few days to await the arrival of two fellow officers from Singapore, who were coming on a later steamer.

Lieutenant Peacocke stayed for a couple of days at Nikko and then left for Shiga Heights without waiting for his friends, who arrived there the next day.

It was not until the Singapore Garrison cabled to the Military Attache in Tokyo about March 22 enquiring concerning Peacocke's whereabouts that any concern began to be felt.

The Japanese authorities were immediately consulted, and a vigorous investigation was begun for the missing officer.

For several days, no trace of him could be found, but eventually the local police discovered that Lieutenant Peacocke with a Japanese companion, Masayoshi Asamura, spent the night of January 30 in the house of the watchman of the Kwanto Sulphur Mine, on the border of Nagano and Gumma Prefectures.

Guided Through Storm

After staying the night, it was ascertained, the two men decided to return to Kumano Hot Springs because a heavy storm had set in.

The watchman guided the two skiiers through the storm, which grew steadily worse, for an hour and a half, to the ridge of Mount Yamada. There he pointed out a short cut to Kumano, and returned to the mine.

It is surmised that the two travellers may have fallen into a deep and treacherous ravine in the vicinity, possibly hidden from their view till too late by the ten feet of snow which lay on the ground.

At the time of Lieutenant Peacocke's disappearance, Major-General Piggott said that officials of the Home Ministry had two theories.

The first was that Peacocke's companion, was a "real wrong 'un," who had attached himself to Lieutenant Peacocke for the purpose of "doing him in."

The second was that Peacocke met with an accident, and Asamura went to his assistance, but lost his way in the blizzard. He then fired a revolver to attract attention, and eventually collapsed and was frozen to death.

Major-General Piggott emphasized that the mystery could not be solved unless the body of the British officer were found.—Reuter.

Germany Not Ready for Major Land War Says Mr. Winston Churchill

British Statesman Believes Peaceful Solution Possible on Basis of Herr Henlein's Demands

SPECIAL TO THE "N.C.D.N."

London, May 24.

An opinion that the firm attitude of France, supported to a very considerable extent by Great Britian, and, above all, the determination of the Czechs to fight in defence of their country might prevent a "violent and bloody seizure of Czechoslovakia," was expressed by Mr. Winston Churchill in a speech before his constituents at Chingford, Essex, last night.

"I remain hopeful of a peaceful solution," he said, "because I have good reason to believe that the plan which Herr Henlein (Leader of the Sudeten German Party) described when he was here last week would not be unacceptable to the Czech Government."

Mr. Churchill asserted that high authorities considered that Germany was not ready for a major land war.

The City reassembled yesterday morning prepared for a "Black Monday," but, owing to energetic British diplomatic activity on the Continent over the week-end, investors, together with the general public, were not disposed to panic. Apart from the usual precautionary marking down of certain stocks and shares, nothing untoward occurred on the Stock Exchange. Moreover, as the morning progressed, a more confident feeling became apparent.

Lively conditions, however, prevailed on the London foreign exchange market, where nervousness regarding the European political tension found reflection in a general Continental demand for dollars, sterling and, to a lesser extent, gold. The demand for American currency was especially heavy from Holland and Switzerland, and the Exchange Controls in both countries had to support the respective currencies.

Offerings of francs were not particularly heavy, but with the French authorities holding off and the undertone of the whole market very nervous, only small sales were sufficient to drive the spot rate down to 178.84, compared with 177.59 at the close on Saturday. The rate eventually rallied to 178.68 at the end of the day.

The morning press yesterday recognized a slight relaxation in the tension in Europe.

"The Times," in a leading article says: "The British Government's policy is clear to all the world. It is to urge moderation and peaceful methods, to promote mutual understanding of difficulties and, above all, to face the fundamental problem of unrest among minorities and to press for its solution.

"Never was there a moment when it was more necessary in this and other countries to restrain embittered feelings and keep cool heads.

"There is no reason for war and no likelihood of war unless some explosive incident occurs which jerks people out of the realm of quiet into that of passion, rivalry and hatred.

"There could be no profit in war to any nation or to any section of any nation except, indeed, to the enemies of society—anarchists, who see visions of empire amid the ruins of civilizaton. No single country is in a position to win a short war and the harm, human and material, wrought in a long one by modern destructive weapons between the leading countries of Europe would be irrepairable for generations to come."

The "Daily Telegraph" says: "After a weekend of international anxiety, as grave in its potentialities as any crisis since 1914, the lessening of the tension in Central Europe reported today deserved a welcome and encouragement for the respite it offers to conciliatory statesmanship.

"The causes of the crisis persist and must be resolved and only the imaginative optimism would represent that the period of danger has been passed. But a relative calm at least has been attained, and for this it is fair to thank not only the governments in Berlin and Prague, which have exercised great restraint, but the persistence of the British and French representations in pressing upon both Berlin and Prague the urgent need for circumspection.

"There can be little doubt that this change of atmosphere must be attributed to the good offices of France and Britain. Well-meaning isolationists occasionally inquire why Britain cannot "cut adrift" from European quarrels in which she has no immediate interest—as we have none in the differences between Germany and Czechoslovakia. One answer lies in the fact of the French alliance with Czechoslovakia and in our own close ties to France, which have never been stronger.—Wireless and Reuter.

Australian Ban on Iron for Japan

Gaimusho Demarche to Canberra Over Move; "Bad Faith" Hinted

Tokyo, May 24.

Japan has filed representations with the Australian Government over the recently promulgated embargo on the export of iron ore to this country, a Gaimusho spokesman revealed today. The demarche, he said, was made by the Japanese Consul-General in Sydney, Mr. Torao Wakamatsu.

The embargo, the spokesman declared, "not only contravenes the principle of equity but also strains the relations between the two nations."

The spokesman urged Australia to reconsider her stand "for the sake of the freedom of trade as well as friendly Australian-Japanese relations."

Iron ore, the official pointed out, forms one of the major items of Japanese imports from Australia, together with raw wool and flour.

Japanese interests, he pointed out, had invested much money in iron mines at Yampi Sound, with the approval of the Australian Government. These mines are now in operation.

"The Australian Government," the spokesman charged, "is open to criticism on the grounds of bad faith for taking a measure calculated to render impossible the working of these iron mines and exporting their ore to Japan."—Domei.

Flood Death-Roll in Austria Mounts

6,000 Homeless: Dramatic Rescue Effected

Graz, May 24.

The death-roll in the Austrian floods is now believed to have reached 30 in the Graz district alone, while the number of homeless exceeds 6,000.

A dramatic rescue of 32 persons, trapped in a house in Frohnleiden for 48 hours, occurred this morning after the house had collapsed and motor-boats from Vienna took aboard all the inhabitants, who were precariously lodged on the roof of an outhouse. The floods are now receding.—Reuter.

Lord, Lady Astor Hosts To Their Majesties

Col., Mrs. Lindbergh and U.S. Envoy Guests

London, May 23.

Lord and Lady Astor entertained the King and Queen, the Duke and Duchess of Kent, Col. and Mrs. Charles A. Lindbergh and the American Ambassador, Mr. Joseph P. Kennedy, and Mrs. Kennedy tonight at a colourful private ball.

The Ball was held at their St. James Square residence after some forty guests had informally dined at two oval tables decorated with Lord Astor's gold racing trophies and valuable family gold plate.—United Press.

Japanese Training Ship

Tokyo, May 24.

With 34 apprentice-mariners aboard, the Kaio Maru, of the Ministry of Education, was on the high seas today en route to San Diego. The Training vessel, which left Yokohama on Saturday, will then proceed to islands of the southern Pacific and will return here on September 20, completing a journey of 12,100 miles.—Domei.

Missionary Kidnapped

Tientsin, May 24.

A Belgian missionary named de Wilde was kidnapped by eight bandits carryiny a Japanese flag at Maitachao on the Peiping-Suiyuan Railway yesterday, according to information received here tonight. Japanese troops are pursuing the bandits, who fled into the mountains.—Domei.

Japanese Munitions Ship Damaged

San Pedro, Calif., May 23.

The Arimasa Maru, en route to Japan with war supplies, collided with the freighter Walter A. Luckenbach in a heavy fog outside the harbour here today. Damage was estimated between U.S.$60,000 and U.S. $80,000.—United Press.

Mr. C. E. Gauss in U.S.

San Francisco, May 23.

Mr. Clarence E. Gauss, United States Consul General in Shanghai, arrived here today in the President Coolidge.—United Press.

Dr. von Schuschnigg Taken to Leipzig

Vienna, May 24.

Dr. Kurt von Schuschnigg, former Chancellor of Austria, has been taken to Leipzig, it is reliably learned here today. —Reuter.

U.S. Envoy in London In Big Law-Suit

Washington, May 24.

Mr. J. P. Kennedy, American Ambassador in London, is one of four defendants in a million-dollar action for damages brought against the Securities Exchange Commission by a dealer in oil securities, who claims he suffered damage because the Commission refused to permit him to issue securities in 1935, when Mr. Kennedy was chairman of the Commission.—Reuter.

U.S. Workers Congratul Mexico on Oil Issue

Washington, May 23.

Several workers' associations affiliated to the Committee for Industrial Organization have addressed messages of congratulations to the Mexican Embassy here on that Central American country's stand on the question of the foreign oilfields' expropriation.—Havas.

Steel Mill Operations

New York, May 23.

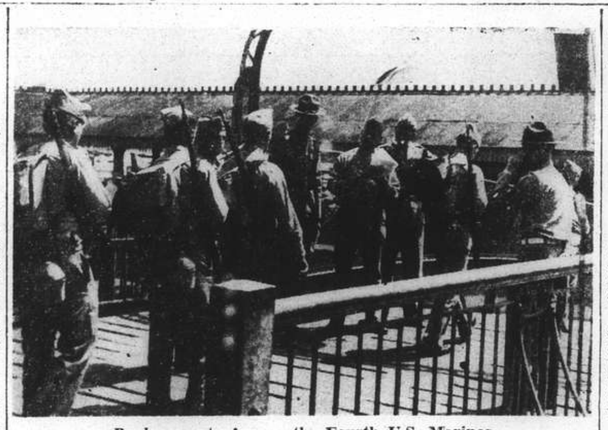
Steel mill activity in the United States for the week ended May 21 was placed at 29.0 per cent. of capacity, according to the weekly report of the American Iron and Steel Institute, published today.

This compares with 30.7 per cent. of capacity, last week and 91.0 per cent. of capacity for the corresponding period of last year, showing decreases of 1.7 per cent. of capacity and 62.0 per cent. of capacity respectively, compared with the figure for the week under review.—Reuter.

U.S. Gold Engagements

New York, May 23.

Gold engagements for New York today totalled $7,100,000, of which $5,800,000 will come from Japan and $1,300,000 from England.—Reuter.



Replacements Among the Fourth U.S. Marines

About 300 men arrived recently in the U.S. transport Henderson, and are gradually replacing a similar number of men at present stationed with the Fourth U.S. Marines and who are due to go home. They are being replaced daily in batches of about fifty men at a time, this photograph showing some of the "local" men going down on to the Customs Jetty for the journey out to the Henderson.

God's Ways are Wondrous

Sermon Preached in Holy Trinity Cathedral By Dean Trivett at Evensong on May 15

TEXT:—"What I do thou knowest not now, but thou shalt know hereafter." St. John 13, 7.

VISITING in Hospital some time ago, I had a long chat with one who found it difficult to see or understand the why and the wherefore, or any purpose or justice in sorrow and suffering. Why, for instance, does an infant come into the world, twine its little arms about the hearts of its parents, and then develop some malady, and after weeks and months of suffering, die? Why are men smitten with incurable diseases, doomed to suffer cruel pains from which drugs can only give partial relief, gradually wasting away until death is a thing to be prayed for? These and kindred problems have exercised the minds of men in every age and condition. It exercises the mind of the author of the hymn we sang together a few minutes ago,—"God moves in a mysterious way his wonders to perform." And indeed the hymn is his answer to it. Let us see if it suggests an answer for us also.

The text I have chosen this evening is that placed by the compilers of our hymns Ancient and Modern, as key text to the hymn. Primarily, the words have reference to our Lord's action of the moment. That action of his so difficult for the Disciples to understand when their Lord and Master girded himself to do the menial work of washing his Disciples' feet. But the words are capable of a far wider and deeper meaning, and I would premise that they suggest what should be the Chistian's attitude toward many things which we cannot now understand. We must be prepared to see and experience many things, the purpose and wisdom of which we cannot at present understand or explain, and we must learn to trust the promise of God that one day all will be made clear. "What I do, thou knowest not now, but thou shalt know hereafter." Sometime, somewhere, we shall know and understand the full purpose, the why and the wherefore, and the needs be, of what now seems so incomprehensible,—sickness, sorrow, disappointment, bereavement,—these experiences which come to all men at some time or other. We, one and all, like our Lord and Master, must come at some time during life's journey to our lesser "Garden of Gethsemane." As Ella Wheeler Wilcox puts it:—

All those who journey, soon or late,
Must pass within the garden's gate:
Must kneel alone in darkness there,
And battle with some fierce despair,
God pity those who cannot say,
'Not mine but thine,' who only pray
'Let this cup pass,' and cannot see
The purpose in Gethsemane.

Now I ask you to consider Cowper's hymn, because, while it recognizes the reality of the mystery in which every life is more or less involved, that "God moves in a mysterious way," it recognizes as well, and teaches clearly, the fact that the Divine Providence governs all the affairs of life; that God has a great purpose working through all circumstance. As Bishop Roots reminded us last Sunday, "God has a plan."

Deep in unfathomable mines
Of never failing skill.
He treasures up his bright designs
And works his sovereign will.

A Biography

A brief biographical sketch will help us to appreciate and understand the hymn and its teaching.

William Cowper was born of an old and honourable family at his father's Rectory at Berkhampstead, in Herefordshire, on November 26, 1731,—just over 200 years ago. He lost his mother when he was only six, this was particularly unfortunate in his case, since he was never robust, being from childhood delicate and shy, and given to periods of intense despondency. At his Prep School he was most unhappy, being the butt and victim of his rougher companions, but later at Westminster, he was much happier; here he numbered among his friends Warren Hastings, Colman, and Churchill. Cowper was articled to study law, but had little enthusiasm for the profession. On the death of his father, he was nominated to a clerkship of the journals in the House of Lords. The shyness of his childhood was if anything increased in manhood. It was necessary for him to appear publicly in the House of Lords to show his fitness for the appointment. He suffered an agony of dread as the date set for the ordeal approached. Finally he suffered a nervous breakdown, resulting in temporary mental derangement.

He recovered his sanity, but was more or less an invalid for the rest of his life. It was shortly after this he formed the two great friendships that contributed to shape his future, namely that with the Unwins, and John Newton. John Newton, after years of wandering and waywardness, in which he had been the Captain of a ship in the slave trade, and then a slave himself, had been converted and ordained to a curacy in Olney. At Olney, and in companionship with these friends, Cowper spent the happiest and most fruitful years of his life. He lived at Olney for about twenty years, and there wrote nearly all his poems, hymns and letters. In 1782 he published his first volume of poems, and about this time, he wrote "The Task" and "John Gilpin," which established his fame. The last few years of his life, owing to the loss of his friends upon whom he so much depended, and especially Mrs. Unwin, were marked by great despondency. He died in April 1800.

Just before he died, the two doctors who were attending him saw a smile, so marvellous in its blending of astonishment, delight and thankfulness, come over his face, that they said one to another,—"He is telling us as plainly as if he could speak it, 'I am getting into heaven after all.'" He was buried by the side of his friends, in St. Edmund's Chapel, East Dereham Church.

Cowper's Works

Under Newton's influence, Cowper engaged in parish work and wrote the 68 hymns which Newton published in the Olney collection. Cowper's hymns and poems show no trace of the depression which at times so worried him. They are full of healthy piety, and particularly adapted to the needs of young people, for nowhere else will they find faults and failings so bravely condemned, and personal religion so charmingly commended. Our book contains only seven of his hymns, but with hardly an exception, they are known and used. One might mention, for instance,

Jesus, where'er thy people meet.
Hark my soul it is the Lord.
O for a closer walk with God.
There is a fountain filled with blood.

and the hymn we sang a few moments ago, "God moves in a mysterious way."

Newton tells us that the occasion of this hymn was almost a tragedy in Cowper's life. During a period of melancholia, the poet had become possessed with the idea that it was the will of God that he should, after the example of Abraham, perform an expensive act of obedience, and offer, not a son, but himself. He set out for the place of his vision, but his driver missed the way, and as Cowper walked home through the fields, the cloud lifted from his mind, and in a spirit of gratitude, he wrote this hymn. The hymn first appeared in 1774. From the first it was popular, and today it is probably one of the most widely known and frequently used hymns in English speaking countries.

The hymn recognizes how baffling to our comprehension, often, is the operation of Providence. Why are earthquakes and epidemics and famines permitted? Why do multitudes go through life deprived of the faculties of seeing, hearing, speaking, or of reason? Why should good men and women die in their prime when apparently most needed? Why do others who are worthless, and sinful live on to curse the world? Why should parents be taken away and leave innocent and helpless children to suffer?. Why do we have to bear so many burdens, face so many temptations, pass through so many trials and endure so many sorrows? Truly, as the poet sings,—"God moves in a mysterious way."

Divine Purpose

Cowper was thinking of the great trial of his own life, his melancholia. He could not understand why God permitted it.—That was a profound mystery to him. And yet in all his sufferings he believed sincerely that God was working out some plan, in and through his life. The hymn reflects this conviction. It recognizes the mystery of human circumstances, but it also sees a great divine purpose working through it all and in spite of all. No other faith is truly Christian. We must cling firmly to the belief that there is a great divine purpose underlying all life's often bewildering circumstance, that there is a destiny that shapes our ends, rough-hew them as we will. Any other view, plunges us in a sea of utter hopelessness and despair. The Almighty God ruling over all. He made this world, and it operates according to his laws. He is our Heavenly Father.

Just as a father's way is often beyond the comprehension of his child, so is God's beyond ours. We see only a small fraction of the whole. He sees it all. We see only the present. He sees the future as well. And what is mysterious to us is due so often to our partial view. Have we not proven it time and time again, each in his own experience?

Can we not trust our loving heavenly Father, and not waste our time and energy in fretfulness and fearfulness? When seas of trouble roar and swell, and threaten to engulf us,—when the storms sweep in with seeming irresistible power,—fear not! Our God sits above the water-floods, and even the seeming calamities may work his good will for us.—Comfort yourself with the thought.

God moves in a mysterious way
His wonders to perform
He plants his footsteps in the sea
And rides upon the storm.

God's Storehouse

How marvellous it is to think that ages before man came into this world, God was preparing it for him, and furnishing it for his comfort. Preparing and storing for man's use and enjoyment in the deep mines of the earth those vast mineral resources, of coal and iron and oil, of silver and gold. And that although each succeeding generation has been excavating and using these treasures yet there seems an inexhaustible supply remaining. And when one store house is emptied, another, or some better substitute is discovered.

Deep in unfathomable mines
Of never failing skill
He treasures up his bright designs
And works his sovereign will

And I may remind you, that his forethought and his provision for us is just as real and abundant in the moral and spiritual realm. It is the blessed experience of his children, that in the way of trust and obedience, they are finding out new treasures of grace and mercy day by day,—discovering that as our need is, so his strength is given to us.—"New every morning is the love."

No life is beyond the reach of trouble. Dark days come in the experience of all men; and when they come, how often we are tempted to despair. We think that they bring nothing but evil,—the gathering clouds fill us with fearfulness,—and yet, how often God's blessings come to us through the clouds. May we not learn a lesson from the physical realm? Where there are no clouds above, it is all desert below, for parching heat and arid desolation are the results of a cloudless sky. The clouds give us shelter from the burning heat, the clouds bring to us the treasured wealth of lake and river and sea. The clouds do indeed, as the Psalmist sings, "Drop fatness," on the hills and valleys, for they bring the life giving rain.

Trust Him

Then let us not be afraid when we pass thruogh them,—let us trust our Heavenly Father, trust him to bring blessing to us from the darkest and most threatening of circumstances.

Ye fearful saints, fresh courage take
The clouds ye so much dread
Are big with mercy, and shall break
In blessings on your head.

Judge not the Lord by feeble sense
But trust him for his grace
Behind a frowning providence
He hides a smiling face."

The final lesson that the hymn teaches is that Heaven will make all our mysteries plain. This is one of the most comforting thoughts of Cowper's hymn. All these shadows, sorrows, and mysteries will be made clear when we reach our Father's home above. "Earth has no sorrows that Heaven cannot heal." "The buds oft have a bitter taste, but sweet will be the full blown flowers of Heaven."

Mysteries may not be interpreted until we reach Heaven, but there our loving Heavenly Father will make them plain.

The tapestry weaver does his work on the reverse side. The watcher sees only the ends of the warp threads, and hears the rattle of the loom. To him it may all seem a mystery of tangle and confusion, but let him step to the other side, and he may see a beautiful picture growing on the loom. Just so we are weaving the fabric of our lives. We are working on the reverse side. "Now we see through a glass darkly. Now we only know in part."

If we are patient and trust Him, one day God will let us see the other side. Then we shall see "Face to face." Then we shall "know as we are known." It is only as we go forward in simple trustful obedience that we shall gain the heavenly vision.

Blind unbelief is sure to err
And scan his work in vain
But God is his own interpreter
And he will make it plain.

Sometime, somewhere, all these troublesome contradictions of life will be straightened out, these unexplained problems solved,—all the mysteries of this world made plain.

Not now but in the coming years,
It may be in the better land
We'll read the meaning of our tears
And there, sometime, we'll understand

God knows the way, he holds the key,
He guides us with unerring hand.
Sometime with tearless eyes we'll see
Yes there, up there, we'll understand.

Military Position Analyzed

China Able to Give Stiff Resistance If They Have Escaped From Trap

Tokyo, May 24.

The siege of Lanfeng is a signal for the commencement of Japan's push towards Hankow, a foreign military expert here told Domei today.

The main interest, he said, now attaches to the geographical position of the spot where the Chinese troops, defeated at Hsuchow, will be able to rally and organize resistance to the Japanese columns marching towards the Three Cities.

If the Chinese forces succeed in escaping from the Japanese net without excessive losses, they will, in the opinion of the expert, be able to put up stiff resistance.

The swiftness of the Japanese encircling movement compelled the Chinese to leave behind an enormous quantity of rolling stock, including about 1,500 railway carriages, arms and ammunition, he went on.

Sceptical Over Break Through

The expert, who preferred to remain anonymous, expressed a sceptical view over the possibility of Chinese success in breaking through the Japansee steel cordon.

If, as the Japanese claim, Lanfeng falls before long, the Chinese will scarcely be able to hold Chengchow, at the junction of the Lunghai and Peiping-Hankow Railways, he continued.

Chengchow, the expert noted, is exposed to attack from both north and east.

Playing tribute to the "vigorous offensive spirit, careful tactics and excellent mobility" displayed by the Japanese in the Hsuchow battle, the expert declared that "even Hankow will inevitably fall if the Japanese swiftly follow up their recent victory."

The Hsuchow debacle, he declared, that the Chinese armies are no match for the Japanese.—Domei.

Fierce Fighting at Kaifeng

(Continued from page 5)

of the Japanese Expeditionary Force in North China claimed that Japanese troops were within the walls of Lanfeng and that the entire Lanfeng area had been cleared of Chinese forces.

Attacked by Japanese units driving from the north and south, Chinese troops in and near Lanfeng were said to have retreated to the northwest and west, whence other Japanese columns are already approaching Lanfeng.

Defeating the 46th and the 88th divisions in a sanguinary battle, Japanese units were said to have forced their way through the town gates at 8.10 Monday morning.

A Japanese column driving towards Lanfeng from the east, at 9 o'clock on Monday night reached a point 8 klms. from the town.

At that time, a severe engagement was said to be in progress with a strong Chinese force.

Chinese in Retreat

The Chinese troops were later reported to be in retreat, with 2,000 dead bodies marking the trail of their withdrawal.

East of Lanfeng, the Inouye and Usuda units on Monday occupied the villages of Lowang and Lenfengkou, respectively 12 and 6 klms. from the town on the Lunghai railway.

At Niuwangkochi, 28 klms. west of Tangshan, where Japanese troops first severed the Lunghai Railway, a force of 700 Chinese soldiers was defeated by a Japanese column on Monday morning.

Japanese Stage Raids In Three Provinces

Fuel Dumps and Munitions Go Up in Flames

Assisting Japanese land units to to rout Chinese troops defeated on the Lunghai front, Japanese naval aircraft on Monday staged extensive raids over Honan, Kiangsu and Anhwei provinces, a Japanese naval spokesman announced yesterday morning.

Chumatien, an important Peiping-Hankow railway station north of Hankow, was severely bombed by "about 24" planes for the second time in 48 hours.

The unit, commanded by Lieut. Yoshihiko Morinaga, dropped bombs on the aercdrome, fuel depots and munitions dumps.

Columns of dense smoke were seen stretching to the sky when the raiders were leaving the town, a naval communiqué added.

Another naval air unit spent the entire day bombing and machine-gunning Chinese troops retreating from the Hsuchow area.

In the Lake Hungtze and the Grand Canal areas, naval planes sank numerous junks carrying Chinese soldiers.

Chinese troop concentrations in and near Kwoyang, about 50 klms. north-west of Mengcheng, were also severely bombed.

Other troop concentrations were scattered south of Mengcheng, the communiqué claimed. Bombs were also dropped on troops massed in Panpuchen and Hsukow, south of Haichow the eastern terminus of the Lunghai.

Japanese Generals to Discuss Plans

Gen. Hata and Gen. Terauchi To Hold Conference

Peiping, May 24.

Having brought the Hsuchow campaign to a successful conclusion, Generals Shunroku Hata and Count Hisaichi Terauchi, Commanders-in-Chief of the Japanese forces in Central and North China respectively, will meet soon to map out the course of future operations, Domei learned today.

The two officers will also exchange congratulations on the occupation of Hsuchow by troops under their command. Both are now in the zone of hostilities.—Domei.

Japanese Shell Tikang

Hankow, May 24.

Japanese warships on the Yangtze are shelling Tikang, to the southwest of Wuhu. A flotilla of nine Japanese warships moved up river today, reaching Tatung, about fifteen miles south of Tungling, with Japanese aircraft, flying low, reconnoitring along the Yangtze.—Reuter.

Sleep Is All Important For Your Baby.

A Simple Aid

Young babies require a lot of sleep; it is the most important part of their life and essential to healthy development. When your baby's sleep is disturbed you should at once seek the reason. Sometimes it may be due to the discomfort arising from a displaced pin, or too tight clothing, or he may be too hot, too cold, or perhaps hungry.

When you are satisfied that his trouble does not arise from any such causes, it is more than probable that his digestion is slightly deranged, to correct which and speedily to restore sound, health-giving sleep all that is generally needed is a dose of Baby's Own Tablets.

The action of the tablets is mildly laxative, they neither gripe nor purge and are therefore entirely suited to the delicate organs of young children.

Baby's Own Tablets are used in thousands of homes as a remedy for children's ailments such as indigestion, constipation, upset stomach, diarrhoea, simple fever, colds, croup, worms and teething troubles. They are the prescription of a British medical child-specialist and have been a favourite with parents, and children too who like their pleasant taste, for over forty years. From the cradle to twelve years of age there is nothing to surpass the children's own remedy sold by all chemists,

Baby's Own Tablets.

Japanese Cabinet May Be Reconstituted

Tokyo Political Circles Doubt "Asahi" Report

Tokyo, May 23.

Prince Konoye, the Premier, is planning the reconstruction and strengthening of his Cabinet because the fall of Hsuchow is bound to ease the China situation for a long time, the "Asahi" said today. Most political circles, however, do not believe the Premier intends to make any Cabinet changes.—United Press.

"Seeing Eye" Loses First Graduate

Morristown, N.J., May 23.

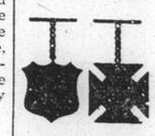
The "Seeing Eye," training institute for dogs for the blind, lost the first of its many famous dogs today with the death of Buddy, a twelve-year-old German Shepherd.—United Press.

Reichsmark Quotations

Berlin, May 23.

The following were today's Reichsmark quotations: New York 40.10, Paris 1438, Amsterdam 72,675, London 12.3575.

Paris quoted sterling at 178.50 to 178.60 and the U.S. dollar at 36.07.—Trans-Ocean.



THE CHINA CLOISONNE EXPORT CO.
Manufacturers of
MEDALS, BADGES, etc.
87 Joffre Terrace, Av. Joffre
Telephone 73516

Eagle Star
Insurance Co., Ltd.
HEAD OFFICE: LONDON
General Agents for China:
SHANGHAI INSURANCE OFFICE
103 Kiukiang Road
Telephone 18047 (3 lines)

HEALTH AND BEAUTY

Every woman can become the centre of attraction. Vivacity and beauty, the normal results of perfect health, are ensured when your system is freed from the toxins which affect both your health and looks. Eliminate these dangerous toxins by drinking ENO'S 'Fruit Salt' regularly. ENO, pleasant-tasting and invigorating, will ensure you natural health and beauty all your life.

First thing every morning

Sold Everywhere in three sizes. Trial REGULAR Large Household

TAKE **ENO'S FRUIT SALT**

for Health and Vigour all your life.

To Mariners and Navigators

For those who ply the Eastern Seas between Singapore and Yokohama, the China Coasters Tide Book is a *vade mecum* of information on all aspects of tides, harbour regulations, astronomical and other data relating to those waters.

Published at the popular price of $5, the China Coasters Tide Book and Nautical Pocket Manual for the current year should be in the pocket of every ship's officer.

On sale at the office of the publishers, the North-China Daily News, 17 The Bund, Shanghai, and at all booksellers.

"Delicious!"

YOU can always tell it's

Hazelwood
ALWAYS GOOD

ICE CREAM

by the super, smiling satisfaction of its happy consumer. Get them at your favourite soda-fountain or any tea-shop which sells HAZELWOOD ices.

Order your Ice Cream in the HAZELWOOD Refrigerator Bag. It costs only 10 cents, and can be used many times. Keeps your Ice Cream frozen hard for one hour.

RADIO STATION XMHA
Frequency 600 Kilocycles
Enjoy the Hazelwood Programme each evening at nine o'clock.

Obtainable Everywhere

FROM DAY TO DAY

H.M.S. LADYBIRD sailed yesterday at 10.30 a.m. for Wuhu.

THE Manufacturers' Bank of China has opened a branch office in Hongkong, says a message to the "Hwa Mei Chen Pao."

THE total number of visitors to the various Municipal Parks and Childrens Gardens during April was 246,640.

TODAY is the closing date for entries in the new edition of the Shanghai Directory. They should be addressed to the Publisher, Shanghai Directory, at the "North-China Daily News" Office.

CONTRARY to earlier reports, Customs guard No. 98, Mr. Yang Wen-lung, who was arrested by the Japanese on May 8, has not yet been set free, says a message to the "Sin Wan Pao."

THE "North-China Daily News" was not delivered to subscribers in Hungjao Road and the vicinity yesterday because the railway crossings were closed to Chinese, whether with or without passes. The reason for the closure is unknown.

MR. A. V. White was fined 5/- by Mr. C. H. Haines, Registrar, in H. M. Police Court yesterday for disregarding a police signal at the corner of Avenue Edward VII and Fokien Road at 3 p.m. on May 4. He was fined a further 5/- for having failed to renew his driving licence.

THE British Woman's Association are arranging a farewell tea to Miss Sharp on June 1, at 4 p.m. The committee would like to point out that this is open to all friends and past pupils of Miss Sharp both ladies and gentlemen. Tickets can be had at the office or from members of the Executive Committee.

THE annual Garden Party of the Home Study Group of Community Church will be held on Friday, May 27 at 5 p.m. at the home of Mrs. E. E. Wallme, 16 Route Winling. Dr. Y. Y. Tsu will speak on "Building Proper Children's Attitudes". Members and their husbands are cordially invited to attend.

DR. Oong Wen-hao and Mr. Wang Yung-ping, who were appointed Minister of Economics and Chairman of the Central Civil Servants Disciplinary Commission a few months ago and have since been attending to their respective duties, took their oaths of office in Chungking on Monday, states a message to the "Life Daily News."

A GROUP of capitalists in Szechuen are organizing a sugar refining factory in that province with an initial investment of $3,000,000, states a report to the "Sin Wan Pao." An agent sent by the group, one Mr. Chao, is reported to have arrived in Shanghai to make purchases of machinery from a local foreign firm.

AN interesting programme of Western classical music will be presented by the Shanghai Music Studio in a concert on Saturday, May 28, at 8 p.m., in the auditorium of the Chinese Y.M.C.A., 123 Boulevard de Montigny. The concert will be jointly given by the members of the faculty and students of the Shanghai Music Studio, 1461 Rue Lafayette.

SIX of the eight Chinese airmen who participated in the recent flight to Kiushiu, Japan, have been ordered to take a rest in Szechuen Province, says a message to the "Hwa Mei Chen Pao." The six pilots, it is reported, have arrived in Chengtu, where they were feted at a dinner reception yesterday by the Pacification Commissioner for Szechuen and Sikang, General Teng Hsi-hou.

THE Finance Commissioner of the Szechuen Provincial Government, Mr. Kan Chi-yung, who arrived in Chungking from Chengtu on Monday, were to leave for Hankow by air yesterday, says a message to the "Morning Leader." While in Hankow, Mr. Kan will make a report on the financial situation in Szechuen to the Central authorities and will seek instructions from them.

Two resident representatives of the Chinese Communist Party in Hankow, Messrs. Chow En-lai and Wang Ming, have presented an honour banner to the Chinese airmen who took part in the recent sensational flight to Kiushiu, Japan, says a dispatch to the "Morning Leader." The two leaders, at is reported, paid their respects to the air force on behalf of all members of the Chinese Communist Party.

THE ruler of Ngochinah Bannerland in Ninghsia, Prince Tu, died recently in Taerhssu Monastery there, states a dispatch to the "Standard." Following his death, it is stated, his Assistant, Tai-Chi-Ta-Wan-Chia Fu has arrived in Lanchow from Chinghai (Kokonor) Province to seek instructions from the Chairman of the Kansu Provincial Government, General Chu Shao-liang. Ngochinah Bannerland, is an important strategic area in the North-west.

MEMBERS of the "doomed battalion," who held out against the Japanese for a few days in the godown of the Joint Savings Society north of the Soochow Creek last November and have been interned in the International Settlement during the past few months, are showing keen interest in various forms of sports, says a report to the "Life Daily News." A basketball squad organized by them has already invited several Chinese teams to friendly contests.

THE Shanghai International Radio office, Sassoon House, 1 Jinkee Road, have the following radiograms waiting to be called for:—Finney Sold, Park Hotel, from Los Angeles, Cal., May 21; Skalla, Metropole Hotel from Hongkong, May 21 Kopzit, Shanghai, from Kobe, May 21; Lockhart, Cathotel, Shanghai, from Shimonoseki, May 21; Skalla, Metropole Hotel from Dairen, May 15; Gelation, Shanghai, from Tientsin, May 17; Wilkop, Shanghai, from Kobe, May 16; Genmo, Shanghai, from Inglewood, Cal., May 18 and Pernom, Shanghai, from Tientsin, May 17.

Shanghai Observes Empire Day

Flag-raising and Church Service ; Ships Dressed ; Seaforth Highlanders Baid Leads Parade

UNION Jacks occupied conspicuous positions on most of Shanghai's buildings yesterday in commemoration of Empire Day. On the river warships and merchant vessels were dressed, and local observances included a parade of Boy Scouts, Girl Guides, Wolf Cubs and Brownies, who, later, attended a service at the Holy Trinity Cathedral where they were addressed by Dr. E. G. Gauntlett, C.B.E., D.S.O. The celebrations were organized by the United Services Association.

The observance of Empire Day commenced with the annual flag raising ceremony in the grounds of H.M. Consulate General, where over 470 Boy Scouts, Girl Guides, Wolf Cubs and Brownies were drawn up in parade formation awaiting the arrival of Mr. Herbert Phillips, H.M. Consul-General. Promptly at 8 a.m. Mr. Phillips arrived on the parade ground, and as the Union Jack was slowly raised to the peak of the Consulate flagpole by two Sea Scouts to the strains of pipes and drums of the 1st. Battalion Seaforth Highlanders, the assembly came into the general salute.

Accompanied by senior officials of the scout and Guide movements in Shanghai, Mr. Phillips inspected the parade, and at the conclusion of the inspection spoke to the children. He recalled that he had been present in Shanghai when Lord Baden-Powell, the founder of the Scout movement, inspected the Scouts in 1912, and since then he had watched, with joyous feelings, the growth of the movement locally. Mr. W. C. Cassels, District Commissioner, then called for three cheers and a "tiger" for Mr. Phillips as representing His Majesty the King, and giving full power to their lungs the assembly gave three lusty British cheers.

Headed by the pipes and drums of the Seaforths the parade marched past the Consul-General, who took the salute, and by way of the Bund to the grounds of the Holy Trinity Cathedral where the observances were continued.

Here, to the rousing music of Scotland, those who had taken part in the flag raising ceremony were served with breakfast, after which the children moved into the Cathedral for the Empire Day service.

The Service

The service was arranged by Dean Trivett and the lesson was read by Mr. Hugh Middleton, Chairman of the United Services Association.

The hymns were those traditionally connected with Empire Day, "O God our help in ages past," Kipling's "The Recessional," while the choir and congregation joined together in singing "Land of hope and glory" and Parry's "Jerusalem." The lesson was taken from II Timothy ii, 1-15, "Thou therefore, my son, be strong in the grace that is in Jesus Christ."

In his address Dr. Gauntlett said that he was very proud to know that at the same time as he was addressing the Boy Scouts and Girl Guides of Shanghai, who had gathered to celebrate Empire Day, his three sons would be taking part in similar ceremonies at school in England.

The boys and girls present in the Cathedral had done their share in the Empire Day celebrations. "You have seen the flag of the Empire raised and have saluted it. Then you marched past Mr. Phillips and saluted him, and in so doing you were, in reality, saluting His Majesty the King.

The 24th. of May, although celebrated as Empire Day is also the birthday of one of our greatest monarchs. Queen Victoria was born on May 24th. 1819, and her glorious reign lasted for sixty-five years. It is only fitting that we should celebrate Empire Day on this date, as during that long reign the Empire grew and rose to the Power it is today.

The British Empire extends over one-quarter of the surface of the world, and comprises in area about 14 million square miles. It includes nearly one quarter of the human race; in all about 480 million people.

Why are we celebrating Empire Day? Not to boast of our great possessions, but to commemorate those men and women, who in the past, laid the foundations of this great Empire. Men like Wolfe, Clive, Livingston, Rhodes, Nelson, Lord Roberts, Earl Haig, Jellicoe and Beatty. I advise all you children to read about these men, their lives are as instructive and fascinating as any of your books.

Nelson's Signal

We celebrate this day to teach you boys and girls what the Empire wants from you. Perhaps, someday one of your names will be added to the list of famous men and women who helped to build the Empire.

All of you know Nelson's famous signal, "England expects every man to do his duty," which was flown at the Battle of Trafalgar 133 years ago. That signal is as true today as on the day it was first made. Your King sends a message today, "Your King expects every man, woman, and child to do his duty." All this can be summed up in the one word "service."

When I mention the word "service" it will help you to understand if I make a reference to the Army. The Empire, of course, will expect you to fight for it, but that is not the service wanted at the present moment. We know what war means and we pray that none of you will experience it.

Soldier's Qualities

When you see soldiers marching along the street, what is it that makes you feel proud and your chest swell? They march in step. It is up to you to march in step with the soldiers and follow the characteristics which denote a soldier.

Firstly we get obedience. A soldier obeys orders and you will have to obey orders through your life. The second one is loyalty, as everyone knows a soldier is loyal to his King, Regiment, and Officers. You will need to be loyal at school, at home, and to your troop or pack. Thirdly we get fitness. You must be fit if you are going to give the Empire the service she needs. Most people say the British are too keen on games. This is a mistake. One of the saddest things about England today is the physical development of her people, and our statesmen are doing their utmost to improve it. This is due to the hard times the people have gone through, badly fed and badly housed. Make certain that you are going to be fit.

Another quality of the soldier is the smart way in which he turns out, and this especially characterises the British soldier. Kindness is yet another quality. An instance of this was demonstrated by the Royal Ulster Rifles when on duty during the fighting here. Under machine-gun fire they assisted refugees into the Settlement, carrying their baggage and lending a helping hand to old people. Most of you were evacuated to Hongkong then. How many of you remember the kindness of the British sailors? Lastly a soldier is unselfish. That is why they are in Shanghai today protecting you."

In conclusion Dr. Gauntlett gave an example of a Britisher's unselfishness rather than be a hindrance to his colleagues. What finer thing could there be than Capt. Oats's unselfishness on Capt. Scott's ill-fated expedition to the polar regions. Knowing that he was very ill and that his presence would only hinder the party, he went out and was never seen again by his comrades. Writing of this Capt. Scott said "He was a very gallant English gentleman." No finer tribute could have been paid.

On Parade

The scout troops taking part in the celebrations were:—1st. Cathedral (cubs and scouts), 2nd Public School (cubs and scouts), 3rd Independent (cubs), 4th Telephone Company (cubs), 5th Jewish (scouts and cubs), 6th Catholic (scouts and cubs), 8th Payton and Baldwins, (cubs), 9th Junior Public School, and 14th Union Church (scouts).

The guides taking part were:—1st. Cathedral Co., 1st Cathedral Pack, 3rd Co. Yu Yuen Road, 8th Co. Yu Yuen Road, 4th and 5th Public and Thomas Hanbury School, 8th Jewish Co., 1st Co. Rangers, 3rd and 7th Yu Yuen Road packs, and 4th and 5th packs, Public and Thomas Hanbury School.

Among the officials present were:—Messrs. W. C. Cassels, District Commissioner, A. H. Gordon, Assistant Commissioner, N. C. Jacobs, scout Commissioner in charge of the parade, and W. J. Silvey, Cub Commissioner.

The Guides were represented by:—Mrs. A. E. Saddon, Division Commissioner, Mrs. D. M. Butt, District Commissioner, and D. Capt., Miss Emamooded Emamooden.

In the afternoon, by permission of the management of the Cathay cinema and Warner Brothers Distributors, children were admitted free to a cinema performance. The programme was as follows:—Heart of Empire, Key to Scotland, The Night Mail, The Coronation, The Procession, The Abbey Ceremony, and Special Feat Feature film.

At the Shanghai Club

Empire Day at the Shanghai Club was one of the most impressive ceremonies witnessed in many years. Owing to the presence in Shanghai of an international garrison the large crowd which filled the building was dignified by the presence of uniformed officers of half a dozen countries and their uniforms added colour to the lobby in which the flags of the component parts of the British Empire were displayed. The band of The Durham Light Infantry played British tunes and posted around the lobby were seamen of the Royal Navy and men from The Seaforth Highlanders.

After a trumpet fanfare which resounded triumphantly throughout the pillared lobby, Mr. E. E. Parsons, Chairman of the Club, opened the proceedings in a brief speech in which, on behalf of the British members, he welcomed other nationals and referred to Empire Day as a day on which British members had the pleasure of entertaining their friends and, while demonstrating national pride, contributed to international friendship.

He sketched the history of Empire Day and paid tribute to those in bygone years who had built the Empire and handed on a tradition which succeeding generations were proud to remember and honour. He concluded with an apt quotation from Kipling and then introduced Sir Archibald Kerr, H. M. Ambassador to China.

In proposing the toast to "The Empire," Sir Archibald referred to the importance of the occasion and said members of the British Commonwealth of Nations making up the Empire had something to be proud and thankful for in the present anxious state of world affairs. He emphasized that it was necessary to stand together. He paused to reflect on the immensity of the Empire and pointed out that it was not a question of geographical terms but it was an idea with peace, justice, freedom and dignity as its attributes, and all the happiness coming from it. This constituted a great tradition which had been handed on to us and it was the duty of Britons to pass it on to other generations.

The Ambassador pointed out that Empire Day celebrations now are based on appeal to the younger generation for they are the heirs to the great tradition. "There are some who say that the spirit of the Empire is dying," he said. "I have not been one of those who subscribe to this belief for during my few months in China I have been convinced that the spirit still burns brighter than ever."

Municipal Orchestra

The programme for the Concert in the Lyceum Theatre, on Sunday, May 29, at 5.15 p.m. is as follows:

Overture "Egmont" ..... Beethoven
Symphony in "E" Flat major ..... Mozart
No. 39
Adagio—Allegro
Andante con moto
Menuetto—Allegro
Finale—Allegro
"Spring" from the Oratorio ..... Haydn
"The Seasons"
for Soli, Chorus and Orchestra
Overture—The Overture depicts the passage of Winter to Spring. Recitative—"See how gloomy winter flies" ..... Simon
Chorus—"Come, gentle Spring"
Recitative—"Now in his course the sun" ..... Simon
Air—"With eagerness the husbandman" ..... Simon
Recitative—"The countryman has done his due" ..... Lucas
Chorus with Soli—"Be now gracious"
Recitative—"Our humble prayers are heard" ..... Hanne
Chorus with Soli—"O what num'rous charms"
Chorus with Soli—"Endless God, mighty God"

Performers:
Soloists:
Mrs. M. Harvey, (Soprano)
Mr. D. McGavin, (Tenor)
Mr. J. C. Booth, (Baritone)
Chorus: Shanghai Choral Society.
Deputy-Conductor: Prof. ARRIGO FOA.

"N.C.D.N." Photos.

Empire Day Celebrations in Shanghai

One of the principal features of Empire Day celebrations yesterday was the parade of Boy Scouts and Girl Guides at the British Consulate for the flag-raising ceremony. Above, Mr. Herbert Phillips, H. M. Consul-General, Mr. W. C. Cassels, District Commissioner, and Girl Guide officers, saluting the flag. Below, general view of the parade.

Court's Decision Regarding Collection Of Hungjao Properties' Rents

Granada Estates Win Case Against Mr. K. F. Piper, Execution Stayed for One Week

AN important ruling affecting lease-holders in the Hungjao area west of the railway was given by Judge Sir Allan Mossop in H. M. Supreme Court yesterday, when he decided in favour of the plaintiffs in the case of the Granada Estates Limited v. K. F. Piper in a claim for rent. His Lordship, however, stayed execution for one week, and if a writ for cross-action is issued by the defendant within that time, execution will then be stayed pending the result of that action.

The plaintiffs were represented by Mr. J. R. Jones and the defendant by Mr. J. E. Badeley. The claim was for $679.99, covering rent for part of October, part of February and for March, April and May for the premises at 21 Granada Estate, Hungjao Road; no rent was claimed for the months of November, December and January.

The defence stated that "on or about August 13, 1937, the defendant was obliged to vacate the said premises owing to the fighting between the Chinese and Japanese forces in the neighbourhood of Shanghai." It was a term of the lease that the lessee should "peacably hold and enjoy the demised premises during the said term," and the defendant pointed out that this covenant was an unqualified one and not limited to interruption or disturbance by the lessors or any persons claiming under them.

"Not Safe"

The statement of the defence further set out that "it is not and has not been possible for the defendant since September 1937 to peaceably hold and/or enjoy the demised promises by reason of the conditions existing in the Hungjao Road. The defendant was advised by His Majesty's Consul-General on February 19, 1938, that it was not safe for British subjects, particularly women and children, to reside in the locality of the demised premises. The defendant is a married man with children aged 7 and 2½ years."

Continuing, the defence stated that the defendant's "occupation and or enjoyment of the premises has been and still is further prevented by the restriction of normal access to the Hungjao area, including the closing of all access by the Japanese authorities on various occasions, curfew regulations, lawless acts and looting, guerilla fighting, and the absence of any normal policing or maintenance of order."

The defence, after further pointing out that there was also a covenant in the lease for the adequate lighting of the drive-ways, which the lessors were unable to do anything about, submitted under the circumstances the defendant was "not liable to the plaintiff for the monies claimed or any part thereof."

The Judgment

Judge Mossop said that the covenant in question was a general or absolute covenant. The difference between this and a covenant restricted to the landlord or "persons claiming under him" was that the former included those who might lawfully claim "by title paramount." From the consideration of the cases cited by him, as well as from the laws of England, it seemed to him that if the "doctrine of Pardine and Jane" was to prevail the only distinction that could be drawn was with regard to title paramount.

He was satisfied that where the claim was for rent, the defendant was entitled to raise as defence that the rent was suspended on account of viction, which was one type of breach of covenant for quiet enjoyment. Unless the breach amounted to eviction, however, there was no suspension of rent, and the remedy then was to bring an action for damages for a breach of covenant.

He was satisfied that Mr. Piper acted reasonably in everything he did as enjoyment was interfered with, but it did not follow that there was a breach of the covenant for quiet enjoyment. He was not satisfied that there was a neviction; that really ended the matter and the defendant had no right to defend.

Possible Cross-Action

There might be a right to bring an action for damages for breach of covenant for quiet enjoyment but it was not necessary for the Court to decide whether there might be a cross-action. The covenant as to the adequate lighting of the drive-ways, however, must be the subject of a cross-action.

Judgment would be for the plaintiff, with costs, but execution would be stayed for one week. If a writ for a cross-action was issued by the defendant within one week, execution was to be stayed pending the result of that action.

Judge Mossop pointed out, however, that if a cross-action was instituted, the "doctrine of Nash and Palmer and Paradine and Jane" must prevail and he could not see any reason why they should not. He was bound to follow them, and had no power to do otherwise. He said that even in England the circumstances could be paralleled, as in the case of a destroyer terrorizing the inhabitants of a coastal town.

Tax-Collector Sent To Prison

Alleged to Have Extorted Money from Merchants

Hsuan Chung-ying, who claimed to be a tax-collector for the Kiangsu and Chekiang Consolidated Tax Bureau of the "Reformed Government", was sentenced yesterday to eighteen months' imprisonment on charges of extortion.

The man was arrested on the Bund on Monday, when he was alleged to have been extorting money from merchants on the pretext of collecting cigarette taxes. Also arrested on the scene was one Tseu Tsu-pau, who was found not guilty.

According to the prosecution, the accused and his companion had previous convictions.

Two Tibetans Held By Police

Found in Possession of Valuables Believed to Belong to P. Lama

With two Tibetans and a large quantity of valuables in their hands, Settlement Police yesterday were looking for someone who speaks Tibetan to facilitate their investigation.

The two Tibetans are believed to have served the Panchan Lama, the "living Buddha of Tibet" who died whilst on his way to Tibet. The valuables found in the possession of the two Tibetans are believed to belong to the Panchan Lama.

Informed of their disappearance from Peiping, the Settlement Police had been keeping a lookout for the two Tibetans. Arrests were made by detectives of Sinza Station on Monday afternoon in the French Concession with the assistance of the French Police. Arraigned before the First Special District Court yesterday, they were ordered to be held under a writ of detention.

Arrested with the two Tibetans was Tsang Pau-kyung, a salesman said to be employed at 699 Nanking Road. He was also remanded until a later date for further investigation.

The valuables found in the possession of the two Tibetans consisted of a jewel box, twelve necklaces, a prayer book, a bank book, twenty gold rupees, a bag of pearls, $12,116 in banknotes, $1,300 banknotes of the Federal Reserve Bank, a silver sycee, a green stone, twenty gold rings, a diamond ring, eight ordinary rings, two gramophones, a lady's wrist watch, a box containing six pairs of bracelets, and numerous articles of clothing and other valuables.

The two Tibetans gave their names as Lobsang, aged 25, and Danzin, aged 33. Owing to the language difficulty, as only one of them could speak a little northern dialect, very little was known of their case.

According to information from Peiping, the two Tibetans disappeared with a Chinese who had also served the late "Living Buddha." The whereabouts of the Chinese were not known.

Pootung Butcheries Suspend Business

As a protest against the imposition of "heavy" taxes on pork, a group of butcheries in Pootung and areas under the jurisdiction of the "Ta Tao" city government suspended business yesterday. Many restaurants were reported to have obtained their supplies of pork from the Settlement or the Concession, but were forced to pay taxes when these supplies were brought to Pootung.

THE CATHAY MANSIONS BEAUTY PARLOUR

MOST EFFICIENT OPERATORS AND BEAUTY SPECIALISTS

PHONE FOR APPOINTMENT 70070

MISS MARIE HENLEY
Manageress.

It's Laugh-time, Song-time, Spring-time, Love-time In fact, it is the .....

Cathay — STARTING FRIDAY!

BEACH HOTEL
MOGI, JAPAN (NEAR NAGASAKI).
S. Sunada, Proprietor.
Comfortable family Hotel, situated on charming bay about 20 minutes by road from Nagasaki. Frequent and cheap bus service. Tennis court and private grounds, ideally suitable for children. Swimming from Hotel's pontoon. Also private motor launch carries guests gratis to nearby beaches. Excellent cuisine, specialising in lobster, prawns, and fresh fish, daily catch of local fishing fleet. Locality affords charming walks, wooded hills, bamboo groves etc. Terms moderate, from Yen 5.50 (including board) in Season.

Nanking 523 Ave. Edw VII Phone 84133
Ends TO-DAY! at 2.30, 5.30 and 9.00 p.m.
DOUBLE FUN! DOUBLE ROMANCE!
That "Thin Man" couple's on the loose again! It's Rowdy! Riotous! Swell!

with FLORENCE RICE • JOHN BEAL EDGAR KENNEDY • JESSIE RALPH

RIALTO
Cor. Peking-Kweichow Roads
OPENS TO-DAY! 2.30, 5.30 and 9 p.m.
MADELEINE CARROLL
FRANCIS LEDERER
"IT'S ALL YOURS"
MISCHA AUER
Grace Bradley
A COLUMBIA PICTURE
33 cts., 55 cts., 85 cts. All Shows.

CAPITOL
142 Museum Road Tel. 17100
LAST FOUR SHOWS! at 2.30, 5.00, 7.00 and 9.15 p.m.
....Filmed with a thousand Elephants and a Million Thrills!
RUDYARD KIPLING'S
"ELEPHANT BOY"
OPENS TO-MORROW!
Loretta YOUNG — Warner BAXTER — Virginia BRUCE
"WIFE, DOCTOR and NURSE"

CLEANING and STORAGE of CARPETS

VACUUM CLEANING — THREE CENTS PER SQUARE FOOT
SHAMPOOING — TEN CENTS PER SQUARE FOOT
STORAGE (per carpet) — THIRTY-FIVE CENTS PER MONTH

FUR STORAGE (In Cold Dehumidified Air)
COATS (Long) . . . . $2.00 per month each
COATS (Short) . . . . $1.50 per month each

THE SHANGHAI VACUUM CLEANING & STORAGE CO., LTD.
ARTS & CRAFTS (Managers) 887 Bubbling Well Road. Tel. 34226

OPENS TO-MORROW!
For The First Time, GOLDWYN GIVES HIS NAME TO A PICTURE!

Samuel Goldwyn PRESENTS
The GOLDWYN FOLLIES
WITH ADOLPHE MENJOU • THE RITZ BROTHERS • ZORINA • KENNY BAKER • ANDREA LEEDS
HELEN JEPSON • PHIL BAKER • ELLA LOGAN • BOBBY CLARK • JEROME COWAN • THE AMERICAN BALLET
and introducing the comedy sensation of the world EDGAR BERGEN and "CHARLIE McCARTHY" • Directed by George Marshall
From the Screen
Suave ADOLPHE MENJOU, promising young ANDREA LEEDS, and the mad nonsense of the RITZ BROTHERS
From the Radio
EDGAR BERGEN and "CHARLIE McCARTHY", KENNY BAKER, silver-toned troubadour, and droll PHIL BAKER with his accordion.
From the Stage
ZORINA, doubly distinguished as actress and most beautiful of dancers, and clowning BOBBY CLARK and ELLA LOGAN.
From the Opera
Golden-voiced HELEN JEPSON and the sensational new tenor, CHARLES KULLMAN.
From the Ballet
the outstanding loveliness and magnificent performances of the thrilling AMERICAN BALLET.
From the pen of
BEN HECHT comes the funniest and most moving of his Hollywood stories... from GEORGE and IRA GERSHWIN a glorious score and perhaps the greatest of their song hits.
Released thru UNITED ARTISTS
"CHARLIE McCARTHY"—
Man of the year—says,
"I may be a dummy, but I know a good date when I see one...and I can tell you anyone you take to THE GOLDWYN FOLLIES won't forget it, or you, for a long time...it's the greatest parade of personalities in the biggest show ever to come out of Hollywood...and Ben Hecht's story...honest, it got me all excited...as for Gershwin's music, why the score is simply studded with song hits!...of course, I steal the show...but it's GORGEOUS!"
IN THE FULL GLORY OF Technicolor

Also: "MORE KITTENS" (Walt Disney in Colour)
Book Now To Be Sure!

THE SPORTS PAGE

Britain Out of Davis Cup

Butler, Wilde Lose Rousing Five-Set Doubles Battle to Yugoslavians

Zagreb, May 24.

GREAT Britain made her exit from the Davis Cup yesterday when her representatives lost their third successive match to Yugoslavia. Following the loss of the two opening singles, Britain made a mighty effort to win the doubles and stay in the competition.

Butler and Wilde, however, were beaten after a rousing five-set battle by Mitic and Puncec. The score was 7-5, 6-3, 3-6, 5-7, 6-3.

The Yugoslavians went off to a flying start and were two sets up before the British couple got going. Rain then caused a postponement, but on resumption the next day the Britons, giving a more confident display, won the next two sets.

The Yugoslavians, however, rallied to take the fifth and deciding set for match.

In the opening singles Mitic beat Butler 6-3, 6-1, 6-4, while Puncec took the measure of Shayes by 6-4, 4-6, 6-2, 5-4.

French Victory

Marseilles, May 23.

France eliminated Monaco from the Davis Cup tournament today as the home team won the final cross-over singles to take victory by four matches to one.—Havas.

Italy Leads Poland

Milan, May 24.

The second day of the Davis Cup tie between Italy and Poland resulted in a two to one lead for Italy.

The singles between de Stefani, Italy, and Tloczynski, Poland, which was interrupted on Sunday last when de Stefani had won the first two sets by 8-6, 6-4 was resumed yesterday, Tloczynski winning the third and the fourth sets by 6-4, 6-2 at which point the Italian, who was not feeling well, had to stop playing, thereby forfeiting the match.

In the doubles, the Italians, Quintavalle-Taroni, beat the Poles, Spychala-Tloczynski, 11-9, 2-6, 6-4, 4-6, 7-5.—Trans-Ocean.

British Amateur Golf Begins

Stowe Beaten by Turner in Only Upset; Goodman Called Favourite

Troon, May 24.

The defeat of the British Walker Cup player, Charlie Stowe, by D. W. Turner, of Aldeburgh, was the only unexpected result in the first round of the British amateur golf championship here yesterday. Turner won by 2 and 1.

Robert Sweeney, the American-born holder, was among those who survived the first round, defeating J. Horden by four up and two to play.

The course was in grand condition, after heavy rain, for the start of the competition, in which all members of the British and American Walker Cup teams are participating.

The Americans in quest of the championship include Johnny Goodman, American amateur champion; Ray Billows, who distinguished himself by reaching the final of the American amateur championship; Marvin Ward, who got into the semi-final round only to be eliminated by the eventual winner, Goodman; and Johnny Fischer, former American amateur champion, who will be remembered for his sensational win against Jack McLean in the final of the American amateur championship in 1936.—Reuter.

U.S. Players Progress

Troon, May 23.

Johnny Goodman, U. S. amateur champion, and Charles Kocis led six American Walker Cup players in lop-sided first round victories in the British Amateur Golf Championship here today.

Despite a thin drizzle at the start of the play which died away early in the afternoon only to be followed by a stiff breeze, Goodman showed grand form.

The U. S. champion was deadly with his driving straight down the fairways. He pitched with uncanny accuracy and made par over thirteen holes out of the 52 that he had played.

Ray Billows, youthful American amateur runner-up, beat Raymond Quilter, three and two and Bud Ward, another Walker Cup player, ousted Israel Sidebottom.

Brilliant Canadian

Ross Somerville, the brilliant Canadian golfer, eliminated Geoffrey Illingworth, three and two, and Francis Ouimet, veteran non-playing captain of the American Walker Cup squad, trimmed P. F. Urlwinsmith, one up.

Bobby Dunkelberger battled stiffly against A. E. I. Mackenzie-Grieve but lost out on the twentieth hole, one up.

Three other American Walker Cup players, Charley Yates, Johnny Fischer and Fred Haas, will be seen in action tomorrow.

One of the Americans is favoured to win the British Open. The Americans have been practising here daily during the last week and all have shown up strongly.

Goodman ranks as the outstanding favourite to garner the title. He was quoted as an 8-1 favourite by private bookmakers.

Thin Drizzle

Robert Sweeney, American-born holder of the British Open championship, is not conceded any chance of retaining the title by all experts despite his victory today in the initial round.

The thin drizzle which came down as the golfers started play early this morning was slightly disturbing but it soon stopped. A tricky wind, which increased in velocity as the afternoon drew out, however, acted as a handicap.—United Press.

Fischer Defeated

Troon, May 24.

Charley Yates of Atlanta, Ga., defeated Johnny Fischer of Cincinnati, Ohio, one up on the nineteenth, in the British Amateur Golf Championship here. Freddie Haas of New Orleans, La., won 7-6 over A. J. Arsworth.—United Press.

Olympic Funds Voted

Tokyo, May 24.

The Municipal Council here yesterday unanimously voted Y.23,000,000 for the Olympiad in 1940.

The amount will go to swell the funds with which the swimming stadium, main stadium, Olympic village, running track, gymnastic hall and training field are to be built, all of which will cover 110 acres. The work will begin in October and be completed before 1940.—Trans-Ocean.

Flower Named Bradman

London, May 1.

Don Bradman has been given fame in many ways. He has now had more fame thrust upon him, for a flower is to be named after him. A vigorous growing gladiolus has been honoured with the name of the famous cricketer. The flower is light apricot, suffused with salmon, and the throat is carmine and lemon.—Reuter.

"Demon" Bowler

London, May 1.

The Australian schoolboy "demon" bowler, Ray Rankin, of Wollhara (Sydney), has finished the cricket season with the extraordinary average of 43 wickets for 183 runs.

His full analysis is: 50 overs, 15 maidens, 79 runs, 43 wickets. Needless to say, his school won every match they played.—Reuter.

French School Sports Programme

Many Events in Store for Saturday Afternoon

The annual sports meeting of the Ecole Municipale Francaise will take place this Saturday, May 28, on the school ground at Route Remi, starting at 3 o'clock in the afternoon.

Five school championships and 16 other interesting events in both the boys' and girls' sections are included in the programme. The championships will be the 50 metres for junior boys and girls and the 100 metres for middle class boys and girls, besides a potato race for junior boys. The first two will receive silver and bronze medals.

The non-championship events are headed by a parade of all schoolboys. Then senior boys will run in the 400 metres and relay races whilst the same applies to senior girls. Junior girls are given two events; the hoop race and the skipping race. Middle class boys, will give a tumbling performance. Senior boys will display Indian wrestling as well as a tug-of-war.

Side Attraction

Finally, as a side attraction during the intermission, a number of boys and girls above the middle class will provide the spectators with some gymnastics and pyramid exercises.

The School has finished all preparations for the forthcoming meeting. Among the chief officials are:—M. Ch. Grosbois, honorary president; M. H. Nocholet de Chollet, president; M. V. Karmiloff, director; Messrs. T. Gleboff and L. Adamovitch, starters; Mmes. Alb. Jourdan, H. Nicolet de Chollet and R. Jourdan, Miles. M. Peniguel and H. Salita, judges.

U.S. Open Golf Tourney Begins June 9

Being Held Farther West Than Ever Before

New York, May 23.

The United States Golf Association has announced that several changes had been made in qualifying sites for the 1938 open golf championship.

Qualifying rounds will be contested in 31 districts—one less than last year—and changes in sites were necessary, the U.S.G.A. said, because the tournament will be played farther west than ever before—at Cherry Hills Country Club, Denver, June 9, 10 and 11.

For the first time, a sectional will be held in Phoenix, Ariz. The Pacific Northwest will have two—at Portland and Seattle—and San Francisco has been restored as a qualifying site.

Other Shifts

Grand Rapids, Mich., Troy, N.Y., and Richmond, Va., were eliminated. Hopefuls from those districts will play at Detroit, Springfield, Mass., and Washington, D.C., respectively. Nashville, Tenn., and Little Rock, Ark., were eliminated and their aspirants will join in Memphis, a new site.

Shifts in other districts were as follows:

Metropolitan (New York), from West Orange, N.J., to Mamaroneck, N. Y.; Western New York, from Rochester to Buffalo; the Carolinas, from Durham, N. C., to Morgantown, N. C.; Oklahoma, from Tulsa to Oklahoma City; New England, from Providence, R. I., to Springfield, Mass.; Texas from Font Worth to Dallas; Wisconsin, from Milwaukee to Madison. Tryouts held for the first time last year in New Orleans, Salt Lake City and Huntington, W. Va., will be retained.

Sectional rounds will be 36 holes of stroke play on May 31 to select a field of 170 players.—United Press.

Chess Masters to Meet

London, May 1.

Dr. Alekhine, the chess champion of the world, has signed a contract to meet Capablanca, a former holder, for the championship in a series of matches to be played next year in Buenos Aires and Montevideo.—Reuter.

Don Bradman Speaking

Don Bradman made the first speech of the tour at the Institute of Journalists Welcome Luncheon to the Australian Cricket Team at the Cafe Royal. He is seen during his speech. The others are (left to right) Major the Hon. J. J. Astor, M.P., Mr. Norman Robson (Chairman), Lady Violet Astor and the Rt. Hon. Malcolm MacDonald, Minister for Colonies.

Pittsburgh Trim The Giants

Gumbert's Deliveries Hit All Over Baseball Ground At New York

New York, May 23.

Socking Harry Gumbert's deliveries to all corners of the Polo Grounds today, the Pittsburgh Pirates turned the tables on the New York Giants after yesterday's terrible walloping and trimmed the National League leaders, 4-3.

The Bucs treated Gumbert's offerings with contempt and pushed four runs across the plate in the very first inning.

Although the Terrymen attempted to launch a rally similar to the one which gave them a lop-sided victory yesterday they fell short. They chalked up three markers in the fourth session, but the Buccaneers played fine ball and buckled all attempts of the Giants to break loose. Both teams hung up a couple of bobbles.

Ott Homers

Mel Ott almost turned the trick for the Terrymen when he clouted out a four-bagger with one man on bases in the fourth stanza.

The Pirates also started out strongly yesterday in the first frame but crumbled under a heavy attack to lose, 18-2. Today, however, they refused to be caught in the same trap.

Rain appeared on the scene again today and prevented any of the American League tussles from being played for the first time this season.

A wild third-inning rally gave the Cincinnati Reds a 6-4 win over the Brooklyn Dodgers and hoisted them into third place in the team standing.

The Boston Bees, who fell before the second place Chicago Cubs, 4-1, dropped into fourth place.

Scoring five runs in the third session, the Redlegs sent William Posedel running to the showers and put the game on ice against the Flatbushers, 6-4.

Easy for Bruins

Ival Goodman, star outfielder, led the attack again, lashing out two doubles and two singles in five trips to the plate.

The Bruins had an easy time with the Beantowners. The Bears scored two in the second frame and two more in the fifth inning to win, 4-1.

Charley Hartnett, with a homer and a single, which helped drive in two men, was the outstanding batter.

Coming through with a single marker in the eighth stanza Charlie Klein brought a 7-6 triumph for the Philadelphia Phillies over the St. Louis Cardinals.

Don Gutteridge homered for the losers.

Scores:

National League

	R.	H.	E.
Chicago	4	5	1
Boston	1	6	2
Batteries: Lee and Hartnett; Fette and Lopez, Mueller.			
St. Louis	6	8	0
Philadelphia	7	13	0
Batteries: Lanier, Harrell, Ryba and Owen; Mulcahy and Atwood.			
Pittsburgh	4	8	2
New York	3	7	3
Batteries: Blanton, Brown, Bauers and Todd; Gumbert and Danning.			
Cincinnati	6	11	0
Brooklyn	4	6	2
Batteries: Schott, Cascarella and Lombardi; Posedel, Marrow, Tamulis and Phelps.			

Team Standings

NATIONAL LEAGUE

	Won	Lost	Pct.
New York	20	9	.690
Chicago	19	13	.594
Cincinnati	17	14	.548
Boston	14	12	.538
Pittsburgh	15	14	.517
St. Louis	12	15	.429
Brooklyn	12	21	.364
Philadelphia	8	16	.333

AMERICAN LEAGUE

Cleveland	20	10	.667
New York	16	10	.615
Boston	17	11	.607
Washington	12	15	.545
Detroit	13	15	.464
Chicago	10	12	.455
Philadelphia	9	18	.333
St. Louis	8	20	.286

—United Press.

France Captures World Fencing Title

Michel Pecheux Defeats Italian Competitors

Pystian, May 24.

Michel Pecheux, France, won the world championship in sword fencing with eight victories and two defeats at the international fencing competitions at the Czechoslovak spa of Pystian yesterday.

Manioretti, Italy, was second with seven victories and three defeats, Schmetz, France, and Regno, Italy, tied for third each winning five and losing four matches.—Trans-Ocean.

Annual Musketry Meeting Of "A" Company, S.V.C.

Cpl. Palfreeman Shows Remarkable Form in Making Clean Sweep of All Individual Events

"A" Coy, S.V.C., were unfortunate in commencing their Annual Musketry Meeting on Sunday, May 22, under rather unfavourable weather conditions, the rain keeping a number of members from turning up to shoot; however, it did hold off long enough for the firing of the actual Classification Course. Four members, namely, Cpl. Palfreeman (101) CQMS. Seaborn (100), Capt. Krogh (95), Pte. Caulton (95) qualified as marksmen.

Cpl. Palfreeman showed remarkable form in making a clean sweep of all the individual events, his achievement being all the more noteworthy in that he had returned to Shanghai from long leave only four days before. CQMS. Seaborn placed second to Cpl. Palfreeman in four events.

Novices Cup

In "B" Class, Lt. Pipe shot well to win the Novices Cup as well as tieing with Pte Christensen for second place in the Aggregate, Cpl. Kendall, by consistent shooting, finished ahead of these two in the Aggregate.

Col. Hornby and Maj. Corbin came down to the Range in time to witness the team events which were held before tiffin.

After tiffin a triangular competition was held between teams of ten representing the Sergeants of the Durham Light Infantry and the Seaforth Highlanders and a team representing "A" Coy. S.V.C. The Seaforths triumphed by the narrow margin of five points from the D.L.I. with "A" Coy well behind out of a "possible" 75 points, Sgt. Meeks of the Seaforths secred no less than 73. Detailed scores were given yesterday but the top scorers were as follows:—

Sgt. Meeks (Seaforths)	73
Sgt. Moore (D.L.I.)	69
Cpl. Palfreeman ("A" Co. S.V.C.)	69
Sgt. Marshall (D.L.I.)	67
C.Q.M.S. Seaborn ("A" Co. S.V.C.)	66
Sgt. Gaston (Seaforths)	66
Sgt. Carrow (Seaforths)	66
Sgt. Brown (D.L.I.)	66
Pte. Caulton ("A" Co. S.V.C.)	65
Sgt. Watt (D.L.I.)	64

Detailed Results

The Seaforths also emerged victors in a knock-out competition held afterwards for teams of five.

Detailed results of the shooting follow:

WATSON CUP.—Trophy Cpl. D. C. Palfreeman 63.
"A" Class.—1, Cpl. R. N. Bryant 56; 2, Pte. S. R. Larsen 55.
"B" Class.—1, Pte. H. J. Christensen 51; 2, Cpl. G. W. Rhodes 47.
SHORROCK CUP.—Trophy Cpl. D. C. Palfreeman 52.
"A" Class.—1, Sgt. A. Green 52—7½—27.5; 2, C.Q.M.S. A. Seaborn 52—7½—26.04.
"B" Class.—1, Cpl. I. H. Kendall 28; 2, Sgt. A. D. Benton 21.
SHARPSHOOTERS CUP.—Trophy Cpl. D. C. Palfreeman 54.

Court Says College Game Commercial

Washington, May 23.

The Supreme Court today branded college football games as commercial activity subject to Federal amusement taxes. The Court ruled that inter-collegiate football, even among State universities, was a business enterprise. It held that Georgia Tech and Georgia State must pay a ten per cent. Federal amusement tax.—United Press.

JUNE MONTHLY CUP

	Nett	H'cap	Gross
Cpl. S. R. Hawke	71	nett	71
Cpl. I. H. Kendall	73	5½	68.35
Pte. H. J. Christensen	66	nett	66
Pte. S. R. Larsen	65	nett	65
C.Q.M.S. A. Seaborn	82	25½	62.5
Cpl. D. C. Palfreeman	62	25½	62.5

THE PILCHER TROPHY.—No. 1 Section (Cpl. Kendall, Cpl. Bryant, Pte. Caulton).
THE KNOCK OUT.—No. 2 Squad (Lt. Gambling, Sgt. Denton, Cpl. Bryant, Cpl. Palfreeman, Pte. Caulton).

Inter-Service Athletic Meeting Saturday

No British Team Entered; Marines Favoured

The inability of the British Forces to raise team for this coming Saturday's Inter-Service Track and Field Meeting causes competition to become a quadrangular affair between the U.S. Marines, the Italian Grenadiers, the Russian Regiment, and the French forces on the grounds of the Shanghai American School.

The contest is sponsored by the Marines. Not only does it serve as a "warm up" meeting for the gala competition on June 4 but it also sets a precedent in local service athletic history as being the first Inter-Service meeting.

Led by Lieut. Glenn C. Funk, a great distance runner from the Middle West of the United States, the "Leathernecks" should capture most of the track laurels. In the field events, as proved by their defeat at the hands of the Foreign Y.M.C.A. on May 14, the men are comparatively weak. However, they have been going through extensive training, particularly in this department in an effort to provide balanced power and win, first, the Inter-Service honours and, then, the big City Meeting the following week-end.

Russian Stumbling Block

The Russian Regiment possess good field men who are expected to prove the stumbling block in the Marines' path. The strength of the French and Italians is unknown at present. There might be an upset or two in a total of 14 events of which eight are track contests. It is interesting to note that a three-mile cross country race is scheduled. The list of events is set in order as follows, starting at 2 p.m.

120 yards low hurdles, discus, one mile run, pole vault, 100 yards dash, 440 yards dash, broad jump, javelin, three mile run, high jump, 220 yards dash, shot put, 880 yards run and half mile relay.

To-day and To-morrow . . 5.30 p.m.

(*Rain or Shine*)

Note: Commencing Saturday, May 28, until further notice, racing will start at 2.30 instead of 5.30 p.m. SUNDAY racing at 2.30 p.m., as before.

Australians Knock Up 528 at Oval

Surrey Hit 269 for Eight; Don Bradman's Rapid 143; Country Cricket Play

London, May 23.

The Australians, who made 432 for five on Saturday at the Oval against Surrey, completed their innings this morning for 528. Hassett, the young Victorian batsman, who was 65 not out at the close of play on Saturday, was unfortunate to miss his century, being dismissed at 98.

The other prominent scores were Don Bradman with a rapid 143 and Brown with 96.

At the close of play Surrey had made 269 for eight, of which Gregory was responsible for 60 and Barling 67.—Reuter.

Lancashire Beat Northants

London, May 24.

With the aid of Pollard, fast-medium bowler, Lancashire overwhelmed Northants in their Championship match by an innings and 57 runs.

Pollard, revealing midseason form, captured six wickets for 31 in the first innings and four for 43 in the second, making his analysis 10 wickets for only 74 runs.

Lancashire, who are at present leading in the Championship with five outright victories in six matches, made 322 in their only time at bat.

In reply Northants scored only 98. Compelled to follow on, they did slightly better, reaching 167.—Reuter.

Police Cricketers Meet Stragglers Saturday

Seaforth Highlanders to Meet Wanderers

The Stragglers are to play the Police in a cricket match on Saturday at 1.30 p.m. on the Police Grounds. Beginning at the same time at the Shanghai Cricket Club, the Wanderers will meet the Seaforth Highlanders.

Stragglers.—A. C. Sinclair (capt.), R. Booth, W. C. K. Chadwick, H. A. Coward, A. V. T. Deane, E. R. Duckett, R. Goodwin, T. A. T. Bogg, R. Laird, E. Lane, C. J. Read. Reserves.—E. J. Sluis, L. Heap. Umpire.—C. F. King. Scorer.—H. S. Bartley.

Wanderers.—J. C. Jenkins (capt.), L. F. Stokes, E. P. Geere, F. E. T. Marshall, W. H. Lydall, T. L. Rawsthorne, A. Lingard, W. G. Graham, A. S. Read, G. G. Williams, P. W. Williams. Reserves.—R. F. Scott, D. Allen, L. G. Day. Umpire.—C. Victor Syms. Scorer.—C. H. Theobald.

Polo Unlikely Before Saturday

In response to many enquiries, the Shanghai Polo Club states that it is unlikely that there will be any polo before Saturday owing to the fact that the new turf which has been laid has not yet had a chance to take hold firmly.

Enjoy the cool breezes at

KANKO HOTEL

UNZEN

the Orient's premier summer resort.

You will benefit from the mountain air and know full contentment and peace in this famous National Park of Japan.

Early reservations strongly recommended. Economical terms: Yen 12 and up daily, per person, inclusive of full board. Big reduction allowed for prolonged stay. Further information forwarded upon request.

Full U.S. Representation At 1940 Olympiad

Special Arrangements to Free College Athletes

New York, May 23.

Avery Brundage, head of the American Olympic Games committee, today announced that arrangements have been completed to enable American collegians to participate in the 1940 Olympic Games at Tokyo despite the loss of two months of studies.

This announcement was greeted with great enthusiasm throughout the United States.

When Tokyo shifted the starting date of the 1940 Olympic Games to September 21, a hue and cry was raised in America because the late commencement would mean that college athletes would be forced to remain in the United States.

Strong U. S. Team

Since 75 per cent. or more of American Olympic teams usually are composed of college athletes, United States athletic groups severely criticized Japan's peculiar attitude in shifting the date of the Games, which were orginally set to start late in August.

By making special arrangements with the nation's universities, Brundage has insured a strong United States representation in the Games.

Brundage also said that the International Olympic Committee reiterated its earlier warning to Japan that if the China conflict will interfere with the Olympic Games arrangements "half-a-dozen major countries were ready to hold mandatory games." London and Helsingfors, Finland, were specifically mentioned.—United Press.

Dante

550 Av. Joffre Telephone 85205

OPENS TO-DAY at 2.30, 5.30, 9 p.m.

JANE WITHERS
A JOY KID IN A ZIPPY TALE OF SOUTH AND SONG

"CAN THIS BE DIXIE?"

WITH SLIM SUMMERVILLE
ALSO A COMEDY WITH BUSTER KEATON

"MIXED MAGIC"

HAI-ALAI

TO-DAY at 7 p.m.

AIR-COOLED AND AIR-CONDITIONED

Cathay Opens TO-DAY, at 3, 5.30 and 9.00 p.m.

A Superb Musical Romance with the Famous Russian Star,

V. GARDIN

and the World-Renowned LENINGRAD STATE ORCHESTRA

Beethoven's

Concerto

PRESENTED BY ASIA FILMS OF CHINA

RUSSIAN DIALOGUE — ENGLISH TITLES

FOR RESERVATIONS: TEL. 73757, IF BUSY, 34260

AIR-COOLED AIR-CONDITIONED

Grand Theatre OPENS TO-DAY! at 2.30, 5.30 and 9 p.m.

Gripping, Punch-packed, Colourful Drama Highlights Man's Conquest of Nature's Greatest Defence Line!

20th CENTURY FOX

SILENT BARRIERS

with

RICHARD ARLEN

LILLI PALMER · ANTOINETTE CELLIER · BARRY MACKAY

from the story by ALAN SULLIVAN

DIRECTED BY MILTON ROSMER

A GB Production

BOOK EARLY! FOR RESERVATIONS: TELEPHONE 32223; IF ENGAGED, PLEASE RING UP 34260.

The Wesley Bicentenary

Commemorative Service in the Cathedral on the 200th Anniversary of Wesley's Conversion

THE bicentenary of the conversion of John Wesley was celebrated yesterday by a special service in the Holy Trinity Cathedral, at the kind invitation of the Dean, and by special Methodist programmes was broadcast in the evening. The anniversary service in the Cathedral was attended by a large congregation. Prominent churchmen taking part in the gathering included Bishop W. P. Roberts, of the American Church Mission; the Rev. W. H. Hudspeth, of the British and Foreign Bible Society; Dr. W. B. Nance, Western adviser and tacher of philosophy in the Soochow University; and Dr. H. H. Tsui, of the Church of Christ in China.

The service, which started at 5 p.m., began with the singing of the hymn "O for a thousand tongues to sing," and after prayers led by the Rev. C. W. Allan a message of welcome was delivered by Dean Trivett. Three short addresses were given during the service, by Dr. Nance, Mr. Hudspeth and Dr. Tsui, while the Rev. R. D. Rees gave some selected readings from the diary of John Wesley.

Other hymns during the service included "Jesu, lover of my soul," "Thou hidden love of God," "O for a heart to praise my God" and, finally, "O Thou who camest from above." The service ended with a closing prayer and the pronouncing of the benediction by Bishop Roberts.

Speaking on the subject of the significance of Wesley Day, the Rev. W. H. Hudspeth said:—

What significance has today for the Church Universal? I want to deal with this by answering a question I was asked a little while ago. The question was: "In view of the world situation—hostilities in China, barbarous strife in Spain, the universal piling up of armaments—in view of all these things what practical thing can I do as a Christian?" This is a question that is being asked by many earnest people and during the past few days I have been wondering whether Methodism has any answer to such a query. I think it has and I wish to suggest two thoughts which have come to me through reading about John Wesley or in perusing his Journal. My first thought is this:

"Passion for Holiness"

The Church must recover a passion for holiness. Absolute goodness or holiness, and its methodical pursuit, was a great preoccupation of early Methodism. The spread of this message seemed to John Wesley the chief reason why God had raised up Methodists. Unlimited goodness is what the world needs today. That there is a yearning in the heart of man for the heights has been made clear to us again by the Group Movement. Groupers have challenged us all with their demand for the four absolutes.

How can a passion for holiness possibly affect the international situation? In this way: One of the reasons why the Church is unable to speak with authority is because there is not sufficient difference between those who are inside and those who are outside the Church. The world has caught up with us and we followers of Jesus Christ are not outstandingly good. Today I would humbly call upon you to regain Wesley's passion for holiness. By doing so we would be attacking War and Militarism and Hatred at their very source.

Absolute goodness is a high standard but since it is a New Testament standard is not "impossibly high". By adopting it our struggle against the world would not be won dramatically. We would be entering on a long, a slow, but yet a sure way. We would make ourselves felt everywhere and reaching to one another across international boundaries we would lay a foundation upon which peace will ultimately be built. "Be ye perfect, even as your Father which is in heaven is perfect". (Matt. 5:48) This I feel is one of the things Wesley would stress were he with us today. Our standard of goodness must be above the "fifty-fifty" level; it must be absolute.

In the words of the hymn which we have been singing:

O for a heart to praise my God,
A heart from sin set free.

That is what the world needs—hearts from sin set free.

"Zeal for Friendliness"

My second suggestion would be this: The Church should develop a renewed zeal for friendliness. We've grown cold; we've lost our glow; we have become half-hearted; a spirit of futility, like a dead hand, rests upon us. We need to recapture the early Methodists' passion for fellowship. Here again I have Wesley's support. Methodism stands for Christian brotherhood. It honours the ministry, it cherishes the sacraments; but in its view the proof in Church-membership lies essentially not in the observance of sacraments, not in obedience to priests, not in subscription to creeds, but in the fulfilling on the part of Christ's followers of His law of love by their seeking to bear one another's burdens.

Have we not here a golden key to the present situation? The bearing of one another's burdens; the fulfilling of Christ's law of love. More love and less hatred, more friendliness and less enmity, more fellowship and less aloofness, this is the clamant need of society. Charles Wesley's hymns glow with this thought and we need to recapture the flame.

The early Church, kindled by God's love, moved forward like a flowing tide. In the 18th and early 19th century it was generally understood in England that a Methodist chapel was a place where one went to get one's soul saved. Everybody knew the clear purposiveness of the people who worshipped there. Could our hearts be set on fire by the love of God the Church would become a place with a clearly-defined object, a centre where broken spirits would be healed, where men of high ideals would draw their inspiration and where statesmen would find guidance in the solution of the world's problems. That surely would be a fitting memorial to John Wesley.

Sulphuric Acid

Eight years ago there were many mysterious deaths in a small French valley. In one district alone, sixty persons suddenly and unaccountably died. Food and water were both suspect but when they had passed the tests, experts were called in to clear up the mystery. And this is what they found. Certain factories in the neighbourhood had emitted large quantities of sulphurous acid gas. On the tragic nights the temperature was low, there was no wind and thick fog. In such circumstances, the gas was transformed into sulphuric acid, and the many victims had died because they had been poisoned by the atmosphere.

Today an atmosphere of secularism fills our modern life and chokes, like some foul vapour, our every breath, making religious life peculiarly difficult. If the Church could recover its passion for holiness and once again be filled with divine love the poisoned atmosphere would be swept away and men's hearts would glow with the fire divine.

Dr. H. H. Tsui spoke on the subject of John Wesley himself, and said:—

It is a great pleasure to me to have this opportunity to speak a few words about John Wesley whose 200th anniversary we are here to celebrate this afternoon. With the very short time allotted to me, I shall limit myself within the scope of "What I have learned from John Wesley especially with regard to his conversion".

Because of the wonderful experience in his early days in Epworth, John Wesley felt that he was specially saved by God for a piece of special work, to the glory of God on one hand and for the interest of humanity on the other. He always had the idea that he was "a brand plucked from the burning". With that experience plus his home training, he prepared himself for the great task that he was to undertake.

The words that his father spoke to him before his death had made a very deep impression on John Wesley's spiritual life. The words are thus: "The inward witness, my son, that is the proof, the strongest proof of Christianity". These words became true to John Wesley's experience when he heard a still small voice saying "Believe and thou shalt be saved. He that believeth is passed from death to life. God so loved the world that He gave His only begotten son, that whosoever believeth in Him, should not perish but have everlasting life".

Wesley's Conversion

I shall quote John Wesley's own words with regard to his conversion. He said: "In the evening I went very unwillingly to a society in Aldersgate Street where one was reading Luther's preface to the Epistle to the Romans. About a quarter before nine, while he was describing the change which God works in the heart through faith in Christ, I felt my heart strangely warmed. I felt I did trust in Christ, Christ alone, for my salvation, and an assurance was given me that he had taken away my sins, even mine, and saved me from the law of sin and death".

After his experience on May 24, 1738, he said that his heart was strangely warmed. He immediately shared his experience with his brother, Charles. He could not hold that experience to himself, he must share it with others. From that time on, he made a motto for his religious life, namely, "Remember we cannot serve God alone, we must try to find companions or make them. The Bible knows nothing of solitary religion".

After that vital experience of true living faith in Christ, the saviour of mankind, he kept his eyes fixed upon Him and his soul waiting on Him continually. He was living a life of absolute surrender and a changed life. He possessed a sense of a new man, a new creature, with life radiant.

With regard to conversion, there are two types, namely, the type of a sudden change and the other is of the gradual development. John Wesley's conversion was of the latter type. He was never a terrible sinner. He was taught to act as a Christian since his boyhood. It was through the conversion as a power which he wonderfully experienced, that he was transformed into a man of courage, of sincerity, of patience and of tolerance and finally was made an evangelist of confidence and hope. He had a passion for "openness". He was always frank and never kept a secret. He was also ready to admit errors made, if convinced, and take blames for them accordingly.

Greatest in His Time

He was perhaps the greatest Englishman of his age. He was a timely gift from God to England as well as to the world. He swept England with a revival movement. He founded a church which is today one of the largest protestant communion in the world. His influence on the spiritual life as well as on the social life of his day was profound and far-reaching. One thing we must keep in mind is that he was never carried away by emotions. He had the mind of a scientist rather than of a theologian. He loved truth but he hated exaggerations. By temperament, he was a sceptic in the good sense of the word. His method was always experimental and practical. As a result of his quest, he had a reasonable faith and a warm heart which we so much need today.

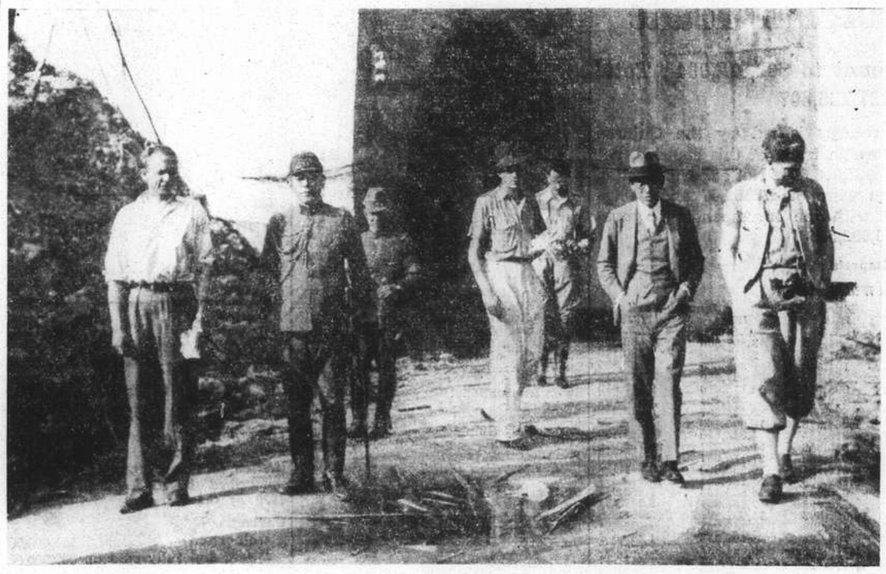
In the realm of the love of God, John Wesley made new discoveries and consequently "the love of God freely offered to all mankind", had become his favorite theme upon which he preached more than four thousand times. It was that love of God made him constantly realize the ever presence of God.

It was interesting to note the three main doctrines that were fundamental to John Wesley, namely, first: God's unconditional love to all mankind. Because of that far-reaching love, everybody therefore, had hope. Secondly: The assurance of the Holy Spirit because of which man and God are reconciled. Thirdly: Christian perfection. With that unlimited faith, he started Methodism, Methodism belonged to him but he did not belong only to Methodism, he belonged to God. He was not and could not be limited by a mere denomination, he was called to the ministry of the salvation of the whole world. He looked upon all the world as his parish, but he did not look upon himself as the parish priest of all the world.

In the building up of a church, John Wesley was far-sighted enough to have laid great emphasis on lay-leadership and lay-training which we have continuously promoted in this land.

Modern John Wesley's

John Wesley has passed, but his influence is still here. We can learn and grow from his religious experiences. We need men of John Wesley's calibre in our days. We can be somewhat modern John Wesleys if we are willing to let Christ come into our hearts and change us and dominate our lives. It is up to us to decide what we should be. With the opportunities we have had and with the religious experiences that we each have, though somewhat different from each other, we can come and should come to a better understanding of God and should have a closer relationship with God, thereby pushing our church to a higher level. We shall do well if after this celebration, we feel that we are attracted by the life of John Wesley and by his experience, especially in the power of his conversion, we also want to be like him in our lives.



Gen. Chiang Kai-Shek's Dug-Out

Foreign newspaper correspondents, escorted by Japanese officers, as they visited what is described as General Chiang Kai-shek's dug-out in Nanking. Eight hundred metres long, the dug-out is of reinforced concrete and is equipped with electric light, running water and telephones.

Gneisenau Arrives Today from Japan

Aramis Due This Friday; Rajputana, Conte Rosso, Expected from Europe

Arriving from Japan the N.D.L. liner Gneisenau, is to berth at the Shanghai & Hongkew Wharf, Shanghai side, today at about 9 a.m.; her passengers are due at the Customs Jetty at about 10 a.m. She sails on Friday at daylight for Bremen via Hongkong, Manila, Singapore, Penang, Belawan, Colombo, Port Said, Genoa, Southampton and Rotterdam. The outgoing passengers are to be conveyed to the liner, from the Customs Jetty, by tenders leaving tomorrow at 5 p.m. and 9 p.m. Heavy luggage should be sent to Messrs. Marden & Co.'s Race Course Market godown, today at 9-12 a.m., 2-5 p.m., or tomorrow between 9 a.m. and noon. Custom permits are required for all nailed cases; the foreign registered mail to catch this ship should be posted before 1 p.m., the China registered by 2.30 p.m. and ordinary before 3 p.m., tomorrow.

According to the latest information received from the local offices of the M.M., the Aramis should make this port on Friday, arriving from Marseilles and way ports, she sails for Kobe on May 30. Two more liners, the P. & O, Rajputana and Lloyd Triestino Conte Rosso, are on their way here from Europe. Both should enter port sometime this Sunday.

Tjinegara Sails

According to present arrangements, the J.C.J. Line mv. Tjinegara sails from Holt's Wharf tomorrow at about 11 a.m.; her passengers leaving the Customs Jetty by tender at 9.30 a.m. The vessel is leaving for Java via Amoy, Hongkong, Manila, Cebu, Menado, Macassar, Bali and Soerabaya.

Slightly delayed, the Blue Funnel ss. Antenor is expected at Holt's Wharf, arriving from Liverpool via Port Said, Singapore and Hongkong; this Saturday and leaves for Tsingtao, Taku Bar and Japan ports on May 29. Having made port yesterday, on her way from Europe to Japan, the N.Y.K. Fushimi Maru will leave for Yokohama and Kobe today at noon, as previously scheduled. The same company's ss. Nagasaki Maru sails for Nagasaki today at 9 a.m.; ordinary mail for this ship should be posted before 7.15 a.m.

A day behind schedule, the Barber Line mv. Greystoke Castle arrives this Saturday, from New York by the way of Hampton Roads, Los Angeles and Manila. Sailing for Japan and Dairen, the American & Manchurian Line mv. City of Derby leaves the Jardine's Pootung Wharf, tomorrow in the afternoon.

Arriving from New York via Norfolk, Savannah, Panama, Los Angeles, Yokohama and Kobe, the mv. Anna Maersk is to berth at the Shanghai & Hongkew Wharf, Shanghai side, on Friday in the morning. She leaves on the following day for Hongkong, Manila, Cebu and Iloilo.

Sailing today at 7 a.m. for Swatow and Hongkong, the B. & S. ss. Tsinan leaves the French Bund, with mail and cargo, as well as passengers among whom are Mr. N. G. Hammond and Sgt. J. McClafferty.

P. Doumer Passengers

Among those who sailed in the M.M. President Doumer, for Marseilles and way ports, yesterday, were:

Mr. and Mrs. Fredet, Mr. Guiheneuf, Mrs. Pietri and child, the Rev. F. Licent, Mr. and Mrs. J. Knoth, Mrs. L. Porte and child, the Rev. F. Boschet, Mr. J. Filippi, Mr. and Mrs. A. Daguillon and two children, Mr. F. Peytivi, Mr. R. Debachy, Mr. L. Peyre, Mr. E. Rucz, Mrs. P. Olliver and four children, Mr. and Mrs. A. Hanin and three children, Mr. L. Powsong, Mr. Merlin, Mr. P. Franchi, Mr. M. Salzmann, Mrs. I. Mavrides, Mr. I. I. Gavdon, Mr. L. Lutev, Miss A. Garbe, Mr. T. Uyeda, Mr. J. Kieffer, Mr. A. D. Murphy, Mr. J. N. Siper, Mr. P. Sicault, Mr. E. Foullard, Mr. L. Fabel, Mr. R. Prieur, Mr. J. de Riencourt, Mr. S. A. Alcone, Mr. H. Mazot, Mr. K. A. Parekh, Mr. P. Baumann, Mr. G. Bitzer, Mr. and Mrs. G. Abbas and child, Mr. L. H. Federoff, Mr. V. G. Redroff, Mme. M. Korczyn, Mr. R. A. Lane, Mrs. A. Engelmann and child, Mr. H. Qiouka, Mr. J. Signoret, Mrs. G. R. Campbell, Mr. L. Hoever and Miss E. Kounge.

Mr. A. M. Scott sailed for Hongkong, yesterday in the ss. Sinkiang; while among those who left for the North China ports, on the same day, in the ss. Siecking, were: Miss Fraser, Mr. and Mrs. Hueschalrath, Capt. and Mrs. Riva, Mrs. T. Velicinsky, Commissioner Benwell, Mr. Hutoransky, Mr. R. S. Davies, Miss I. E. Wilson, and Miss Sottoriva.

Alcatraz Again Proves Impregnability

Two Prisoners Shot and Third Forced Surrender

Alcatraz, May 23.

Two prisoners were shot today when three criminals attempted to break out of the grim Alcatraz prison, the Federal Government's impregnable fortress-jail in San Francisco Bay.

Thomas Limerick, serving a life sentence here for kidnapping, and Rufus Franklin, serving thirty years for bank robbery, were shot, while James Lucas, another bank robber confined for thirty years, gave himself up.

Will a hammer in the woodwork shop, they slugged R. C. Cline, a guard into unconsciousness, and climbed through a window. They attacked an armed guard who fired, wounding Limerick and Franklin. Lucas, realizing that, he was cornered and a target for other guards, sought cover and surrendered.

The abortive attempt to break out of Alcatraz again served to prove the boast of Federal authorities that this island prison, reserved for the most dangerous criminals in the United States, is escape-proof.

Only two men have been known to leave the prison but both were reported to have drowned in their attempt to swim to safety.—United Press.

Mexican Rebellion Claimed Quelled

Government Authority Fully Reasserted

Mexico City, May 23.

Sr. Manuel Avilacamacho, Secretary of Defence, telephoned the United Press today from San Luis Potosi that the rebels in that state were in full flight.

"The Federal forces," he said, "are pursuing the rebels at full speed. Our aviation corps is most active. We will soon liquidate the situation....The Cedillista uprising is not important. The whole affair is centred here."

Gen. Saturnino Cedilla, former Minister of Agriculture and "war lord" of San Luis Potosi state, accompanied by 300 of his rebels, was reported to have fled toward Elstalto.—United Press.

Int. Relief Committee

The International Relief Committee, wishes to acknowledge with thanks the following donations from May 11 to 23 inclusively. Send your donations direct to the Head Office at 123 Blvd. de Montigny, Y.M.C.A. Building.

Federation of Shanghai Charity Organization for Relief Work	$20,000.00
Anonymous	2,000.00
Chen Kee	1,000.00
Lee Kee	1,000.00
Birthday Commemoration Gift Loon Ze Lee	1,000.00
Cheng Hon Zan	500.00
Chun Che Tai	200.00
Shing Wu Co.	200.00
Anonymous "A"	120.00
Woo Woo Kwung Tse	100.00
Sung Loo Tse	100.00
Anonymous	100.00
Mrs. Show	100.00
Cheng Tin Yu	100.00
Woo Ching Shine	100.00
Wong Ping Van	100.00
Graduates of Ming Chee Primary School 16th and 17th Class	92.90
Staff of Chen Ching Zen Paper Co.	91.15
Wong Ya Kee	62.70
Anonymous "B"	60.00
Anonymous	57.00
Hung Ching Yuan Co.	55.00
The Residents of Yun An Lee and Yi Zoa Kee	50.00
Chang Sung Yua Lai	50.00
Li Shing Co.	50.00
Other Donations Below $50.00	1,345.26
Koo Min Cheng	5.00
Chow Cho Min	50.00
Wu Von Chai	50.00
Total	29,039.12

Papal Legate Given Royal Welcome

Budapest Does Honour To Cardinal Pacelli

Budapest, May 24.

The Papal Legate to the Eucharistic Congress to begin here tomorrow, Eugenio Cardinal Pacelli, Secretary of State of the Vatican, was accorded a welcome in Budapest yesterday such as is otherwise given only to sovereigns.

The Regent, Admiral Nickolas Horthy; the Primate, Mgr. Seredi, and the Premier, M. Impredy, awaited the special train of the Papal Legate on the gaily decorated main railway station.

A column of cars headed by that occupied by the Regent and Cardinal Pacelli, made their way through the gay streets adorned with the Papal colours and arms and lined with tens of thousands of onlookers to the Coronation Church where a special service was held. After the service, Cardinal Pacelli proceeded to the Royal Castle where he will be the guest of the Regent during his sojourn here.—Trans-Ocean.

Berlin Bourse

Berlin, May 23.

The more confident view of the international political situation taken here today had a quietening effect on the share market. That the price level despite this continued to decline was due entirely to the overloading of the market by offers of shares from emigrant circles. Operators were considerably more confident than for some time past and took up a great deal of the stock. This caused the price trend towards the close to turn upwards again. Bank customers still remained passive but at least showed no disposition to sell.

Minings, lignites and electrics were lower, potashes stood unchanged but Reichsbanks shares were 2¼ firmer at 182¼.

On the fixed interest securities market, city loans were lower all round by about ⅛. Reichs Old Liquidation Loan weakened ¼ to 133⅛. Industrial bonds were lower, Dye Trusts declining ⅛ to 129½.

Callmoney stood at 2¼ to 2½ per cent.—Trans-Ocean.

Japanese to Mark Navy Day

Anniversary of Tsushima Battle to be Celebrated On Friday

Bluejackets will be the heroes of the day on Friday, when the local Japanese community celebrates "Navy Day." Marking the 33rd anniversary of the Tsushima battle, the celebrations will be endowed with a special significance by the current hostilities, in which the Navy is playing a major role.

The festivities will begin at 8 o'clock in the morning at the Shanghai Shinto Shrine, Kiangwan Road, with the hoisting of the flag and singing of the national anthem. Later, the famed "Z" flag, which sent the Japanese Fleet off to battle, will slowly creep up the flag pole.

The signal "Z",—"Japan's destiny rests upon the outcome of this war. Do your best",—was ordered hoisted by the late Fleet Admiral Marquis Heihachiro Togo, Japan's "Nelson."

The ceremony will be concluded by the singing of the Naval and the newly-composed Patriotic songs and banzai for the Navy.

Memories of the battle of Tsushima, in which the Russian Fleet met with a disastrous defeat, will be revived by a naval officer in a lecture at the Japanese Club on the afternoon. In the evening, residents will gather at the Japanese Central Primary School, Range Road, to hear a concert by the combined Army and Navy bands and to see moving pictures.

Business Paralysed at Kingston by Strike

Hooligans Intimidate Shop Workers

SPECIAL TO THE "N.C.D.N."

Kingston, May 24.

Waterfront and sanitary strikers, combined with the hooligan element, have caused the cessation of all business in Kingston, Jamaica.

Crowds of strikers and demonstrators paraded the streets yesterday, intimidating workers in shops and causing proprietors to put up their shutters.

The police are maintaining strict guard at the wharves where, following the refusal of strikers to unload vessels, shipping companies are endeavouring to make other arrangements to get cargoes ashore.

The striking dockers, who number 250, are demanding a wage of a shilling an hour.

In view of the tense situation, soldiers from a neighbouring camp have been billetted in the central police station at Kingston as a precautionary measure.—Reuter.

Robber Gang Sentenced

Imprisonment terms ranging from twelve years to seven years were passed on a gang of seven robbers by the First Special District Court yesterday. Arrested during a raid on the Chung Kong lodging house, they were convicted on charges of armed robbery. Three handgrenades were seized.

Notable Income-Tax Ruling for U.S.

Supreme Court Upholds Federal Rights

Washington, May 23.

The Federal Government may impose income taxes on the salaries of employers of the port of New York, the Supreme Court ruled today by a vote of five to two.

The authority was regarded as a major step in extending the Federal Government power to tax the income of employees of quasi-governmental and state agencies.—United Press.

COMING!!
His First Full Length Feature!
WALT DISNEY'S
Snow White AND THE Seven Dwarfs
In Multiplane TECHNICOLOR
Distributed by RKO-RADIO

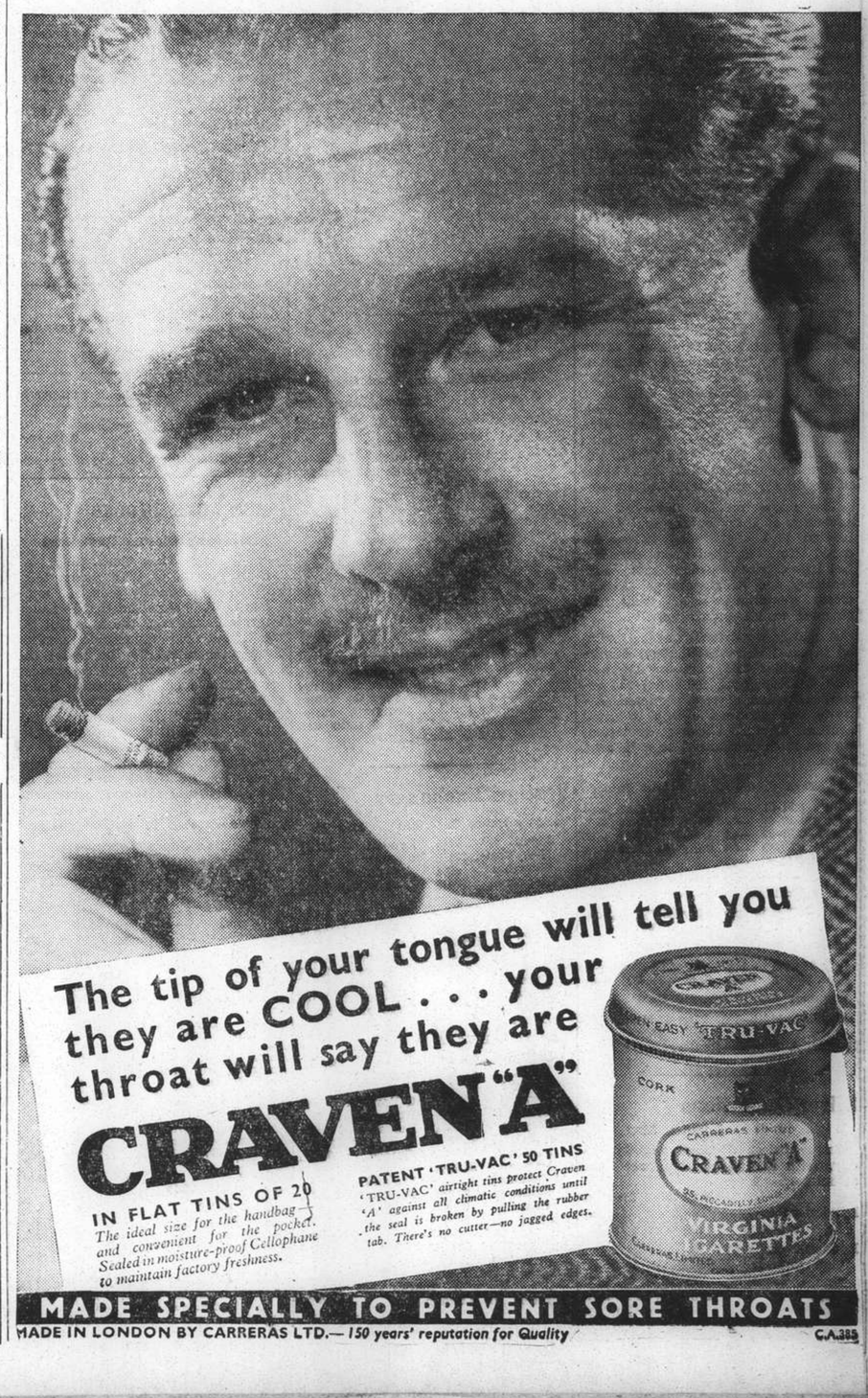
METROPOL
500 YU YA CHING ROAD Tel. 93322
Ends TO-DAY! at 2.30, 5.30 and 9 p.m.
H. G. WELLS' SENSATIONAL THRILLER!

CLAUDE RAINS
GLORIA STUART
in
The INVISIBLE MAN
A Universal Picture

OPENS TO-MORROW!

When a girl in debt meets a millionaire in doubt—anything can happen!
GENE RAYMOND
ANN SOTHERN
IN "SHE'S GOT Everything"
The screen's scrappiest sweethearts and half of Hollywood's best comics in a radiant romance rocking with laughter!
RKO RADIO Picture
with
VICTOR MOORE
HELEN BRODERICK
PARKYAKARKUS
BILLY GILBERT
Directed by JOSEPH SANTLEY • Produced by ALBERT LEWIS
Screen Play by Harry Segall and Maxwell Shane.

AFAYETTE CINEMA
323 R. Lafayette Tel. 81200
TO-DAY at 3, 5, 7 and 9 p.m.
Wendy Barrie
Ray Milland in
"WINGS OVER HONOLULU"


The tip of your tongue will tell you they are COOL . . . your throat will say they are
CRAVEN "A"
IN FLAT TINS OF 20
The ideal size for the handbag and convenient for the pocket. Sealed in moisture-proof Cellophane to maintain factory freshness.
PATENT 'TRU-VAC' 50 TINS
'TRU-VAC' airtight tins protect Craven 'A' against all climatic conditions until the seal is broken by pulling the rubber tab. There's no cutter—no jagged edges.
EASY TRU-VAC
CORK
CRAVEN "A"
VIRGINIA CIGARETTES
MADE SPECIALLY TO PREVENT SORE THROATS
MADE IN LONDON BY CARRERAS LTD.— 150 years' reputation for Quality
C.A.385

45 MILLIONAIRES SIGN UP AS HER GUARDIANS
. . . and then shout for someone to protect THEM!
JANE WITHERS
in
45 FATHERS
with
THOMAS BECK
LOUISE HENRY
and
The HARTMANS
Directed by James Tinling
Associate Producer John Stone
Screen Play by Frances Hyland and Albert Ray
Based on a story by Mary Bickel
There's never been a funnier Jane Withers picture . . . for all we know, there's never been a funnier picture!
GRAND— NEXT CHANGE!

COMMERCE AND FINANCE

Money and Exchange

Hongkong & Shanghai Bank

TUESDAY, MAY 24, 1938

BANK'S SELLING RATES 10 A.M.

£1 @ 11 ..... $ 21.82
U.S. $100 @ 22 1/16 ..... $440.77

BANK'S BUYING RATES 10 A.M.

£1 @ 11 3/16 ..... $21.452
U.S. $100 @ 23 1/16 ..... $433.60
London—demand 11 3/8
4 months' sight credits 11 1/4
4 months' sight docts 11 5/16
6 months' sight credits 11 3/16
6 months' sight docts 11 1/16
New York—demand ..... U.S. $23 1/8
4 months' sight credits 23 1/4
4 months' sight docts 23 3/8
Paris—4 months' sight docts Fcs. nom.

CLOSING RATES

Sterling ..... 11 1/16 U.S. $22 13/16

Chartered Bank

Canadian $100 @ 22 7/16 = $448.18

Netherlands Trading Society

Java Guilders $100 ..... Buying 41 1/4
Netherlands Guilders $100 .. „ 41 1/4
Java Guilders $100 ..... Selling 40 1/4
Netherlands Guilders $100 .. „ 40 1/4

American Express Co., Inc.

Buying U.S.$100 = $432.43 £1 = $21.57
Selling U.S.$100 = $441.89 £1 = $22.07

Banque Belge Pour L'Etranger

Belgas 1.34 1/2 = $1 Belgas 29.30 = £1

Italian Bank For China

It. Lire 4.15 = $1 Swiss Frs. 99 1/2 = $
Tourist Lire 4.59 ..... = $1

Other Quotations

Berlin-Hamburg T.T. $100 = Rm. 56 1/2
$100 = Reg. Mk. 110.00

Local Exchange Report

Messrs. Drakeford, Davis & Wilson

INTER BANK CASH DELIVERY

£ Highest 11 1/8 Lowest 11 1/16
U.S. G.$ 22 1/8 22 1/16
Yen — —

MERCHANTS CLOSING RATES

	SELLING		BUYING
Cash			May
£ T.T.	11 1/16	4 m/s. l.c.	11 3/16
G.$ T.T.	22 1/16	4 m/s. l.c.	23 1/8
Fcs. T.T.	823	4 m/s.	840
Rs. T.T.	61 3/4	7 d/s.	62 5/8

BAR SILVER

	READY	FOR'D
London pence per std. oz.	18 3/4	18 1/2
N.Y. cents per oz. troy	42 3/4	—
Bombay Rs. per 100 tolas	49.13	—

Bombay offtake 60 bars.

London silver was unchanged both ready and forward, being 18 3/4 for ready and 18 1/2 forward. New York was unchanged at 42 3/4 and Bombay was 4 annas up at 49.13.

It was reported India bought and sold. The American trade bought. The continent sold. Market steady. After the official fixing the market remained quietly steady.

The local exchange market opened with sellers to merchants at 11-d. sterling and 22 1/8 U.S.$.

The Inter-bank market opened with sellers at 11 1/16 sterling and 22 1/8 U.S.$ for cash and remained practically at this level throughout the day. There was very little business passing and any tendency to higher rates found buyers, at the close there were sellers:—

11 1/16 Sterling 22 1/8 U.S.$ Cash/May
10 1/8 „ 22 1/4 „ June

U.S. Commodities

Monday's Closing Quotations

New York, May 23.

Trading in the cotton market was early inactive and prices declined, despite steady Liverpool advices, under domestic and foreign liquidation of July option. Bombay selling and moderate hedging against foreign growths. Later, trade buying on limits absorbed most of the July offerings, but this demand was not aggressive. Finally, the market closed steady, with quotations ranging from 1 to 3 points down.

Prices in the rubber market early reflected the easiness of London advices, and declined on liquidation and stop-loss orders as European political uncertainties were allayed. Later, trade buying and covering were steadying influences. At the last call-over, losses of 2 to 9 points were recorded.

Wheat prices in Chicago early declined on the easiness of Liverpool and Winnipeg advices, additional moisture reports in important areas, less tense international situation, helpful showers in Europe which inspired liquidation and talk of a possible harvest of a billion bushels this season. The lack of speculative interest and reports of Russian pressure also contributed to the unsettlement. At the final bell, losses of 1 3/8 to 1 1/2 cents. were registered.

The sugar market advanced on covering of July option and trade, foreign and commission house demand for forwards on steadier London advices, which met with realizing and hedge-selling. At the close, quotations were from unchanged to 1 1/2 points up.

A steady undertone was maintained in the silk market today, despite lower cables and unfavourable outside developments, including the recent reduction of rayon prices. Activity was confined chiefly to small routine orders. Closing quotations ranged from unchanged to a 1/2 cent. down.

New York Cotton			New York Rubber		
July	8.51-51	—01	July	11.17-17	—04
Oct.	8.57-57	—02	Sept.	11.29-29	—09
Dec.	8.59-59	—03	Dec.	11.47-47	—05
Jan.	8.60-60	—03	Jan.	11.55-56	—02
Mar.	8.66-66	—02			
May	8.71 N.	—01			

New York Sugar No. 4	New York Silk
Sept. 0.89-89 1/2 unc. B/A	May 1.55 1/2-56 1/2 unc. B/A
Chicago Wheat	**Chicago Corn**
July 75-75 1/8 —1 1/2	July 58 3/8-58 1/2 —1/2
Sept. 75 7/8-76 —1 3/8	Sept. 59 3/8-59 1/2 —1/2
Winnipeg Wheat	**Montreal Silver**
May 116 1/8-116 1/8—1 1/8	May 42.75-3.30 +.05 B/A

B—Bid A—Asked.—Reuter.

Silver Quotations

London, May 24.

Silver prices declined slightly today, with quotations being recorded as follows:—

	May 23	May 24
London spot	18 3/8d.	18 1/16d.
„ forward	18 1/2d.	18 3/8d.
London/New York:		
One pound U.S.	$4.94 1/16	$4.95 1/8
One U.S. dollar	48.515d.	48.448d.
Gold	140/4 1/2d.	140/4 1/2d.

—Reuter.

Shanghai Stocks

Yesterday's Business

Morning Session

OFFICIAL

	CASH
2,000 Senawang	$ 0.71
200 Permata	$ 6.70
200 Tram (Bearer) £1	$ 33.50
7 S'hai Power (Pref)	$110.00
5,000 Tebong	$ 0.70
200 Ewo Mills (Ord)	$ 13.30
5,000 Tebong	$ 0.70

UNOFFICIAL

500 Ewo Mills (Ord)	$ 13.30
12 S'hai Power (Pref)	$110.00

Afternoon Session

OFFICIAL

1,000 Batu Anam	$ 0.76
9,000 Kelantan	$ 0.30
10 S. W. W. "A"	$510.00
1,000 Kelantan	$ 0.56

UNOFFICIAL

1 S'hai Power (Pref)	$110.00
100 Ewo Mills (Ord)	$ 13.30

	Shares
Morning Session	13,119
Afternoon Session	11,111
Total	24,250

Official Indexes

By Courtesy of Swan, Culbertson & Fritz

	May 23	24	Change
S'hai Rub. Share	194.10	193.87	Off 0.23
S'hai Gen. Stock	43.37*	**	—
Chi. Govt. Bond	101.61*	Closed	—

*—August 13, 1937.
**—Compilation temporarily suspended until active trading resumed.

London Stocks

Monday's Closing Quotations

London, May 23.

Trading on the stock exchange today was subdued, owing to European political developments and most movements were downward. However, as serious selling pressure was absent, the market became rather steadier towards the close. European bonds declined.—Reuter.

	May 20	23
War Loan 3 1/2% (Red.)	£101 3/4	100 7/8

JAPANESE BONDS

Japan 5% Stg. Loan, 1907	46	45 1/2
Japan 6% Stg. Loan, 1924	55	55

COMMERCIAL AND INDUSTRIAL

Allied Ironfounders	23/6	23/3
Armstrong, Stevens	7/-	7/-
Assoc. & Elec. Indus.	37/10 1/2	37/4 1/2
Austin Motors, ord.	23/3	23/1 1/2
Bristol Aeroplane, ord.	53/1 1/2	52/1 1/2
British-American Tob.	102/6	101/3
Cable & W., new form,	54 1/4	53
Cammell Laird, ord.	7/4 1/2	7/3
Courtaulds	37/-	36/6
Distillers	95/6	95/9
Dunlop Rubber	25/9	25/4 1/2
General Elec. (Eng.)	71/3	70/6
Guinness (A.) Son & Co.	114/6	114/-
Hawker Siddeley Aircraft	27/9	27/6
Imp. Chem. Indus.	20/9	25/6
Imp. Tobacco	132/9	132/6
Leyland Motors	79/4 1/2	77/6
Marks & Spencer "A" ord.	56/6	55/-
Pressed Steel, com.	14/3	14/1 1/2
Rolls-Royce	91/10 1/2	89/-
Smethwick Drop For.	18/-	*17/3
Tate & Lyle	78/-	77/6
Turner & Newall	77/9	77/-
United Steel	22/4 1/2	22/1 1/2
Vickers, ord.	21/3	21/-
Woolworths	63/10 1/2	62/9

MISCELLANEOUS

Anglo Dutch	25/-	24/6
Rubber Pltn. Invest.	24/1 1/2	23/9

MINES

Burma Corp.	9/3	9/3
Commonwealth Min.	1/10 1/2	1/16 1/2
Exploration Co.	2/3	2/3
Marsman Invest.	10/9	10/9
Randfontein Ests.	34/-	33/9
Sub-Nigel	210/-	203/9
Tanami Gold Min.	6d.	6d.

OILS

Anglo Iranian	82/6	81/3
Burmah	118/1 1/2	113/5*
Mexican Eagle	4/3	4/3
Shell Trans. & Trad.	82/6	81/10 1/2

*—Ex dividend.

CHINESE EXTERNAL LOANS, ETC.

4 1/2% Gold Loan, 1898	£82		82
5% Gold Bonds, 1925-47	75		74 1/2
4 1/2% Anglo-French Loan	92		92
5% Crisp Loan, 1912	53		52
5% Reorg. Loan, 1913	67		65 1/2
6% Stg. Notes, 1925	18		18
5% Honan Rly., 1905	38		38
5% Hukuang Rly., 1911	32		31
5% „ „ (Ger. Is.)	30		29
5% Lung Tsing U. H. Rly.	19		19
5% S'hai-Nanking Rly.	35	N	35 N
5% T'tsin-Pukow Rly. B.	30		30
5% „ „ G.	30		30
5% „ „ (Supl. Loan) B.	30		30
5% „ „ (Supl. Loan) G.	30		30
5% Canton-Kowloon Rly.	25		25
S'hai. Elec. Construction	36/-	N	36/- N
S'hai Waterworks "A"	24 1/2	N	24 1/2 N
Un. Ins. Soc. of Canton	31 1/2	N	31 1/2 N
Chartd. Bank of I. A. & C.	12 1/4		12 1/4
H. & S. Bank (Ldn. Reg.)	90		90
„ (Col. Reg.)	93		92
Chinese Eng. & Min.	14/6		14/6
Chosen Corp.	7/6		7/6
Pekin Syndicate	2/6	N	2/6 N
Gula Kalumpong Rubber	16/9		16/9

N—Nominal.

British Commodities

Monday's Closing Quotations

London, May 23.

Commodities, generally, remained quiet and featureless today.

London Rubber: Spot buyers 5 3/8 —1/8; sellers 5 1/2 —1/8; June del. buyers 5 3/8 —1/8; sellers 5 1/2 —1/8.
London Sugar (Buyers) May 4/11 +1/2; Aug. 4/11 1/2 +1/2; Dec. 4/11 1/2 +1/4.
Liverpool Wheat: May 6/6 3/4 unc; July 6/4 3/8 —3/8; Oct. 6/2 3/8 —1/2.
Liverpool Cotton: May 4.59 —2 July 4.64 —2; Oct. 4.75 —2; Jan. 4.82 —1; Egyptian Futures (Giza. F.G.F. No. 7) May 6.44 —1; July 6.54 —1; Sept. 6.56 —1; Oct. 6.62 —6.
London Metals: Copper, Stan. Cash sellers £34 1/4 —7/8; 3 mths sellers £34 1/2 —7/8; electrolytic buyers £38 1/2 —1; sellers £39 1/4 —3/4; Tin, Stan. Cash sellers £160 +1 1/2; 3 mths. sellers £160 1/2 +1 1/2; Lead, Foreign, official price sellers £13 5/8 +1/2; 3 mths sellers £13 1/8 +1/2; Spelter, Ordinary, official price sellers £12 7/8 +1/2; 3 mths del. sellers £12 5/8 unc.—Reuter.

Foreign Exchanges

Bombay Rupee T. T. on: May 23.

Japan	78 3/8	London	1/5 3/32
New York	27 1/8	2 months	
Shanghai	63 1/4	„ (sellers)	1/5 3/32
Hongkong	84 7/8	„ (buyers)	1/5 5/32

London £ Sterling T. T. on:

New York	495.00	Shanghai	11 1/4 d N
Paris	178.68	Bombay	1/5 3/32
Berlin	12.36	Hongkong	1/3
Amsterdam	8.97 3/8	Singapore	2/3 1/2
Brussels	29.43	Yokohama	1/2
Madrid	82.00 N	„ (buying)	1/12 1/2
Milan	94.05	C'Slovakia	143.00
Berne	21.73 3/4		

New York U.S.$ T. T. on:

Berlin	40.09	Japan	23.87
Spain	Unq.	Shanghai	23.12
Holland	55.17	Austria	Unq.
Paris	2.77	C'Slovakia	3.47 3/4
Brussels	16.83 1/2	Hungary	19.80
Italy	5.26 1/4	Rumania	0.74
S'zerland	22.79	Yugo'Slavia	2.33
Sweden	23.52 1/2	Greece	0.90 7/8
Norway	24.87 1/2	Bulgaria	1.25
Denmark	22.10	Finland	2.19
Montreal	99.060	Poland	18.87
Brazil	5.90		
London			4.95
„ Demand			4.95 1/8
„ Bankers' 60 days bills			4.94 3/8
„ Commercial 60 days bills			4.94 5/8
Buenos Aires, Paper			30.71
„ „ „ marke rate			26.15
Montreal on London			4.99 1/8

—Reuter.

China's April Foreign Trade

Net Imports Amount to $67,018,304; Total January-April $297,736,807

ACCORDING to the monthly returns issued by the Chinese Maritime Customs covering foreign trade of this country, net imports during April, 1938 totalled $67,018,304. Net exports totalled $56,639,118. January-April figures were $297,736,807 and $190,802,112 respectively as compared with the corresponding figures last year of $380,348,593 and $319,692,505.

Net Imports

(Including Bond Withdrawals)

	April 1938 C.S.$	January-April 1937 C.S.$	January-April 1938 C.S.$
Cotton piece goods, grey	94,495	3,807,800	1,586,395
Piece white or dyed	751,971	2,411,816	1,480,179
Piece printed	194,553	341,660	238,819
Piece miscellaneous	30,482	427,050	147,414
Cotton, raw, yarn	995,717	10,115,610	2,963,813
Cotton manu., sundry	222,988	997,664	1,298,832
Flax, ramie, hemp	1,522,003	9,578,507	5,613,278
Wool and Manu.	1,064,378	16,605,463	3,298,825
Silk	218,485	4,846,620	424,730
Metals and Ores	5,543,848	51,604,977	24,796,672
Machinery and Tools	2,911,458	27,139,057	14,860,853
Vehicles and vessels	2,576,454	16,366,680	15,341,486
Metal Manu.	2,189,683	18,189,804	10,444,372
Fishery Products	636,955	6,935,158	2,568,957
Canned Goods	639,725	3,468,967	2,237,431
Cereals and Flour	16,052,599	13,957,227	43,991,592
Fruits, seeds	891,099	2,147,268	2,405,488
Medicinal goods	708,098	3,407,098	1,848,007
Sugar	1,716,258	8,624,237	4,176,860
Wines, beer	177,739	504,632	412,147
Tobacco	1,236,574	12,307,541	6,484,854
Pharmaceuticals	4,793,282	20,241,593	14,325,537
Dyes, varnishes	1,649,791	17,332,112	4,739,486
Candles, resins, etc.	9,380,722	48,181,663	35,013,062
Books, maps, paper	3,903,704	26,239,257	14,148,988
Hides, leather, etc.	379,629	1,805,321	979,003
Timber	1,878,220	5,180,708	4,138,372
Bamboo, straw, etc	515,798	2,873,053	1,381,872
Coal, fuel, tar	547,369	2,683,321	2,604,390
Chinaware, etc.	249,430	2,569,476	1,016,417
Stone, earth	190,933	1,532,423	807,176
Sundry	3,154,164	37,924,800	71,683,500
Grand Total	67,018,304	380,348,593	297,736,807

Net Exports

	C.S.$	C.S.$	C.S.$
Animal products	7,458,027	31,011,049	24,475,818
Hides, leather	2,379,824	31,300,777	5,367,368
Fish products	208,435	1,033,979	789,373
Beans and Peas	102,629	2,771,604	333,907
Cereals	85,246	7,352,470	223,811
Dyestuffs, vegetables	128,613	641,726	335,606
Fruits, preserves	719,599	6,162,854	3,716,345
Medicinals	1,103,097	5,668,804	3,373,202
Oils, tallow, wax	3,968,327	50,098,263	18,096,103
Seeds	1,458,501	21,022,177	4,103,488
Spirituous beverages	112,174	507,075	410,456
Sugar	2,065	1,503	20,246
Tea	939,210	9,108,117	5,765,855
Tobacco	442,911	3,579,046	2,201,345
Vegetables	705,215	4,009,311	2,802,559
Vegetable products	325,558	2,530,926	982,481
Bamboo	258,057	1,242,713	870,155
Fuel	1,049,624	4,838,596	4,845,389
Rattan	10,951	143,959	35,442
Timber	341,883	2,173,246	1,026,403
Paper	613,985	2,523,580	2,235,821
Textile fibres	13,789,834	59,361,947	34,705,068
Yarn, thread	3,221,970	14,765,610	13,624,545
Piece goods	1,679,645	8,486,343	5,376,763
Other textiles	911,716	3,790,981	3,158,541
Ores, metals	10,618,907	30,930,070	37,736,125
Glass, glassware	56,967	148,656	178,215
Stone, earth	451,490	1,658,060	1,410,412
Chemicals	483,547	2,840,429	1,225,906
Printed Matter	177,436	862,572	1,157,009
Sundry	2,333,636	9,225,972	10,220,355
Grand Total	56,639,118	319,692,505	190,802,112

IMPORTS FROM AND EXPORTS TO FOREIGN COUNTRIES:
VALUE OF GOLD AND SILVER—BY COUNTRIES

	Gold April 1938 G.U.	Gold January-April 1937 G.U.	Gold January-April 1938 G.U.	Silver April 1938 $	Silver January-April 1937 $	Silver January-April 1938 $
Imported From						
British India			231,108			
Hongkong	834,482	54,686	5,467,208		183,000	
Japan					32,000	
Total Imports	834,482	54,686	5,698,316	*	215,000	†
Exported to						
Hongkong	25,520		84,621	2,353,800	8,000	42,893,221
Japan					607	
Total Exports	25,520		84,621	2,353,800‡	8,607	42,893,221§

*Nickel and copper subsidiary coins, value $58,000 and bank-notes, face value Chinese $21,493,444, Yen 21,400 and U.S.$75,000 were imported during the month.
†Nickel and copper subsidiary coins, value $75,075 and bank notes, face value Chinese $51,823,237, Yen 21,400, Piastres 18,540, £18,121 and U.S.$112,047, were imported during the period.
‡Not including Bank-notes, face value Chinese $586,127.
§Not including nickel and copper subsidiary coins, value $240,000 and bank-notes, face value Chinese $98,230,731, Piastres 800 and Hongkong $700.

IMPORTS FROM AND EXPORTS TO FOREIGN COUNTRIES:
VALUE OF MERCHANDISE

	April 1938 G.U.	$	January-April 1937 G.U.	$	January-April 1938 G.U.	$
Imports						
Gross Imports	29,981,912		166,186,771		132,758,138	
Less Re-imports Abroad	275,217		342,341		772,472	
Net Imports	29,706,695	67,018,304	166,144,430	380,348,593	131,985,666	297,736,807
Exports						
Gross Exports		56,760,863		319,796,961		191,029,112
Less Reimports from Abroad		121,745		104,459		227,000
Net Exports		56,639,118		319,692,505		190,802,112
Total Net Imports and Exports		123,657,422		700,041,098		488,538,919
Excess of Imports		10,379,186		60,656,088		106,934,695
Exports						

IMPORTS FROM AND EXPORTS TO FOREIGN COUNTRIES:
VALUE OF GOLD AND SILVER

	April 1938 G.U.	$	January-April 1937 G.U.	$	January-April 1938 G.U.	$
Imports						
Gold Coins	161,497		52,886		1,156,917	
Gold Bullion	672,985		800		4,541,399	
Silver Coins				215,000		
Silver Bullion						
Tot. l Imports	834,482	*	54,686	215,000	5,698,316	*
Exports						
Gold Coins						
Gold Bullion	25,520				84,621	
Silver Coins		2,169,333		8,000		42,460,415
Silver Bullion		184,467		607		432,806
Total Exports	25,520	2,353,800*		8,607	84,621	42,893,221*
Total Imports and Exports	860,002	2,353,800	54,686	223,607	5,782,937	42,893,221
Excess of Imports	808,962		54,686	206,393	5,613,695	
Exports		2,353,800				42,893,221

*Not including nickel and copper subsidiary coins and bank-notes.

New York Stocks

Monday's Closing Quotations

New York, May 23.

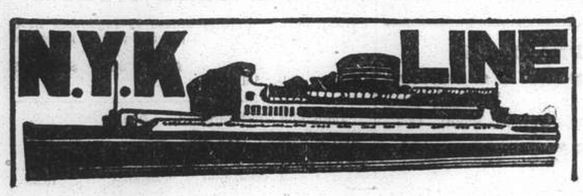
Stock prices on Wall Street today finished with mostly gains of about 1 point. It is expected that President Roosevelt will sign the Tax Bill this week, but the favourable implications were offset by the belief that President Roosevelt will accompany his signature with a message having repercussions in the market. Steels held steady, despite the drop in mill activity, while utilities were marking time awaiting developments at Washington. Meanwhile, the market appears to be pretty well sold out and can readily respond to constructive developments. The turnover today amounted to 330,000 shares.

Dow-Jones Averages

	High	Low	Close	Change
30 Indust.	114.27	112.88	113.87	+0.72
20 Rails	21.50	21.65	21.21	+0.03
15 Utilities	19.17	18.90	19.03	+0.05
40 Bonds	——	——	86.94	—0.02
11 Comm.	——	——	46.83	—0.43

	May 21	23
Adams Express	8 1/2	8 3/4
Alleghany Steel Co	14 1/4	14 3/4
Allis Chalmers	41 3/8	42
Amer. Can	B 85 1/2	85 1/4
Amer. Cyanamid "B"	17 1/2	17 3/8
Amer. & For. Pow.	3 1/2	3 3/8
„ $7 pfd.	18 3/4	17 1/4
Amer. Locomotive	15 3/4	15 3/4
Amer. Metals	28 1/2	28 1/2
Amer. Radiator	10 1/8	10 3/8
Amer. Rolling Mill	15 1/2	15 1/4
Amer. Smelting	34 5/8	34 7/8
Amer. Sugar Refining	B 22 1/2	22 1/2
Amer. Tel. & Tel.	129 1/4	129 3/4
Amer. Tobacco "B"	B 70	B 70 1/4
Amer. Waterworks	9 1/8	9 1/4
Anaconda Copper	25 1/8	25 1/2
Atchison, T. & S. Fe	25 3/8	25 3/8
Atlas Corp.	6 1/2	B 6 1/4
Auburn	3 1/4	B 3 1/8
Baltimore & Ohio	5 1/2	5 1/2
„ pfd.	6 3/4	6 1/2
Barber Co.	15 1/2	15 1/2
Barnsdall Oil Co.	12 3/4	12 3/4
Bethlehem Steel	44 1/2	45 1/4
Boeing Airplane Co.	23 1/2	23 1/2
Borden Co.	15 7/8	15 3/4
Borg Warner	18 1/2	19 1/4
Briggs Manufacturing Co.	17	16 7/8
Eklyn-Manhattan Trans.	B 8 5/8	B 8 1/2
„ $6 cum. pfd.	B 26	25
Case, J.I.	74 7/8	75 1/2
Can. Pacific Rly.	5 3/8	5 1/2
Celanese Corp.	12 3/4	12 3/4
Cerro de Pasco	33	34
Chase Nat. Bank	B 29	B 29
Chesapeake Corp.	32 3/8	32 1/8
Chesapeake & Ohio	26 1/8	26 1/4
Chrysler	41 3/8	42 1/2
Columbia Gas & Elec.	6 5/8	6 3/8
„ "A" pfd.	67	66 1/4
Coml. Credit	31 3/8	31
Coml. Solvents	7	7
Comm. & Southern (ord.)	1 1/2	1 3/8
„ $6 cum. pfd.	42 1/4	40 1/2
Consolid. Edison	23 7/8	24 1/8
Consolid. Oil	8 1/4	8 1/4
Continental Can	29 1/2	39 1/2
Continental Oil	24 1/4	24 3/4
Corn Products	63 1/8	63
Curtis Wright (com.)	4 3/4	4 3/4
„ "A"	19 3/4	19 3/4
Delaware & Hudson	9 5/8	9 1/2
Delaware, Lackawanna	5 1/8	5 1/8
Deere Co.	16 3/4	16 3/4
Distillers Corp. Seagrams	B 12 7/8	13
Douglas Aircraft	44 5/8	44 1/8
Du Pont de Nemours	53 1/8	53 1/8
Eagle Picher Lead	8 1/2	9
Elec. Boat Co.	8 1/8	8
Elec. Bond & Sh.	7 3/4	7 3/4
„ „ $5 pfd.	48	B 47 1/2
„ „ $6 pfd.	51 3/4	50 1/8
Elec. Power & Lt.	10 1/8	10 1/4
„ „ 7% pfd.	37 3/4	38 1/8
Flintkote Co.	14 7/8	15
Freeport Sulphur	25 1/2	25 1/8
Gen. Cigar	B 22 1/2	B 22 1/2
Gen. Elec.	34 3/8	35
Gen. Foods	27 1/2	B 27
Gen. Motors	28 7/8	29
Gen. Rly. Signal	15	14 1/2
Glidden Co.	B 17	16 7/8
Goodrich (B.F.)	12 1/2	12 1/4
„ $5 pfd.	41	39
Goodyear Tire & R.	17 1/4	17 1/2
Great Nthrn. Rly.	15	15 1/2
Great Western Sugar	26 3/8	26
Greyhound Corp.	8 3/4	8 3/4
Hecker Prods.	6 1/2	6 3/8
Humble Oil	63	62 1/2
Int. Nickel	44 3/8	45
Int. Tel. & Tel.	8 1/2	8 3/4
Interstate Department Stores	8 3/8	B 8 1/4
Kennecott	30 7/8	31 3/8
Lambert Co.	B 10 3/4	10 3/4
Libby-Owens-Ford Glass	27 1/2	27
Lockheed Aircraft	9 1/8	9 1/4
Loew's Inc.	39 3/8	39 1/2
Lorillard	B 16	B 15 7/8
McKesson & Rob.	30 3/8	30 3/8
Martin, Glenn L. Co.	23	23 3/8
Monsanto Chemical	74 1/2	74 1/2
Montgomery Ward	30 3/8	30 5/8
Nat. Bond & Investment	B 13 1/8	13
Nat. Cash Register	17 3/8	17
Nat. City Bank	B 23	B 23
Nat. Dairy Prods.	13 3/8	13 1/2
Nat. Distillers	19 5/8	19 3/4
Nat. Power & Lt.	7	7
Nat. Supply Co.	15 3/4	16
New York Central	11 7/8	12
Niagara Hudson & Power	7 1/8	7 1/4
North Amer. Aviation	8 3/8	8 3/4
North Amer. Co.	19 7/8	20
Northern Pacific	7 3/8	7 3/4
Pacific Gas & Elec.	26 5/8	26 3/8
Pacific Lighting	B 36 7/8	B 36 7/8
Packard Motors	3 3/4	3 3/4
Paramount Pictures Inc.	7 3/8	7 3/8
„ 1st pfd.	76	B 72 1/2
Pennsylvania R.R.	15 1/4	15 1/8
Phillips Petroleum	31	31 3/8
Public Serv. of N.J.	29 1/8	29 1/8
Pure Oil	8 7/8	8 7/8
„ 5% conv. pfd.	B 73	B 72 1/2
Radio Corp. of Amer.	5 5/8	5 5/8
Republic Steel Co.	13	13 1/4
Reynolds Tobacco "B"	36 3/4	36 3/4
Schenley Distillers	16 1/2	16 1/4
„ 5 1/2% pfd.	B 67	67
Sears Roebuck	54 1/8	55 1/8
Shell Union Oil	B 12 1/8	12 1/4
Socony-Vacuum	12 1/4	12 3/4
Sthrn. Cal. Edison	21 1/4	B 27 1/8
Sthrn. Pacific	11 1/4	11 3/4
Southern Railway	7 3/8	7 3/8
Sthrn. Rly. 5% pfd.	11 1/2	11 1/2
Stand Brands	7 1/8	7 1/8
Stand. Gas & Elec.	3 1/2	3 1/2
„ „ $7 pfd.	19 1/2	20
Stand. Oil of N.J.	46 1/4	46 3/8
Sterling Prods.	59 1/2	59
Studebaker	4	4
Swift International	B 25 1/4	B 25 1/2
Technicolor	23 1/2	23 1/2
Texas Corporation	35 3/8	36 1/2
Texas Gulf Sulphur	30 3/4	31
Tide Water Associated Oil	11 1/2	11 1/2
Transamerica (new)	9 1/2	9 3/8
Tw.Century-Fox Film,	22 1/2	22
„ „ pfd.	B 30	B 30
Un. Carbide & Carbon	65 7/8	66 7/8
Un. Pacific	B 61 1/4	62
Un. Aircraft (new)	26 1/4	26 3/8
Un. Airlines Trans.	8 3/4	8 3/8
Un. Corp.	2 3/4	2 3/4
„ $3 pfd.	29	29
Un. Gas Corp.	3 5/8	3 1/2
Un. Gas Improvement	10 5/8	10 3/8
United Light & Power Co.	2 5/8	2 3/8
U. S. Indus. Alcohol	17	17
U. S. Rubber	26	26 3/8
„ „ 8% non-cum.	64 3/4	65 1/2
U. S. Smelt. R. & M.	55	B 51
U. S. Steel	42 3/4	43 3/8
Vanadium	14 7/8	14 1/2
Warner Bros. Picts.	4 7/8	4 7/8
Westinghouse Elec.	75 1/4	76
Woodward Iron	12 3/8	12 1/2
Youngstown Sheet & Tube.	29 1/2	29 7/8
BONDS		
Amer. & For. Power	B 50 1/2	50
Brazil	12 3/4	12 1/2
Chic. Mil. Stp. & Pac.	8 3/8	8 7/8
Cities Serv. Pwr.	57 1/2	57 1/4

TRAVEL AND SHIPPING



To Honolulu, San Francisco and Los Angeles, via Yokohama

From Kobe

CHICHIBU MARU	May 30
TAIYO MARU	June 13
TATSUTA MARU	June 21

To Vancouver and Seattle

From Kobe

HIYE MARU	June 7

To Australian Ports via Manila

From Hongkong

KAMO MARU	May 28

To Aden, Naples, Marseilles, London, Antwerp and Rotterdam via Straits and Colombo (*Calls at Hamburg)

From Shanghai

*YASUKUNI MARU	May 31
HAKONE MARU	June 14
FUSHIMI MARU	June 28
HAKOZAKI MARU	July 12

To Kobe, Yokohama

FUSHIMI MARU	May 25
HAKOZAKI MARU	June 7

To Nagasaki (Rapid Express Service)

NAGASAKI MARU	May 25
SHANGHAI MARU	May 28
NAGASAKI MARU	May 30
SHANGHAI MARU	June 2

For Passage or Freight apply to **NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA**
31 The Bund
Tel. 12842 After Office Hours 18885

General Passenger Agents of Cunard-White Star, Ltd.

PASSAGE FARES
Shanghai to London

Class	Single	Return
A	£88	£154
B	£68	£119
C	£64	£112

Passenger Office
21-23 French Bund

Butterfield & Swire
Agents
Telephone 82020

THE BLUE FUNNEL LINE
REGULAR AND FAST FREIGHT AND PASSENGER SERVICES

LONDON SAILINGS

2 June—PATROCLUS†	12 June—MEMNON	26 June—ANTENOR†
Marseilles, London, Rotterdam, Glasgow — via Aden	Marseilles, Casablanca, London, Rotterdam, Hamburg, Glasgow — via Aden	Marseilles, London, Rotterdam, Glasgow — via Aden

LIVERPOOL SAILINGS

4 June—"AGAPENOR" from Shanghai	18 July—"ANTILOCHUS" from Shanghai	20 Aug.—TITAN from Shanghai
Liverpool via Japan	Havre, Liverpool, Bromborough — via Saigon	Havre, Liverpool, Bromborough — via Saigon

*Cargo steamer with limited Passenger Accommodation. † "A" Class Passenger vessel ‡ Motor vessel with limited recently modernized Passenger Accommodation.

SERVICE OUTWARD	"ANTENOR"	from Liverpool	due S'hai May 27
	"AGAPENOR"	,, Liverpool	,, June 4
	"AJAX"	,, Liverpool	,, June 10
	"ACHILLES"	,, Liverpool	,, June 17
	"MYRMIDON"	,, New York	,, June 17

East Asiatic Co., Ltd.
of Copenhagen

Outwards from European Continental Ports
MS. CHILE .. .. June 9

Homewards
for Jaffa, Haifa, Rotterdam, Hamburg and Copenhagen
MS. DANMARK loading at Hongkong .. June 1
The vessels have accommodation for a limited number of passengers
Fare Shanghai/Rotterdam/Hamburg £65

Agency of
THE EAST ASIATIC CO., LTD.
Telephone 15055 17 Canton Road

Holland East-Asia Line
of the United Netherlands Navigation Company
FAR EASTERN FREIGHT SERVICE
OUTWARD

From Bremen, Hamburg, Antwerp, Amsterdam and Rotterdam

SS. MEERKERK ..... Discharged her Shanghai cargo at Dairen
SS. SEROOSKERK ..... Discharged her Shanghai cargo at Manila

HOMEWARD
to
ADEN/PORT SAID
Genoa, Antwerp, Rotterdam, Amsterdam, Hamburg and Bremen

SS. GAASTERKERK ..... Due to sail from Hongkong June 11, 1938

Through Bs/L issued to all Mediterranean and all North Continental Ports. Optional Bs/L issued to United Kingdom/Continental Ports.

The steamers have excellent accommodation for a limited number of saloon passengers.

Shanghai/Genoa £61
Shanghai/Rotterdam/London £65

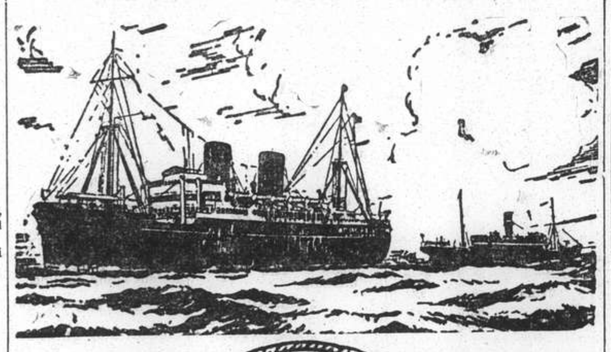
JAVA-CHINA-JAPAN LIJN AGENTSCHAP SHANGHAI N.V.
133 Szechuen Road, Brunner Mond Building
General Agents Telephone 16247-6-5-4 (4 lines)

When on Home Leave

Read news of China by having the "North-China Herald" forwarded to you. As a news medium it is incomparable, for each issue contains the news which has appeared the preceding seven days in the "North-China Daily News." Send for a free sample copy.

Per month $2.50, including postage

THE NORTH-CHINA HERALD
P. O. Box 707, Shanghai



B. I. P&O E.&A.

(Incorporated in England—by Royal Charter)
Direct Fortnightly Mail Steamers (under contract with H.M. Govt.)

TO BOMBAY, MARSEILLES and LONDON
Via Hongkong, Straits and Ceylon

		From Shanghai	Tonnage
June	7	CARTHAGE	15,000
	14	*BURDWAN	6,100
	21	RAJPUTANA	17,000
July	5	RANCHI	17,000
	12	*SOMALI	7,000
	19	RANPURA	17,000

		From Shanghai	Tonnage
Aug.	2	RAWALPINDI	17,000
	9	*BANGALORE	6,100
	16	NALDERA	16,000
	30	CORFU	15,000

*Cargo only; calling at Casablanca, Havre, Hull, Hamburg, Rotterdam and Antwerp.

BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION CO.
To CALCUTTA via PORTS

	Leave Shanghai For Japan	*Leave Hongkong*
SIRDHANA		June 4
SHIRALA		June 18

EASTERN & AUSTRALIAN S.S. CO., LTD.
DIRECT FAST MAIL SERVICE
SHANGHAI TO AUSTRALIA
Via JAPAN, HONGKONG and RABAUL

Visit Australia and New Zealand for a healthy and cheap holiday. Your money is worth 25% more. Variations of climate to suit all with surfing and shooting second to none.

Steamers	*Commanders*	*Lv. Shanghai via Japan*	*Leaves Hongkong*	*Arrives Sydney*
TANDA	E. Pilcher		June 3	June 22
NANKIN	T. J. Mills	June 9	July 2	July 21
NELLORE	T. H. Scott-White	July 11	Aug. 5	Aug. 24

TAKING PASSENGERS AND CARGO DIRECT FROM SHANGHAI OR TRANSHIPPING VIA HONGKONG

All vessels may call at any ports on or off the route—and the route and all sailings are subject to change or deviation with or without notice.

Mackinnon, Mackenzie, & Co.
27 The Bund (Ewo Building) Telephone 11428

MESSAGERIES MARITIMES
9 Ave. Edward VII Tel. 82034

FRENCH MAIL SERVICE **KOBE, MARSEILLES**
via Shanghai, Hongkong, Saigon, Singapore, Colombo, Djibouti and Port-Said.

SHANGHAI Arrive	SHANGHAI Leave	Arrive Kobe	STEAMERS	Leave Kobe	SHANGHAI Arrive	SHANGHAI Leave for Marseilles
May 27	May 29	May 31	ARAMIS	June 4	June 6	June 7
June 10	June 13	June 15	Mar'al Joffre	June 18	June 20	June 21
June 24	June 27	June 29	Athos II	July 2	July 4	July 5
July 8	July 11	July 13	Jean Laborde	July 16	July 18	July 19
July 22	July 25	July 27	Felix Roussel	July 30	Aug. 1	Aug. 2

FREIGHT SERVICE
YALOU ..... due at Shanghai about June 10
COMMT. DORISE ..... due at Shanghai about June 24

"Glen" and "Shire" Lines
Joint Services to and from the United Kingdom, Continent etc.

OUTWARDS: Due to arrive from London
"AUTOLYCUS" . . . . . June 12
HOMEWARDS: Due to sail from Shanghai
"AUTOLYCUS" . . . . . July 2
Casablanca, London, Rotterdam, Hamburg and Antwerp via Hongkong and Straits
Loading dates approximate and subject to alteration without notice

JARDINE MATHESON & Co., LTD. *Passenger and Loading Agents* Telephone 15290
BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE *Discharging Agents* Telephone 82020

WILHELMSEN LINES

Outwards
From Scandinavian and Continental ports

ms. "Tai Yang" left Hamburg May 4, due Shanghai June 12
ms. "Taronga" leaves Hamburg May 30, due Shanghai July 8
ms. "Talabot" leaves Hamburg June 30, due Shanghai Aug. 8
ms. "Talleyrand" leaves Hamburg July 30, due Shanghai Sept. 11

Homewards for
Casablanca, Antwerp, Rotterdam, Hamburg and Oslo via Hongkong Singapore and Port Said

ms. "Tirranna" loads Shanghai June 13
ms. "Triton" loads Shanghai July 11

Through bills of lading for all Scandinavian and Baltic ports.
Optional Bills of lading for U.K. ports.

General Agents: **DODWELL & CO., LTD.**
17 Canton Road Telephone 11366

LLOYD TRIESTINO

s.s. "CONTE ROSSO"
to Trieste via Hongkong, Singapore, Colombo, Bombay, Massowah, Port Said, Brindisi, Venice
on or about May 31

m.v. "VICTORIA" to Genoa on or about		June 14
s.s. "CONTE VERDE" to Trieste	,,	July 12
s.s. "CONTE BIANCAMANO" Genoa	,,	Aug. 17
s.s. "CONTE ROSSO" Trieste	,,	Aug. 30

For particulars please apply to
LLOYD TRIESTINO
Telephone 16885 26 The Bund, Shanghai Tel. Adr: LLOYDIANO

P. & O. R.M.S. "CARTHAGE"
15,000 Tons
COLOMBO, BOMBAY, ADEN, PORT SAID, MALTA, MARSEILLES, GIBRALTAR and LONDON
Will leave Shanghai for above ports
On Tuesday, June 7, 1938
Passenger tender leaves Customs Jetty at 10.30 a.m.
Hand Packages only will be accepted by the tender.
Heavy Baggage will be received into Lighter at the Customs Jetty between 2 and 3 p.m. Monday, June 6.
Customs Permit required for any nailed cases
All vessels may call at any ports on or off the route—and the route and all sailings are subject to change or deviations with or without notice.
For Freight and Passage apply to:
MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & CO.
Agents
Telephone 11428 27 The Bund

O.S.K.

Shanghai Sailing
For Formosa (Keelung and Takao)
TYOSA MARU ..... May 28
CANTON MARU ..... June 5

Kobe Sailing
New York via Panama Canal
*TOSAN MARU ..... June 11
HOKKAI MARU ..... June 21
For Australia
*SYDNEY MARU ..... June 1
For New Zealand
*BRISBANE MARU ..... June 30

Hongkong Sailing
For South America via Africa
ARIZONA MARU ..... June 4
RIO DE JANEIRO MARU June 23
For Bombay
*HIMALAYA MARU ..... June
For Calcutta
*NAPLES MARU ..... June 2

*Cargo only

OSAKA SYOSEN KAISYA
(OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA)
20 Canton Road Telephone 15324

D. K. K.

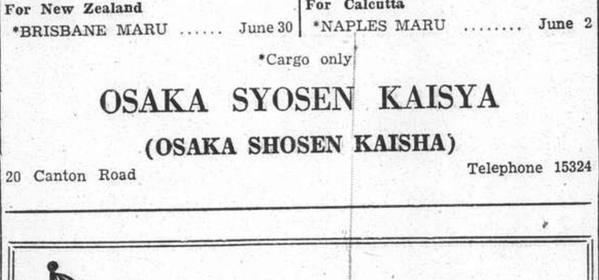
SHANGHAI-TSINGTAO DAIREN-LINE

	Arrival	*Departure*
SS. TSINGTAO MARU	May 26	May 28 at 11 a.m.
SS. HOTEN MARU	May 30	June 1 at 11 a.m.
SS. DAIREN MARU	June 1	June 3 at 11 a.m.
SS. TSINGTAO MARU	June 4	June 5 at 11 a.m.
SS. HOTEN MARU	June 7	June 8 at 11 a.m.
SS. DAIREN MARU	June 9	June 10 at 11 a.m.

SHANGHAI-TSINGTAO-TIENTSIN-LINE
(Freight only)

SS. HAKKA MARU	May 28
SS. KOGA MARU	June 3
SS. HAKKA MARU	June 13
SS. KOGA MARU	June 18

For Passage and Freight apply to:
DAIREN KISEN KAISHA
110 Szechuen Road Telephone 19646



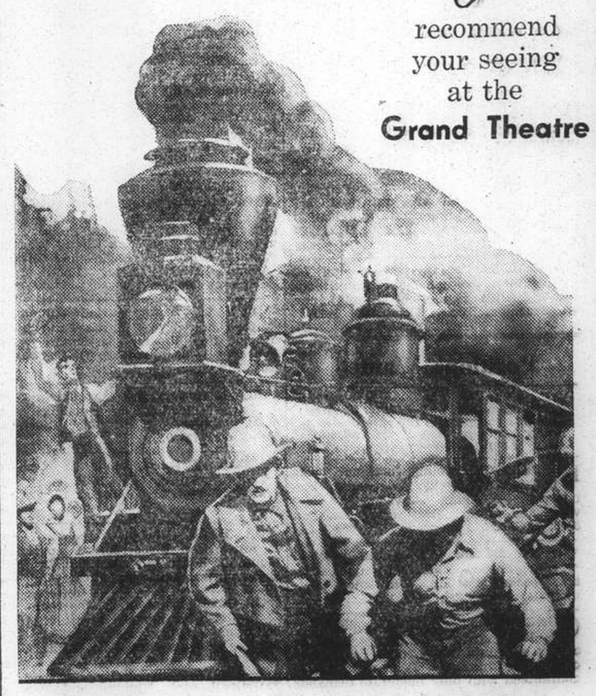
Homewards:
SS. "GNEISENAU" for Genoa, Southampton, Rotterdam, Bremen, Hamburg .. .. May 27
SS. "SCHARNHORST" for Genoa, Southampton, Rotterdam, Bremen, Hamburg .. .. June 24
MS. "COBURG" for Port Sudan, Marseilles, Casablanca, Rotterdam, Hamburg, Bremen July 8
SS. "POTSDAM" for Genoa, Southampton, Rotterdam, Bremen, Hamburg .. .. .. July 22

Outwards:

			Due Shanghai
ss. ALSTER	Left Port Said	May 12	June 7
ss. SCHARNHORST	Left Port Said	May 22	June 12
ss. DONAU	Left Rotterdam	May 22	July 4
ss. POTSDAM	Leaves Hamburg	June 4	July 10

For passage and Freight apply to
MELCHERS & CO.
General Agents:
NORDDEUTSCHER LLOYD, BREMEN
210 Kiukiang Road Telephone 15566

Canadian Pacific
recommend your seeing at the **Grand Theatre**



"SILENT BARRIERS"
A stirring romantic drama from Life's own pages . . . Red-blooded adventure . . . Love that is stronger than granite mountains.

By "DUTCH MAILS" To EUROPE
via Bali and Java *or* via Singapore

(Shanghai-Java by J.C.J.L.) (Shanghai-Singapore by "Interchange" Line)

	Tonnage	*Leave Batavia* 1938	*Leave Singapore* 1938	*Arrive Genoa/Marseilles*
ms. Dempo	17,000	June 8	June 10	June 29
ss. Johan de Witt	10,400	June 15	June 17	July 7
ss. J. P. Coen	11,140	June 22	June 24	July 16
ms. Indrapoera	10,800	June 29	July 1	July 20
ss. Slamat	11,600	July 6	July 8	July 27
ms. Marnix v. St. Aldegonde	19,100	July 13	July 15	Aug. 3
ms. Baloeran	17,000	July 20	July 22	Aug. 10
ms. Christiaan Huygens	15,700	Aug. 3	Aug. 5	Aug. 24
ms. Sibajak	12,000	Aug. 10	Aug. 12	Aug. 31
ms. Johan v. Oldenbarnevelt	19,000	Aug. 24	Aug. 26	Sept. 14
ms. Dempo	17,000	Aug. 31	Sept. 2	Sept. 20
ss. Johan de Witt	10,400	Sept. 14	Sept. 16	Oct. 5
ms. Indrapoera	10,800	Sept. 21	Sept. 23	Oct. 11
ms. Marnix v. St. Aldegonde	19,100	Oct. 5	Oct. 7	Oct. 25

SINGAPORE—GENOA/MARSEILLES 18 DAYS

For further particulars apply to:
JAVA-CHINA-JAPAN LIJN AGENTSCHAP SHANGHAI N.V.
133 SZECHUEN ROAD TELEPHONE: 16247

To EUROPE via SIBERIA
THE SHORTEST, CHEAPEST AND MOST COMFORTABLE ROUTE. ALL NECESSARY VISAS ARRANGED.
UNION STEAMSHIP AGENCY
51 CANTON ROAD TELEPHONE 11706
Agents: Far Eastern State Steamship Line of U.S.S.R.

HAMBURG-AMERIKA LINIE
FAR EASTERN MAIL
PASSENGER AND FREIGHT SERVICE

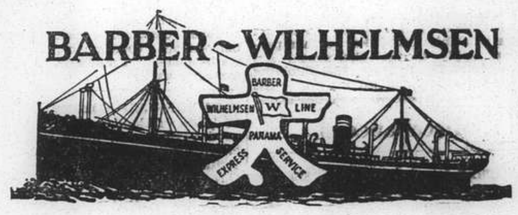
SAILINGS FROM SHANGHAI TO EUROPE:
mv. RAMSES June 4 Genoa, M'les, A'werp, R'dam, H'burg.
mv. KULMERLAND July 3 Genoa, A'werp, R'dam, Hamburg.

OUTWARD VESSELS LATEST MOVEMENTS:

			Due S'hai
mv. ASSUAN	Left Singapore	May 18	June 5
mv. KULMERLAND	Left Colombo	May 20	June 10
ss. NORDMARK	Passed Suez	May 19	June 22
mv. DUISBURG	Left Rotterdam	May 20	July 7

Through-tickets Far East/America/Europe issued
Subject to Alteration without notice. For Passage and Freight apply to
HAMBURG-AMERIKA LINIE
20 Canton Road **FILIALE SHANGHAI** Tel. 18709

BARBER-WILHELMSEN



Express Service
Shanghai—37 DAYS—New York
To New York and Boston via Los Angeles and Panama Canal
mv. TOULOUSE sailing June 22
Special Accommodation for Silk, Refrigerated Cargo and Oil in Bulk
For Freight and Passage Rates apply
DODWELL & CO., LTD.
17 Canton Road Telephone 11369

Positions Vacant

POSITION vacant for intelligent Chinese lady, with good social connections, to take charge of publicity, for well-known concern. Address Box 3100, N.C.D.N. 14887

YOUNG Chinese or foreign ladies required, proficient in swimming, dancing or skating. Applicants must speak Shanghai dialect and English. Apply in person at House 1037, 3rd floor, Hwakee Avenue, Bubbling Well Road, to-day or to-morrow, 10 a.m. to 6 p.m. -6765

SALESMAN highly experienced in building material, with good connections, wanted by leading import firm. Address Post Office Box 1050. -6755

ATTRACTIVE proposition for young ladies and men with ability, to sell advertising for important publication. Monthly guarantee. Box 3102, N.C.D.N. -6766

SPECIAL course in bookkeeping for beginners. $5 per month, text book free. British School of Accountancy, 410 Szechuen Road. Telephone 14967. -5276

Positions Wanted

Advertisements under this heading only are accepted at the rate of three dollar cents per word per insertion, with a minimum charge of $0.50.

EXPERIENCED young foreigner seeks position as clerk, bookkeeper, stenotypist, salesman, canvasser or any work and salary. Best references. Box 3096, N.C.D.N. -6754

YOUNG Briton, experienced efficient stenographer, office/accounts assistant, seeks position. Excellent testimonials. Box 3094, N.C.D.N. -6749

CHINESE solicitor wishes employment as legal advisor on salary basis to collect accounts and handle cases concerning Chinese. Perfect service guaranteed with only moderate demands for remuneration. Box 3099, N.C.D.N. -6760

WANTED position as service manager, shop foreman by American factory-trained, all-round automobile mechanic who can produce results. Address Box 3089, N.C.D.N. -6739

STENOGRAPHER seeks employment after regular business hours. Good opportunity for small concern to secure expert service at moderate cost. Address Box 3023, N.C.D.N. -5996

APPOINTMENT: Those seeking appointments, possessing necessary qualifications and highest references, may register at Clarkes Inquiry & Protection Agency, 88 Nanking Road. 14467

Educational

MANDARIN or Shanghai dialects by trained teachers. Simplified method, moderate terms. Apply Shanghai Language School, Telephone 12616. 14401

B. M. YU, of Shanghai University Music Department, gives Piano Lessons with instructions in Harmony, Theory and Music Appreciation. Telephone 72235. -6637

CHINESE lessons, Mandarin, Shanghai, Cantonese and other dialects. Speedy and excellent results assured. Fully qualified lady-teacher. Twice weekly, $20 monthly. Apply Box 2572, N.C.D.N. -5102

FOREIGN gentleman wants English lessons from English teacher. Address Box 3078, N.C.D.N. -6712

OPPORTUNITY. Start now with new Gregg Class. Gregg students awarded six out of seven London Chamber of Commerce shorthand certificates. Gregg School of Business. Shanghai's Premier Academy. 55 Yuen-Ming-Yuen Road. 14871

FIGUEIREDO'S School. Dependable. Shorthand, typewriting. Day, evening. 54 Garden Apartments, 1173/11 Bubbling Well Road. Seymour stop. -5063

Personal

CHINESE gentleman holding responsible position wishes to meet foreign lady as friend. Strictly confidential. Reply 233 Nanking Road, Room 502. -6702

Business Opportunities

IF you feel inconvenienced in selling your goods to Japanese because of lack of understanding Japanese language and psychology, make use of M. Tanaka's services. He will be your sales promoter. Telephone 46522. 14491

Lost

CUSTOMS Revenue Guard Identity Card No. 70, lost and declared null and void. Chow Pu Yun. -6735

Wanted to Purchase

WANTED stamp collections for cash. Pacific Stamp Co. 957 Bubbling Well Road, opposite Medhurst Apartment. -6756

WANTED, two second-hand compressed air jack hammers, must be in good condition. Address Box 3083, N.C.D.N. 14980

WE purchase and exchange any kind of second-hand refrigerators and counters. Address Box 3020, N.C.D.N. -5931

WE purchase all kinds of high-class furniture. Carpets, piano, typewriter, radio and useful household effects at a fair price. For further particulars apply to the Chesterfield Art Second-hand Goods Store, 1469 Bubbling Well Road, Telephone 36334. -5936

Miscellaneous

MOUTRIE piano for hire, $10 per month. Address Box 3060, N.C.D.N. -6683

G.E. refrigerators repaired with guarantee, also bought by Russian Electric Co. 334A Avenue du Roi Albert. Telephone 74816. -5709

TO readers of British and American magazines. You can read 14 magazines such as Esquire, Cosmopolitan, Good Housekeeping, Vogue, Strand, Windsor, etc., for $2.30 per month delivered any address. Telephone 83238 for list. Home Magazine Library. 14416

Animals

SEVERAL good racing ponies for sale, believed sound. Suitable for polo. Address Box 3103, N.C.D.N. 14892

KITTEN, good home offered. Address Box 3090, N.C.D.N. 14878

WILL real cat lover give home to large black male cat. Very petted, scrupulously clean. Bowler. Telephone 73793. -6736

For Sale—Miscellaneous

FOR SALE 1 Westinghouse refrigerator, 1936 model, 6 cu. ft., excellent condition. $400 cash. Telephone 73752. -6740

FURNITURE, Bedroom, living-room, dining room, for sale. Owner leaving, 419 Embankment Building, Telephone 40701. -6730

BEAUTIFUL summer pyjamas for children, $1.70. Baroukh's, 190 Nanking Road. -6734

SHIRTS. Made to measure, new designs. Wemco, $4.50; Duro, $5; Striped Silk, $9. Razon's. 12 Central Road. 14365

TOWELS. Ship and Machine brands. Face towels, bath towels, bath sheets, bath mats and towelling etc. First-grade quality at moderate prices. Manufactured by The Tuck Chong Weaving Factory, Office 10 Wongkashaw Gardens (Avenue Road Carter Road east), Telephone 37024. -5926

FOR SALE. Beauty parlour equipment, four hair-dryers, three Feon hand-dryers. For further particulars apply Property Department, E. D. Sassoon & Co., Ltd. Sassoon House. -6556

CROWN Hosiery, 239 Cardinal Mercier. Large selection of stockings from $1.60. Expert in hosiery business. Telephone 73539. -4965

CELLULAR shirts, made to measure, white/colours. $4.50 S/S., $5.50 L/S. Washable ties $1. Razon's, 12 Central Road. 14382

FOR SALE, first-class modern furniture for three-roomed apartment including household and kitchen utensils. Address Box 3062, N.C.D.N. -6684

FOR SALE, bedroom, sitting-room and dining-room modern furniture, in Al condition, owner leaving. For particulars address Box 3061, N.C.D.N. -6683

BUNKER coal, Kaiping and Paoshan slack, prompt delivery. Coal Office, 216 Hamilton House, Telephone 13932, 19340. -6706

PORTLAND cement, sand, and granite chips. Large stocks available immediate delivery, at lowest prices. Thompson, Telephone 10943. -6719

LACE gloves, 40 cents, bridge sets 50 cents, 19 pcs. luncheon sets $1.50; lace curtain $2.50 pair; applique runners 30 cents. Many others in laces and embroidered linens sold at wholesale price. Lace & Linen Syndicate, 114 Peking Road (1st floor). 14851

Motor Cars and Cycles

FOR SALE, Ford 1937, big engine with radio and torch-light, in very good condition, owner leaving. Address Box 3091, N.C.D.N. 14879

PACKARD, 1934 model, De luxe 8, excellent condition throughout. Apply Box 3054, N.C.D.N. -6672

$550. Morris Minor. Good condition and economical to run. Licensed for June and fully insured till December. Owner leaving Shanghai. Address Box 3086, N.C.D.N. 14875

WANTED urgently, car, mechanically perfect. Full particulars; make, year, cylinders, lowest cash price. Box 2906, N.C.D.N. -5908

WE offer cash for used cars and trucks. Apply Jenny's Motors, 177 Amiral Courbet, Telephone 73165. -5911

MORRIS Oxford 6-cylinders Saloon, bargain price, owner leaving. $450 cash. Apply Box 3055, N.C.D.N. 14864

1934 Buick Sedan, excellent condition, very little used, bargain. Apply Box 3056, N.C.D.N. 14864

Boats

FOR SALE, speed boat, teakwood, 22 ft. length, seats 8 people. Has 6-cylinder engine 36/42 with a speed of 18 m.p.h. Gasolene fuel. Built 1934. Will sell for $3,000. Box 2968, N.C.D.N. -14799

Radios

FOR skilled workmanship call 32392 American Radio Repair, 1549 Bubbling Well Road. -5055

Chinese Servants

RELIABLE cook-boy, speaks English well, good cook, highly recommended, seeks position. Address Box 3095, N.C.D.N. -6750

YOUNG cook-boy, clean, honest, speaking English, can wash, iron and sew. Best reference. Good for bachelor. Outport no objection. Box 3097, N.C.D.N. -6757

FIRST-class cook-boy, seeks position, clean, honest, highly recommended. Address Box 3098, N.C.D.N. -6759

FOREIGNER leaving Shanghai highly recommends clean, honest, intelligent, young house coolie, speaking Chinese only. Telephone 22357, 1-5 p.m. -6747

FOREIGNER recommends experienced chauffeur. Reliable and honest, understands English. Address Box 2993, N.C.D.N. -6752

COOK, suitable hotel, boarding house or residence. Very experienced, seeks position. Good references. Telephone 12281 between 12 noon and 2 p.m. -6725

73148 CENTRAL Employment Agency (British). 2,000 satisfied international customers. Picked cook-boys, baby-amahs, cook-amahs, house-amahs, wash-amahs, chauffeurs, watchmen, stenographers. -5946

EXPERIENCED cook-boy, good knowledge of English, American cooking, good pastry cook, many years' experience, wife good wash-amah. Excellent testimonials. Address Box 3037, N.C.D.N. -6662

MAFOO, well recommended by present employers, reliable and experienced, wants job. Address, by letter, Father Superior, St. Joseph's Church, Rue Montauban.

ENGLISH family recommend cook-boy, excellent, honest, speaks English well, can cook English American, willing, clean. Address Box 3082, N.C.D.N. -6718

EXPERIENCED house-boy (also capable American cook), seeks position. Excellent testimonials. Address Box 3069, N.C.D.N. -6692

COOK-boy and wife as baby-amah, reliable and honest, well-recommended. Telephone 26278. -6675

PERFECTLY honest, reliable and clean cook-boy, recommended by present employer. Address Box 2994, N.C.D.N. -5935

HOUSE-boy, good cook, clean, willing, honest, available immediately, recommended by Briton. Address Box 3032, N.C.D.N. -6660

Houses and Land

WANTED several lots of investment properties inside Settlement not exceeding $50,000 each. Telephone 19433 Sun Lee & Company for appointment. -6745

FANGTAN land mow 4.334 on Weihaiwei Road, at $29,000 per mow. Real bargain. Address Box 3081, N.C.D.N. -6717

FOR SALE, fine large residence, 11 main rooms, 3 baths; modern, central heat; in excellent condition; 1½ mow, nice garden. French Concession, residential district. Particulars, price etc. on application to China Realty Company. 14498

FOR SALE at reasonable price apartment houses in French Concession. Good income. Apply: Léonard-Veysseyre-Kruze, Architects, 461 Avenue Joffre. 14426

FOR SALE at low price 2 mow 8 land in French Concession, suitable for factory. Apply: Léonard-Veysseyre-Kruze, Architects, 461 Avenue Joffre. 14037

Unfurnished Apartments

TO LET 4-roomed apartment, $170, King Albert Apartments, Avenue du Roi Albert 369, Flat 2. Available June 1. Telephone 77551, 12-2 5-7. 14964

YU Yuen Road 1054, Flat 1. Four-roomed apartment facing south. Heating and frigidaire. Some furniture to be taken over. Telephone 22724. -6758

TWO-roomed apartment, enclosed verandah, bath, kitchen. Rent $75 including taxes, heating, hot and cold water. French Concession. Telephone 85643. -6761

TO LET. Two-roomed modern flat in the Wayfoong House. Apply Engineers' Office, Room 110, 12 The Bund. 14303

Furnished Apartments

175/6 Seymour Road. Nice, two-roomed flat, bathroom, kitchen, verandah, telephone, absolutely independent. Convenient communication. -6724

TO LET, furnished or unfurnished flats of four rooms Kinnear Apartments. 195 Kinnear Road, near Jessfield Park, nice roof and ground gardens. All modern conveniences. Moderate rentals. Apply Hsin Heng & Co., Property Department, 160 Avenue Edward VII, Telephone 15660. 14305

BEST part French Concession, three-roomed apartment, balcony, all conveniences; first-class modern furniture, household, kitchen materials, fittings, for sale. Available July 1. Price about $800. Address Box 3063, N.C.D.N. -6664

FOR SALE, contents of two-roomed apartment. Rent moderate. Lease can be taken over. Near Race Course. Telephone 12255 during office hours. -6711

FOR RENT, the best 4-roomed apartment in the central district. 7th. Floor, well-furnished, including linen and silver. $325 per month. Includes everything but electricity. Nine months' lease or longer. Box 3071, N.C.D.N. -6695

Unfurnished Houses

FULLY furnished five-room penthouse in quiet residential district French Concession. Exceptionally cool in summer. Lease and furniture to be taken over at reasonable price. Telephone 83732 between 2-5 p.m. for particulars. -6659

MODERN detached house, western district, seven rooms, two baths, central heating, large garden, two garages, safe, quiet location. Now occupied by British S.M.C. official. Address Box 2963, N.C.D.N. -5971

47 Columbia Road, 6 rooms, two bathrooms, kitchen, servants quarters, garage and garden, with central heating and modern conveniences. Apply Spence, Robinson & Partners, 27 Peking Road. Telephone 11355. 14925

Offices, Shops, Godowns

TO LET. Office space approximately 2,600 sq. ft. suitable also for storage of light cargo is available immediately. Willing to sublet at considerable reduction until expiry of lease. Telephone 11655. 14790

DESIRABLE offices to let, National City Bank Building, Kiukiang Road. Apply Eric Davies, Room 214, 18 The Bund. 14507

309 Honan Road at the junction of the Hankow Road, 3-storied building, formerly occupied by the offices of The Shanghai Fire Brigade, suitable for offices or large store. For further particulars apply to Lester, Johnson & Morriss, 20 Kiukiang Road (2nd floor). 14660

TO LET large and small modern office space in 190 Peking Road. Apply D. E. J. Abraham, 83 Peking Road. Telephone 16722. 14281

OFFICE space to let, ground floor, Arnhold Building, approximately 5,000 square feet. For information please apply to Cathay Land Co., Telephone 11430. 14350

TO LET, large and small modern office space in the Chartered Bank Building, 18 The Bund. Space arranged to suit tenants' requirements. Apply Eric Davies, Room 214, Chartered Bank Building. Telephone 15874. 14302

Dancing

FOREIGN lady, highly experienced teacher of ballroom dancing, gives private lessons. Satisfaction guaranteed. 1272 Avenue Joffre. -6669

Beauty Culture, etc.

Advertisements under this heading are carefully scrutinized before acceptance, and though no guarantee can be given readers may be reasonably assured of their bona fides.

LADY gives general massage, manicure, 10-7 p.m. 205 Peking Road, Apartment 30, Second Floor. 14723

LADY gives general massage, pedicure, from 11-8, 304 Kiangse Road, First Floor. -6559

LADY gives manicure, from 10 a.m. Telephone 32814. -6563

464 RUE Bourgeat, Flat 4. Lady gives medical, electric massage and pedicure. Opposite French Club -5716

MISS Dardari, just arrived from Australia, chiropractic diploma, qualified reducing body massage. Excellent results. Natural way to health. Treatment 415 Burlington Hotel, Telephone 34200. -6673

FACIAL treatments, removal of pimples, manicure. 1167 Bubbling Well Road, Apartment 11, Telephone 36790 10 to 12 and 3 to 6 p.m. -6567

Rooms Without Board

TO LET, rooms, 141/2 Seymour Road. -6707

ONE cosy, furnished room, south, bathroom attached, separate entrance, June First, 749 Bubbling Well, Flat 318. -6751

$40. Furnished room in private apartment, all modern conveniences, bachelor preferable. Breakfast optional. Avenue Road, Telephone 33658. -6753

WELL-furnished large south rooms. All modern conveniences. Telephone 336C and 844A Cathay Flats, Avenue Joffre. -6762

LARGE furnished room, clean, quiet, in small family. Avenue Apartments, Nanyang Road. Breakfast optional. Telephone 32050. -6731

14 Savoy Apartment, 163 Route Grouchy, well-furnished large room, all conveniences, verandah. Board optional. -6742

FURNISHED room facing south, with private bathroom, breakfast optional, garage available, Avenue Haig. Box 2970, N.C.D.N. -5864

$60. Large, attractive, modern, furnished room with bathroom attached, steamheating, hot and cold water, including light, telephone, use of kitchen. Parkview Apartment, 36G, Brenan Road, Flat 8, Telephone 21337. -6668

Rooms with Board

TO LET, desirable suite of two rooms with bathroom, suitable for bachelors, in private residence, Columbia Circle. Full board. Address Box 3087, N.C.D.N. 14992

BEVERLEY House, 30 Route Boissezon. Well-furnished, good-sized rooms, each with private bathroom. Excellent food. English management. From $120 up. Telephone 70787. -6729

AVENUE Hall. Double and single rooms. Good food. Supervised by Mrs. Chr. Falkenstein, 1434 Avenue Road, Telephone 30244. -5983

LARGE bed-sitting south room, verandah, private bathroom. Good food. 112/6 Ferry Road, Telephone 37130. -4953

16 Kelmscott Gardens. One south room, private bathroom. Excellent food. Screened. English-owned and managed. 14708

MIDWAY Lodge. 215/24 Medhurst Road. Attractive double/single room available. Enclosed balcony. Private bath. Quiet location. Telephone 33275. -5958

IN nice comfortable private home, pretty, single room, bath, garden. Airy house, western district. Telephone 21764. 14855

AVONDALE House, Lane 1220/1 Avenue Road. Comfortable double bed-sitting room, private bathroom. Excellent cuisine, tennis court. -5862

CHELSEA House, 830 Bubbling Well Road. Comfortable double room, excellent cuisine, tennis court. Telephone 37231. -5592

THE Towers, 1182 Avenue Road. Comfortable single/double rooms, private bathrooms, garden, tennis court, excellent food. Telephone 35534. -6681

ROOMS, including library, swimming and other club facilities. Foreign supervised food service. (Optional.) Foreign Y.M.C.A. Telephone 92250. 14436

Summer Resorts

ILTIS Hydro and Hotel, Tsingtao. The ideal place for a restful holiday. One minute from beach. Large garden with open air pavilion, tea-garden and bar. Personally managed by English proprietors. 14424

NIJI Hotel, Karatsu, newly-built foreign style hotel on the picturesque pine-tree beach. Moderate charges, best cooking. For reservations please apply to M. Tanaka, Telephone 46522, or directly to the Niji Hotel, Karatsu, Japan.

TSINGTAO, German Beach, Iltis-Huk, Laoshan: We have a number of houses for rent and sale, and we invite those who wish to rent furnished or unfurnished or to sell or to buy, to apply to us. Tsingtao Carpet Factory, A. Boerter. Manager. 33 Kuangsi Road, Post Office Box 211. 14194

TO LET in Villa Peitaiho, Westend, with large garden, one or two furnished rooms with board, all conveniences. Box 2882, N.C.D.N. 14691

MOGI Hotel, sea-side family hotel, near Nagasaki, Japan, 20 minutes from Nagasaki, beautiful mountains, picturesque view, invigorating sea, moderate terms. Make your reservations to Mr. Yamaguchi, Proprietor, 25 Pingliang Road, Telephone 50354 in evening. -5189

LAOSHAN (Waterfall District). To let, comfortable rooms, with board. Refrigerator, modern plumbing, sanitation. Private swimming pool, sandy beach, on premises. Apply Mrs. Porter, Post Office Box 3, Laoshan, Tsingtao. 14320

TSINGTAO, German House, five minutes from beach, big and small rooms, full board, prices reasonable. M. Stielow, 10 Branch Fu Shan Road. -5933

Wanted to Rent

PROFESSIONAL Englishwoman requires June 1, small bedsitting room with preferably English family. Occassional meals. Address Box 3092, N.C.D.N. -6745

FOREIGNER, 35, wants to share flat or rent room preferably with educated lady. Confidential replies, Box 3093, N.C.D.N. -6746

RESPONSIBLE couple requires two-roomed flat, furnished/unfurnished, with bath, kitchen and modern conveniences. State price and particulars to Box 3161, N.C.D.N. -6763

RESPONSIBLE couple want to rent for summer months, or longer, two/three-roomed, furnished, modern, housekeeping apartment, French Concession preferred. Box 3079, N.C.D.N. -6713

Furnished Houses

SIX-roomed, attractive house, garden, garage, western district. Rental taxes inclusive $152. Box 3083, N.C.D.N. -6721

TO LET, ten-roomed house, cheap rental, quiet location, International Settlement. Furniture and fittings to be taken over. Telephone 33238 afternoons or reply Box 3067, N.C.D.N. -6690

DISINFECTION
OR
FUMIGATION
G. H. PARKES & CO.
TELEPHONE 72245

Vessels Arriving

Due at Future Dates

EUROPE AND STRAITS

From GOTHENBURG
Taronga 17/5 8/7

From GDYNIA
Titan 31/5 20/7

From GLASGOW
Teiresias 14/5 2/7

From LIVERPOOL
Ajax 30/4 10/6
Achilles 7/5 17/6

From HAMBURG
Afrika 13/5 29/6

From ROTTERDAM
Donau 22/5 4/7
Duisburg 20/5 7/7

From ANTWERP
Aller 26/4 8/6
Tai Yang 26/4 - 12/6

From LONDON
Rajputana 22/4 29/5

From MARSEILLES
Hector 20/5 21/6

From GENOA
Victoria 19/5 12/6

From PORT SAID
Alster 12/5 7/6
Chile 2/5 9/6

From PORT SAID
Meerkerk 11/5 11/6
Tai Yang 14/5 12/6
Scharnhorst 22/5 12/6

From SUEZ
Nordmark 19/5 22/6
Helenus 24/5 23/6

From BOMBAY
Somali 23/5 12/6

From COLOMBO
C. Rosso 19/5 29/5
Kulmerland 20/5 10/6

From KARACHI
Cortellazzo 13/5 9/6

From SOURABAYA
Tjisadane 28/5 13/6
Tjisaroea 28/5 15/6

From DJIBOUTI
Mar. Joffre 21/5 10/6

From SINGAPORE
Agapenor 26/5 4/6
Assuan 18/5 5/6

From MANILA
Grey Castle 22/5 28/5

From SAIGON
Arabia 16/5 2/6

AMERICA AND JAPAN

From NEW YORK
Anna Maersk 9/4 26/5
Steel Navigator — 30/5
C. Kimberley 16/4 14/6
Foylebank 7/5 27/6
Phemius 24/5 12/7
C. Singapore 17/5 15/7
C. Evansville 17/6 13/3

From SEATTLE
Talthybius 27/5 29/6

From LOS ANGELES
Triton 16/5 11/6
Myrmidon 19/5 17/6

From YOKOHAMA
Yasukuni M. 22/5 30/5

From KOBE
Patroclus 24/5 31/5

AFRICA AND AUSTRALIA

From L. MARQUES
Erica — 29/6

From DURBAN
Boissevain 22/5 24/6

From BRISBANE
Nankin 16/5 8/6

CHINA PORTS

From DAIREN
Tsingtao M. 23/5 26/5
Hoten M. 27/5 30/5
Dairen M. 29/5 1/6
Tsingtao M. 31/5 4/6
Hoten M. 4/6 7/6

From TIENTSIN
Changon — 27/5
Chekiang 23/5 27/5
Chaksang — 28/5
Taksang — 29/5
Kwaisang — 30/5
Hunan 25/5 30/5

From TSINGTAO
Glenbeg 22/5 3/6
Memnon 25/5 11/6

From SWATOW
Kiangsu 22/5 25/5

From HONGKONG
Suiyang 22/5 27/5
Aramis 25/5 27/5
Antenor 24/5 28/5
Fooshing — 28/5
Kingyuan 24/5 29/5
Lossiebank 24/5 29/5
Ranchi 26/5 29/5

Vessels Leaving

NORTH CHINA COAST

NEWCHWANG May 26. TSINGTAO, CHEFOO and TIENTSIN.—From French Bund on Thursday, May 26, at 9 a.m. For freight and passage apply Butterfield & Swire, Tel. 82020 (French Bund). 26-5

TINGSANG May 26. TSINGTAO, CHEFOO and TIENTSIN.—Sails from Roosevelt Terminal Wharf on Thursday, May 26, at 8 a.m. For freight and passage apply Jardine, Matheson & Co., Ltd. Tel. 15290. 25-5

KIANGSU May 28. WEIHAIWEI, CHEFOO and TIENTSIN.—From French Bund on Saturday, May 28, at 10 a.m. For freight and passage apply Butterfield & Swire, Tel. 82020 (French Bund). 28-5

ANTENOR May 29. TSINGTAO, TAKU BAR, YOKOHAMA, KOBE.—For freight and passages apply to Blue Funnel Line agents Butterfield & Swire, French Bund. (Tel. 82020). 29-5

FOOSHING May 30. TSINGTAO, CHEFOO and TIENTSIN.—Sails from Roosevelt Terminal Wharf on Monday, May 30. For freight and passage apply Jardine, Matheson & Co., Ltd. Tel 15290. 30-5

SOUTH CHINA COAST

TJINEGARA May 26. AMOY, HONGKONG, MANILA, CEBU, MENADO, MACASSAR, BALI, SOERABAIA and JAVA N.C.—The J.C.J.L. ms. Tjinegara sails from Holt's Wharf, Pootung, on Thursday, May 26, at 11 a.m., taking cargo to Java and transhipment in Java. Excellent passenger accommodation. Passengers tender "Scot I" leaves Customs Jetty at 9.30 a.m. Through tickets issued to European, Australian and African Ports. For particulars apply to the Java-China-Japan Lijn Agentschap Shanghai N.V., Brunner Mond Building, 133 Szechuen Road. Tel. Nos. 16247 (4 Lines). 25-5

Vessels Leaving

SOUTH CHINA COAST

KAYING May 26. HONGKONG and CANTON.—From French Bund on Thursday, May 26, at 8 a.m. For freight and passage apply Butterfield & Swire, Tel. 32020 (French Bund). 26-5

KIUNGCHOW May 27. SWATOW, HONGKONG, HOIHOW, PAKHOI and HAIPHONG. From French Bund on Friday, May 27, at 9 a.m. For freight and passage apply Butterfield & Swire, Tel. 32020 (French Bund). 26-5

CHANGON May 28. SWATOW, HONGKONG and CANTON.—Sails from Roosevelt Terminal Wharf on Saturday, May 28, at p.m. For freight apply Jardine, Matheson & Co., Ltd. Tel. 15290.

SUIYANG May 29. SWATOW, HONGKONG and CANTON.—From French Bund on Sunday, May 29, at 11 a.m. For freight and passage apply Butterfield & Swire, Tel. 32020 (French Bund). 29-5

CHAKSANG May 30. SWATOW, HONGKONG and CANTON.—Sails from Roosevelt Terminal Wharf on Monday, May 30. For freight and passage apply Jardine, Matheson & Co., Ltd. Tel. 15290. 30-5

KINGYUAN May 31. SWATOW and HONGKONG.—From French Bund on Tuesday, May 31, at noon. For freight and passage apply Butterfield & Swire, Tel. 32020 (French Bund). 31-5 28-5

JAPAN

RAJPUTANA May 30. KOBE and YOKOHAMA.—Mackinnon, Mackenzie & Co., Agents. P. & O. S. N. Co., No. 27 The Bund. Tel. 11428. 30-5

STRAITS AND EUROPE

GNEISENAU May 27. GENOA, SOUTHAMPTON, ROTTERDAM, BREMAN and HAMBURG via HONGKONG, MANILA, SINGAPORE, PENANG, BELAWAN, COLOMBO and PORT SAID.—For freight and passage apply to Melchers & Co., general agents, N.D.L., 210-214 Kiukiang Road. Tel. 15566. 27-5

PATROCLUS June 2. MARSEILLES, LONDON, ROTTERDAM and GLASGOW.—For freight and passage apply to Agents, Butterfield & Swire, 21 French Bund. Tel. 82020. 2-7

ARAMIS June 7. MARSEILLES via HONGKONG, SAIGON, SINGAPORE, COLOMBO, DJIBOUTI, SUEZ and PORT SAID.—Messageries Maritimes, 9 Avenue Edward VII. Tel. 82034. 7-6

CARTHAGE June 7. MARSEILLES, GIBRALTAR and LONDON via HONGKONG, SINGAPORE, PENANG, COLOMBO, BOMBAY, ADEN, PORT SAID and MALTA.—Last tender will leave the Customs Jetty at 10.30 a.m. on Tuesday, June 7. Mackinnon, Mackenzie & Co., Agents, P. & O. S. N. Co., No. 27 The Bund. Tel. No. 11428. 7-6

CITY OF LYONS June 8. HAVRE, LONDON, ROTTERDAM, HAMBURG and GLASGOW.—The Ellerman Line steamer City of Lyons sails on June 8, 1938. Lacey & Cannan, Ltd. Tel. 12354 (3 lines). 8-6

YALOU June 10. ORAN, CASABLANCA, HAVRE, ANTWERP, DUNKIRK via ADEN and PORT SAID.—For particulars apply to Messageries Maritimes, 9 Avenue Edward VII. Tel. 82034. 10-6

MEMNON June 12. MARSEILLES, CASABLANCA, LONDON, ROTTERDAM, HAMBURG and GLASGOW.—For freight & passage apply to Agents, Butterfield & Swire, 21 French Bund. Tel. 82020. 12-6

AMERICA

MARCHEN MAERSK June 2. LOS ANGELES and via PANAMA to NEW YORK, BOSTON, PHILADELPHIA, BALTIMORE, SAVANNAH and NORFOLK.—For Freight and Passage apply to Melchers & Co., Agents, Maersk Line, 210-214 Kiukiang Road. Tel. 15566. 2-6

AUSTRALASIA

TANDA June 3. SYDNEY and MELBOURNE via (From Hongkong) PORTS.—Mackinnon, Mackenzie & Co., Agents, E. & A. S. S. Co., Ltd., No. 27 The Bund. No. 11428 (3 lines). 3-6

Vessels Discharging

THALATTA. The Maersk Line m.s. Thalatta, from New York, Norfolk and Philadelphia via Ports is now discharging her cargo at the Shanghai and Hongkew Wharf, Shanghai-side. Consignees are requested to send in their Bills of Lading for countersignature and take immediate delivery of their cargo. All risk of fire at the wharf and godowns to be borne by consignees. Any claims against this vessel must be sent in within (15) fifteen days after the vessel's arrival, otherwise they will not be recognized. Damaged cargo to be examined at the Shanghai and Hongkew Wharf, Shanghai-side by Messrs. Paulsen & Bayes Davy on Friday morning, May 27, at 9 a.m. Maersk Line Agents: Melchers & Co., 210-214 Kiukiang Road. Tel. 15566. 26-5

Post Office Notices

Earlier posting at Sub-Offices is requested in order to make connection with the below-mentioned closing times.

(Last connecting times from Sub-Offices to Head Office is 19.05 daily).

Date and Destination	Per		Reg.	Ord.
WEDNESDAY, May 25.				
Japan Korea via Nagasaki	Nagasaki M.		*19.00	7.15
Wenchow	Hsin Peking		8.00	8.30
Tinghai and Wenchow	Tembien		10.30	11.00
Kiangpei Offices east of Haian	Tejo		16.30	17.00
U.S.S.R. Europe via Siberia	Tingsang		17.30	19.00
Tsingtao Chefoo Tientsin	Tingsang		18.30	19.00
Hongkong and Canton	Kaying		18.30	19.00
Tsingtao Chefoo Tientsin	Newchwang		19.00	19.00
THURSDAY, May 26.				
Amoy H'kong (Y) Aust. (Y) N.Z. (Y) Manila (Y) Java Ports	Tjinegara	A	*19.00	7.30
Tinghai and Haimen Che.	Santarem		10.30	11.00
Aust. N.Z. Manila S.S. India Suez Europe	Gneisenau	B	13.00	15.00
Hongkong and Canton	Gneisenau		14.30	15.00
Kiangpei Offices east of Haian	Liwo		16.30	17.00
Indo-China (Z) via H'phong	Kiungchow	C	—	—
Swatow Hongkong Canton	Kiungchow		19.00	19.00
FRIDAY, May 27.				
Nanking (Z)	Tachi M.	DX	—	—
Kiangpei Offices east of Haian	Tejo		16.30	17.00

* The night before.
A Parcel mail for Netherlands India, closes at 16.00 on 25th.
B Parcel mail for S.S., Ceylon, Italy, Holland, German and other countries, closes at 12.00 on 26th.
C Parcel mail for Indo-China, closes at 16.00 on 26th.
D Parcel mail for Nanking, closes at 16.00 on 27th.
X Provisional time—subject to alterations.
Y Superscribed correspondence.
Z Parcel only.

Ocean Mails for Europe and America.

Via Siberia by steamer to Tientsin for transmission. Next steamer mails will be closed as follows:
ss. Gneisenau, via Suez, May 26, due London June 22.
ss. Empress of Japan, via Pacific, May 29, due London June 1.
ss. Conte Rosso, via Suez, May 31, due London June 25.

Air Mails

Imperial Airways Service (Hongkong-Bangkok-London and Hongkong-Bangkok-Singapore-Australia) per ss. Gneisenau, at 3 p.m. on May 26, due Marseilles and London on June 5.
Pan American Airways Service (Hongkong-San Francisco) per ss. Gneisenau, at 3 p.m. on May 26, and due San Francisco on June 8.
Neth. (K.L.M.) Air Mail Service (Bandoeng-Amsterdam) per ss. Gneisenau, at 3 p.m. on May 26, and due Amsterdam on June 12, and London on June 13.
Air France (Saigon-Marseilles Line) per available steamer to Hongkong for transmission to Saigon.
Air France (Cina-Hanoi-Marseilles Lines) per available steamer to Hongkong for transmission via Canton.
Via C.N.A.C. or Eurasia planes sent to Hongkong for further transmission.

Train Mail

Light mails for Wuhu, Nanking, Chinkiang and Wutsin close daily, at 8.30 p.m.
Light mails for or via River Ports from Anking upwards per available steamer via Canton.

Vessels Discharging

PREUSSEN From Hamburg, Bremen, Rotterdam, Antwerp, Genoa & via ports. This vessel is now discharging all her cargo, at the Shanghai & Hongkew Wharf, subject to the usual terms and conditions as shown on the Wharf Tariff. Consignees are requested to send in their Bills of Lading for countersignature and take immediate delivery of their cargo. Consignees of "Bulk" cargo are further requested to send their representatives to the Wharf to verify the weights of such cargo whilst being landed. Damaged cargo will be examined at the Wharf on May 28 1938, at 9.30 a.m. by the Surveyors, Tesdorff, Hannig & Co. No examination will be made after this date. All claims against this vessel must be sent in within fifteen days after the vessel's arrival. Claims sent in after this period will not be recognized. No Insurance will be effected. Hamburg-Amerika Linie Filiale Schanghai No. 20 Canton Road. Tel. 18709. 25-5

FUSHIMI MARU. The N. Y. K. ss. Fushimi Maru, from London via Ports arrived on May 24, and discharged her cargo at the Shanghai and Hongkew Wharf Co.'s Hongkew Wharf. Consignees are requested to send in their Bills of Lading for countersignature and take immediate delivery of their cargo. Damaged cargo will be examined at the wharf on Saturday, May 28, at 9 a.m. by Marine Surveyors, Messrs. Paulsen & Bayes-Davy. Claims must be presented within 14 days of the vessel's arrival. No insurance effected. Should cargo not be imported within 15 days of arrival of the vessel compulsory Custom's Examination will be held before the goods can be placed in Bond. This Company accepts no responsibility whatsoever any damage sustained as a result of the Examination. Nippon Yusen Kaisha, Shanghai Branch. 26-5

Medical

Dr. I. M. STEINMANN, M.D.
Specialist in
Urology and Internal Diseases
Office hours: 10-1, 4-6 or by appointment
120 Nanking Road, 4th Floor
(corner Szechuen Road)
Tel. Office 14422; Res. 71133
14299

Dr. R. HOLPER, M.D.
(Paris University)
has returned and resumed practice
Specialist in Urology and Dermatology
Consulting hours: 11-1 p.m. and 4-6 p.m. or by appointment
59 **Peking Road, near The Bund**
Telephone 10734

Dr. J. KASSOFF, M.D.
(Berlin and New York Clinics)
Urology and Skin Diseases
Hamilton House, Office 217
Hours: 11-1 and 4-6 p.m. Tel. 14379
Also at 587 Bubbling Well Road
Hours: 8-10 and 6-8 p.m. Tel. 37622
14300

Vessels in Harbour

Name	Flag	Berthed
Fuhwo	Br.	YD
Kaying	Br.	FBW
Heian M.	Jap.	NYKWW
Kiungchow	Br.	FBW
Preussen	Ger.	SHWHW
Thalatta	Ger.	—
C. Derby	Br.	SHWPW
Hsin Peking	Br.	FBW
Wantung	Br.	FBW
Tingsang	Br.	RTW
Tjinegara	Dut.	HWD
Fushimi M.	Jap.	NYKWW
Nagasaki M.	Jap.	NYKWW
Liwo	Br.	GJ
Tungwo	Br.	PRJ

Men-of-War in Port

Name	Flag	Type	Berthed
Bee	Br.	Gbt.	B.N.B.
Falmouth	Br.	Gbt.	B